# The Sydney Morning Herald.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Sydney £3 per annum; Country, £3 10s. 10 ℔ ct. discount for payment in advance. | VOL. XXIII. | SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1848. | No. 3331. | CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS. For one inch and under 3s., and 1s. for every additional inch, for each insertion.

STEAM TO MORETON BAY:

THE IRON STEAMER THISTLE, W. Mulhall, commander, will be despatched for Moreton Bay, within *forty-eight hours of her arrival.*

JAMES PATERSON, Secretary.

H.R.S.N. Company's Wharf. 1046

FOR MORETON BAY.

THE SCHOONER SECRET, being the only vessel on the berth, will sail on Tuesday next. Apply on board, at the Sydney Flour Wharf; or to

1449 J. DALGARNO.

FOR MORETON BAY DIRECT.

THE new fast-sailing schooner ALICE, coppered and copper fastened, to sail on Tuesday, the 25th instant. For freight or passage apply to the Master, on board; or to

GEORGE D. CRAIG, Wharf, Bathurst-street.

January 21. 1387

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT,

THE well-known schooner PHŒBE, George Bennett, master, hourly expected, will sail with her usual punctuality. For freight or passage apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 470, George-street.

1426

FIRST VESSEL FOR ADELAIDE.

TO FOLLOW THE EMMA.

THE NOTED CLIPPER PHANTOM, Captain Henry T. Fox. For freight or passage, having splendid accommodation, apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER.

Packet Office, 470, George-street.

Shippers are requested to complete their shipments by noon this day, and pass their entries at once. 1428

FOR AUCKLAND,

THE PACKET BRIG MAUKIN will sail on the 27th instant.

For passage only, apply to the Captain at Botts' Wharf, on board; or to

WILLIAM WRIGHT, Lower Fort-street.

January 20. 1300

FIRST VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND.

THE FINE SCHOONER CHEERFUL, 170 tons burthen, Captain P. Jones, will have quick despatch. For freight or passage apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER, Packet Office, 470, George-street.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to Campbell's Wharf on Monday. 402

ONLY VESSEL FOR PORT NICHOLSON,

THE fine schooner HARLEQUIN Captain Chinnery, loading at Circular Wharf, will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,

1208 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR MAURITIUS, VIA LAUNCESTON

THE SCHOONER ANTARES, Captain Kyle, will have immediate despatch for the above ports.

For freight or passage apply to

SMITH AND CAMPBELL, 476

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE Frigate-built ship ST. GEORGE, 600 tons O. M., John Jones, Commander.

This well-known regular trader having made the voyage to and from Sydney in the unprecedented short space of eight months and five days, offers a good opportunity to passengers. All her dead weight and large portion of wool being engaged, she will sail about 25th February. For freight or cabin passage only, apply on board, or to

GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.

9244 Spring-street.

FOR LONDON.

THE new fast-sailing A1 barque HUDSON, 445 tons register, W. P. Pinas, Commander.

Is now taking in cargo, and having the greater portion of it engaged, will have quick despatch. Apply to

FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.; OR, TO, GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.

January 15. 1060

FOR LONDON.

FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fast-sailing, first-class Barque LOUISA, 370 tons register, M. Wycherley, Commander.

Having now nearly all her dead weight on board, and the greater portion of her wool engaged, will sail early in February.

Has superior accommodation for passengers. Apply to

FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.; or to GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.

January 15. 1058

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

HAVING ONE CABIN DISENGAGED,

THE P. O. Packet Ship HAMLET, 420 tons register, Joseph Wilson, commander. For passage apply to the Commander, on board; or to

CAMPBELL AND CO.

Campbell's Wharf, January 22. 1372

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

THE first-class fast sailing barque WAVERLEY, 362 tons, James Morgan, commander—has good poop accommodations, and will have quick despatch, as the greater portion of her cargo is engaged.

For freight or passage apply to the commander on board; or, to

J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO., Agents.

King-street, January 21. 1391

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

TO SAIL 25TH FEBRUARY,

THE Fine A1 Barque KING WILLIAM, Edward Underwood, Commander, (late of the Sir George Seymour.)

This vessel only has room for a few bales of wool, and carrying a Surgeon, offers a desirable opportunity for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to the commander, on board, at Campbell's Wharf; to

COOPER AND HOLT; or, to

720 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO

FOR LONDON DIRECT,

THE fine A1 barque NIAGARA, 336 tons register, Robert Symonds, commander; will commence loading the 24th instant, and having a great part of her cargo engaged, will meet with despatch.

For freight or passage apply on board; or to

1121 GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO., Spring-street.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE first-class fast-sailing ship THOMAS LOWRY, 409 tons, John Graham, commander, will have immediate despatch, having a large portion of her cargo engaged.

For freight or passage apply to

J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.,

9114 Agents.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER,

THE fine A1 Ship MEDWAY, 653 tons register, J. J. Coombes, Commander. Apply to the Commander, on board; or to

CAMPBELL AND CO.

Campbell's Wharf, January 22. 1373

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE fine fast-sailing brig CALYPSO, 120 tons burthen, will be ready for sea in forty-eight hours. Apply to

HENRY FISHER, City Depôt, Corner of King and George streets.

January 5. 274

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE fast-sailing first-class ship KELSO. Apply to Captain Roxburgh, on board; or to

TUCKER, LINGARD, AND CO.,

254 421, George-street.

SIXTIETH ANNIVERSARY REGATTA,

26TH JANUARY, 1848.

President—Captain H. H. Browne.
Treasurer—Mr. R. N. Cole, R.N.
Umpire—Mr. J. Bramwell.
Secretary—Mr. William Todd.

COMMITTEE:—

Mr. Robert Owen
Mr. R J. Want
Mr. J. H. Challis
Mr. A. Kellie
Captain R. Towns
Mr. A. M'Gaa
Mr. George Thornton
Mr. B. Shaw
Captain Chilcott
Mr. William Gibbes
Captain Hindson
Mr. Jules Joubert
Captain Harrison
Mr. Longmore
Mr. M. W. Lewis

The Committee have much pleasure in stating that in consequence of the subscription list having been increased to a greater extent than they expected, they are enabled to increase some of the prizes, which will now be as under:—

FIRST MATCH.
For Gigs—To be rowed by amateurs only, Prize £10 10s.

SECOND MATCH.
For second-class Yachts, Prize, £30; second boat to receive back her entrance.

THIRD MATCH.
For Skiffs pulling two oars—To be rowed by amateurs only. Prize, £5 5s.

FOURTH MATCH.
For licensed watermen, pulling a pair of sculls in skiffs. Prize, £7 7s.

FIFTH MATCH.
For first-class Yachts. Prize, £50.

SIXTH MATCH.
For all Gigs pulling four oars. Prize, £10 10s.

SEVENTH MATCH.
For Ship's Boats pulling four oars—To be manned by crews from the vessels to which the boats belong.
First Prize, £10 10s.
Second Prize, £5 5s.

EIGHTH MATCH.
For *bona fide* Whaleboats, pulling five oars, with tubs and usual line, say 260lbs. weight. Prize, £15 15s.
Second boat to receive back her entrance.

NINTH MATCH.
For third-class Yachts, Prize, £15 15s.
Second boat to receive back her entrance.

TENTH MATCH.
For Whaleboats belonging to and pulled by crews from the whalers in port, with tubs and usual line.
First Prize, £15 15s.
Second Prize, £5 5s.

ELEVENTH MATCH.
For a Gig and Dingy. Prize, £3 3s.

W. TODD, Secretary.

1401

ANNIVERSARY REGATTA, January 26, 1848. The entrances will take place this afternoon (Saturday) between the hours of four and six o'clock, when the lists will be closed at six o'clock precisely.

W. TODD,

1405 Secretary.

SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE OFFICE.

CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO THE USAGE AT LLOYD'S, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A COMMITTEE OF UNDERWRITERS.

POLICIES underwritten at this Office daily, between the hours of ten and five, and completed immediately upon acceptation.

SAMUEL H. SMYTH,

2685 Lyon's Buildings, 567, George-street.

CUMBERLAND AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, AND FLORICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE Members are informed that a Floral and Horticultural Show will be held in the Market-place, Parramatta, on WEDNESDAY, February 23rd, 1848, and on the following day, THURSDAY, 24th February, a Ploughing Match will take place on a field at the junction of the Windsor and Great North Roads, near Coulton's public-house.

GEORGE WICKHAM, Hon. Sec.

Parramatta, January 20. 1364

RAILWAY SURVEY.

THE Committee appointed by the Public Meeting held on the 6th August, 1846, for the purpose of collecting subscriptions for a Railway Survey, and of causing such survey to be made, do hereby call a Public Meeting, to be held at the rooms of Mr. Samuel Lyons, Charlotte-place, on Monday, the 24th January instant, at two o'clock, to receive the Committee's Report, and also the Report and Plans of the Survey made under the direction of Thomas Woore, Esq.

WILLIAM DAWES, Honorary Secretary.

Church-hill, Sydney, January 11. 754

BATHURST RACES.

21ST, 22ND, AND 23RD MARCH, 1848.

STEWARDS.

William Henry Suttor, Esq., M.C.
Thomas Icely, Esq., M.C.
William Lawson, Junior, Esq.
John Savery Rodd, Esq.
Captain Vaux.

JUDGE.
CHARLES HENRY GREEN, Esq.

TREASURER
MR. JOHN DARGIN,

CLERK OF THE COURSE.
MR. JAMES BRADY.

TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1848.

FIRST RACE.
THE BATHURST TOWN PLATE, of £50; for all horses; weight for age; heats, twice round the course; three entrances or no race. Entrance, £5.

SECOND RACE.
The MAIDEN PLATE of £50; for horses that never won an advertised prize of £10; weight for age; heats, once round the course; three entrances or no race. Entrance, £5.

THIRD RACE.
The TRIAL STAKES of £25; for two year old; weight, 7st.; once round and distance; three entrances or no race. Entrance, £2 10s.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, 1848.

FIRST RACE.
The FARMERS' PURSE of £30; for all horses; heats, twice round; Homebush welter weights; gentlemen riders; three entrances or no race. Entrance, £3.

SECOND RACE,
PONY RACE for £20; for all horses 14 hands and under; heats, once round; three entrances or no race. Entrance, £2.

THIRD RACE.
The HACK STAKES of £10; for horses carrying 9st. 7lbs.; heats once round. Post entrance, £1. The winner to be put up for sale by auction at the stand immediately after the race, at £15. If no bid be made above £15, the winner to be returned to the owner. Any surplus over £15 to be added to the race fund. Four entrances or no race.

THURSDAY, MARCH 23.

FIRST RACE.
The PUBLICANS' PURSE of £50; for all horses; weight for age. The winner of the Bathurst Town Plate to carry 7lbs. extra at the discretion of the stewards. Heats twice round; three entrances or no race. Entrance, £5.

SECOND RACE.
The MEMBERS' PURSE of £30; for all horses which have been for three months previous to the race *bona fide* the property of persons residing in the counties of Bathurst, Roxburgh, Wellington, and Phillip; weight for age; heats one mile and a half; three entrances or no race. Entrance £3.

THIRD RACE.
The LADIES' PURSE of £30; for all horses; weight for age; three times round; three entrances or no race. Entrance £3.

FOURTH RACE.
The BEATEN STAKES of £20; for all horses beaten during the meeting; to be handicapped by the stewards or whom they may appoint; twice round the course. Post entrance, £2.

Weights to be carried at the meeting, except in cases where the weights are particularly specified:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Two years old ...... | 7st. 0lbs. |
| Three years old...... | 8st. 0lbs. |
| Four years old ...... | 9st. 0lbs. |
| Five years old ...... | 9st. 8lbs. |
| Six and aged ...... | 9st. 12lbs. |

Mares and geldings allowed 3 lbs., except in races where the weights are particularly specified.

No false starts allowed.

No person allowed to enter a horse unless he is a subscriber to the amount of £3, except in the Hack Race, for which £1 will qualify.

All riders to appear in Jockey costume, except in the Hack Race, and a fine of £1 will be imposed on any rider changing his colours.

Publicans' booths on the course to be charged £7 10s. each.

Refreshment Booths or Stalls to pay £3 each.

No vehicles with provisions for sale will be allowed on the course without a ticket, signed by the Secretary.

Tickets to be obtained at the Black Bull Inn previous to the races; on the payment of 10s. for a cart, and 5s. for a wheelbarrow.

All horses to be entered at the Black Bull Inn, Bathurst, between the hours of seven and nine on the evening previous to each day's racing: no entrance will be received after 9 o'clock P.M.

All decisions of the majority of the Stewards to be final.

To start each day at twelve o'clock precisely.

KENNETT PRICE,

1438 Honorary Secretary.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES

IN accordance with a resolution passed at the Half-yearly General Meeting of the Proprietors of Stock in this Bank, held on the 20th of January instant, a dividend of five per cent. on the paid-up capital of the Bank, for the half year ended the 31st December, 1847, will be payable to the Shareholders, on and after the 1st February next.

JOHN BLACK, Cashier.

Bank of New South Wales, January 21, 1848. 1453

SIR MAURICE O'CONNELL TESTIMONIAL.

THE General Subscription List being about to close, it is requested that gentlemen holding Subscription Lists, or who have not yet paid their subscriptions, will at once forward the amount to the Treasurer, or place it to his credit at any one of the Banks.

W. H. CHRISTIE,

1376 Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.

LOYAL INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS, MANCHESTER UNITY.

THE ANNIVERSARY DINNER of the Loyal Fountain of Refuge Lodge, No. 3369, will be held on the 26th instant, at Host Dishington's, Odd Fellows' Hall, George-street.

By order of James Stewart, N.G.

W. M'KAY,

1435 Secretary.

KING'S SCHOOL, PARRAMATTA. —The Rev. R. FORREST having been appointed to the Mastership of the King's School, Parramatta, will be prepared to receive Pupils on Monday, the 24th of January, 1848.

TERMS:—

Boarders, including all school charges, except books and stationery.................. £35 per annum.
Day Scholars ............ 8 ditto.

10257

SIR JOSEPH BANK'S HOTEL.

THE patrons of the Sir Joseph Bank's Hotel, at Botany Bay, are respectfully requested to observe that the finger-posts on the road which direct to the above establishment, are those which have written on them

TO THE SIR JOSEPH BANK'S HOTEL,

and not those on which are written "To the Botany Hotel." 9220

EDUCATION.

LYCEUM, PORPHYRY POINT, SEAHAM, WILLIAM RIVER.

THE first Quarterly Term for 1848, at the above establishment, will commence on Monday, the 24th January, when punctual attendance is requested.

TERMS OF BOARD AND EDUCATION:

For pupils above 12 years of age, £12 10s. per quarter.

For pupils under 12 years of age, £10 per quarter.

N.B.—The text books used at The Lyceum besides the classics, are Chambers' Educational Course, which the pupils, according to their state of progress, are expected to possess.

88 HENRY CARMICHAEL, M.A.

PETTY'S FAMILY HOTEL.—MR. JOHN WILLIAMS, late of the "Hotel Royal," Port Macquarie, begs to acquaint his numerous friends, and supporters of his late establishment, as well as all gentlemen and families of respectability, that he has taken for a term of years this celebrated hotel, and trusts by strict attention to the comforts of his establishment, to merit and receive a liberal support.

J. W. begs further to acquaint the public, that he has purchased a choice selection of Petty's well-known wines, &c., and that his study will be always to keep up a stock which cannot fail to give satisfaction to all who may favour him with their patronage.

235 JOHN WILLIAMS.

REMOVAL. — CHARLES APPLETON has removed from the Stores, Pitt-street, lately occupied by the firm of Charles Appleton and Co., to No. 2, Morris's-place, Lower Fort-street, where all orders drawn upon him or C. A. and Co., will be paid as usual, if presented between ten and four, and found correct.

805 CHARLES APPLETON.

PORT PHILLIP AGENCY.—The undersigned intending in future to devote their time and energy to Ship and Commission Agency, at the solicitation of many of their friends, would intimate to the Inhabitants of the colony generally, that their services in the above capacity are now available, and that if unremitting attention to their interests, combined with prompt and regular remittances for business effected through them, will secure their esteem and support, they feel fully assured of their continued and extended favours.

H. W. MORTIMER AND SON.

Melbourne, September 1. 4866

PAINLESS TOOTH DRAWING.

MR. J. EMANUEL, Examined Surgeon Dentist, having the most complete apparatus in the colony for *inhaling* the *Sulphuric Ether*, begs most respectfully to inform the public of New South Wales, that he continues with success to extract teeth and the most difficult stumps without pain to the patient. The *faculty* and others are invited to view the simple but perfect apparatus. Mr. Emanuel continues to preserve teeth from *decay*, also to supply artificial teeth, from one to a complete *set*, having a large collection of *mineral* teeth of all colours. The mineral being composed of indestructible fossils, never change their colour or become *offensive* to the wearer. Mr. E. cautions the public generally to observe that artificial teeth made of any other material, such as bone or natural teeth, break and *decompose*. Charges strictly moderate. Specific for the *tooth ache*—The most valuable remedy ever discovered in this colony for the *tooth ache* is undoubtedly this tincture, prepared solely by Mr. J. Emanuel, No. 345, Castlereagh-street North. It is sold in bottles at 2s. 6d. per bottle; large size bottles for families residing in the interior five shillings per bottle. It is only necessary to apply one drop of this tincture on a small piece of prepared wool, into the cavity of the affected tooth, and the pain will be instantly removed. Mr. E.'s cement for stopping decayed teeth, the properties of which are only known to himself: it prevents pain if stopped in time, and answers when any other kind of stopping has failed, such as gold leaf, &c.; children's teeth particularly attended to, and malformation of the mouth prevented. Soothing syrup for infants teething: one or two drops rubbed well on the gums with the finger, will relieve the irritation consequently arising from first dentition: sold in bottles at 2s. 6d. per bottle. Mr. Emanuel's diploma, received from the Medical Board of the Hague, in the year 1836, authorising him to practise as Surgeon Dentist, also his specimens of artificial mineral teeth, mounted in *pure gold*, can be seen daily. All consultations free of charge. *French tooth brushes* of a very superior description.

At home from 9 A. M. till 6 P. M.

☞ Observe the address—No. 345, Castlereagh-street North, eight doors from Hunter-street, Sydney. 9763

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

MR. T. S. HALL may be consulted as usual at his apartments, 93, King-street.

Mr. H.'s charges are as follow:—

| | £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A single mineral tooth, mounted on silver ........................ | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| A ditto ditto, mounted on gold | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| A whole set of mineral teeth, mounted on silver .. ........ | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| A ditto ditto, mounted on gold.... | 21 | 0 | 0 |

All work performed on Mr. Hall's establishment is guaranteed to answer the purposes of mastication and articulation.

N.B.—Opposite Woolley's Gateway. 1419

NOW READY,

"PLUNKETT'S AUSTRALIAN MAGISTRATE," a guide to the duties of a Justice of the Peace, with numerous forms; also an Appendix, containing the Rules and Regulations relating to Crown Lands, the new Jury Act, the Law of Landlord and Tenant, with the Tenements Act, and Act for Facilitating the Granting of Leases, and the Recovery of Small Debts Act. New Edition, by Edwin C. Suttor, Esq., Barrister-at-law. Price £1 1s.

*** Subscribers to the above publication are respectfully informed that they can obtain their copies by forwarding directions to the publisher for transmission, enclosing an order for the amount.

W. A. COLMAN,
Bookseller, Publisher, and Stationer,
485, George-street,
*Directly* opposite the Barrack Gate. 8205

CHARTS.

IMPORTANT TO MARINERS.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, a Chart of the HARBOUR OF AUCKLAND AND THE ADJACENT ISLANDS, with a plan of the Harbour of Waitemata; surveyed by H.M.S. Britomart; corrected to January, 1848, by Captain Nagle.

Also,

A Chart of the GREAT BARRIER ISLE, NEW ZEALAND, with Directions for entering Port Abercrombie; with a plan of Nagle Bay. By actual survey of H.M. ships Tortoise and Dido, 1846. Corrected to January, 1848, by Captain Nagle.

AND

A TRACT CHART from the Harbour of AUCKLAND to the BAY OF ISLANDS, showing all the adjacent islands along the coast, with a *true* delineation of the GREAT BARRIER ISLAND.

Published by
W. AND F. FORD,
Nautical and General Stationers,
554, George-street.

And may be had also of—
Thomas Dawson, watch and chronometer maker, 575, George-street
Messrs. Lane and Co., ship chandlers, &c., 648, George-street
Messrs. Mitchell and Co., ship chandlers, &c., 659, George-street
Messrs. Thomas and George] Smith, opticians, &c., 671, George-street. 1437

JUST PUBLISHED,

MR. WOORE'S Report on Railways, addressed to the Provisional Railway Committee.

To be had at the principal booksellers' in Sydney; Messrs. Ball and Woodward, Goulburn; and Messrs. Tress and Ashe, Bathurst. 1170

BATHURST, CARCOAR, AND CANOWINDRA.

CHEAP GENERAL STORES.

JOSEPH SIMMONS takes this opportunity of informing the inhabitants and settlers of the above districts, and their surrounding neighbourhood, that they may be supplied at either of the above stores with every description of Goods at the *very lowest possible prices.*

The Carcoar Store, which has just opened under the superintendence of Mr. S. Meyer, will be found to contain every requisite for settlers' supplies, including

WINES AND SPIRITS,
At Bathurst prices!

The Stores at Canowindra, under the management of Mr. R. Tolano, has been found since its opening, to give universal satisfaction, and to afford to the inhabitants of the Belubla and Lachlan the saving of immense journeys.

☞ The whole of the goods sold at the above stores are warranted of the best quality and description!!!

All kinds of produce bought for cash, or taken in exchange for supplies. 1384

TO WOOLGROWERS, SETTLERS MERCHANTS, &c.

LARGE IMPORTATIONS OF NEW SLOPS, Ex Kelso, and Winscales.

DAVID JONES AND CO., in announcing the receipt of this large and seasonable importation of Slops, beg to state, for the information of such woolgrowers, settlers, and others, as may not already be aware of the fact, that they continue to manufacture their own slops, which enables them to sell articles of the best quality, cut, and workmanship, at prices even below those usually charged for very inferior goods.

The proprietors refer with pride and satisfaction to the great and unexampled increase in this important branch of their business, as a proof that their efforts to meet the wants of the colonists, have been duly appreciated; and they pledge themselves to continued and increased exertions, by which they hope to perpetuate the high character their house has so long enjoyed as the DEPOT FOR WOOLGROWERS, SETTLERS, and up-country families.

Striped shirts, from 9s. 6d. to 21s.
Regatta ditto, from 12s. 6d. to 22s.
Scotch twilled ditto, from 13s. 6d. to 30s.
Moleskin trousers, from 2s. 4d. to 5s.

And every article in slops and clothing, equally cheap.

George-street,

682 Opposite the Post Office.

CHOICE, CHEAP, AND EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF

CHINA GOODS.

THE Ladies of Sydney, and the Public generally, are respectfully solicited to inspect the present stock of China Manufactures, at Pitt and Preston's. The

SILKS, SATINS, AND SHAWLS

are especially worthy of notice, being new in styles, rich qualities, and very cheap, consisting of—

30 and 36 inch rich black satins
30 inch rich black satin striped moire
30 inch ditto ditto satinets
27 inch fancy check silks, superb qualities
Ditto ditto checked sarsnets
Ditto ditto ditto camlets
Ditto ditto rich brocaded ditto
Ditto ditto ditto satins
Ladies' fancy silk neck ties
Ditto embroidered satin aprons
9-4 rich brocaded silk shawls
Embroidered crape shawls, in great variety
One magnificent white shawl—a curiosity
A few embroidered white crape scarfs, 3 yards long
White and crimson figured pongee handkerchiefs
Ditto ditto plain ditto ditto
Ditto ditto bordered pocket ditto
Ditto ditto ditto neck ditto
White grass cloth pocket ditto

IVORY AND LACQUERED WARES, &c.

Carved ivory card cases, all sizes
Ditto ditto netting ditto
Ditto ditto chessmen, all sizes
Carved and plain ivory draftsmen
Ditto ivory and sandal wood fans
Feather and fancy silk ditto
Enamelled and embroidered screens
Rich lacquered writing desks
Ditto ditto card boxes
Cigar boxes and joostick trays
Draftboards and men complete
One elegant lacquered chess table
Two ditto ditto cabinets
China matting
Ditto baskets, various sizes

1432 Emporium, 263, Pitt-street.

THE WOOL SEASON.

MESSRS. PITE AND PRESTON avail themselves of the approaching season, for returning to their numerous country customers, their best thanks for the extensive and liberal support conferred upon their establishment for the last six years, and at the same time to inform them, that their stock is now replete with every article suitable for up-country use; and in thus publicly acknowledging past favours, and soliciting future patronage, they would only do so on the grounds of selling

THE VERY BEST ARTICLES

AT

THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

being fully convinced that no advantages can be offered to purchasers, which they are not fully prepared to offer.

Country orders entrusted to PITE AND PRESTON for selection, will at all times command their best attention, and be forwarded with punctuality and despatch.

Drab, millers' drab, and white moleskin trousers
Ditto ditto, double stitched and strapped
White and brown drill and duck ditto
Drab cotton and worsted cord ditto
White cord trousers and breeches
Best colonial and English tweed trousers
Ditto doeskin and pilot cloth ditto
Ditto black, blue, and drab ditto ditto
Buff cachemire, printed quilting, silk, satin tweed, and fancy vests
Silk plush ditto, very superior
Moleskin, drill, and duck jackets
Superior blue cloth ditto
Scotch twill, regatta and striped shirts
Blue and scarlet serge ditto
White and striped worsted ditto
—— Lambswool and patent merino ditto
Blankets, counterpanes, and rugs
Callicoes, Osnaburgs, ticks, and flannels
Panamas, Manila, and beaver hats, &c., &c.
With every article in drapery, hosiery, haberdashery, gloves, ribbons, bonnets, shawls, prints, &c., &c.

Gentlemen requiring ready-made clothing will find unprecedented advantages at this establishment, there being now on hand the largest, cheapest, and best assortment ever seen in the colony, and should the taste of any individual fail to be pleased from the ready-made stock, a Suit of Clothes, with Cut, Quality, and Workmanship, of the First order, can, as usual, be Punctually made to Measure in TEN HOURS.

Emporium,

1433 Pitt-street.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Re-opening of those extensive premises formerly occupied by

Messrs. ROBERT BOURNE AND CO.

GEORGE CHISHOLM most respectfully directs public attention to the arrangements which have been made for the purpose of facilitating business in the premises so long known to the inhabitants of Sydney and the surrounding colonies as

BOURNE AND CO.'S.

The premises opened yesterday with an entirely new and choice stock of Silk Mercery, Shawls, Scarfs, Mantillas, Dresses in Camelia, Tissues, Barege, Transparent Wool Belzorines, printed Muslins, &c., &c. Tuscan and Straw Bonnets and Flowers, Ribbons, Parasols, Hosiery, Gloves, Haberdashery, Slops, &c., &c., which he is prepared to offer to the public at the extreme of low prices.

IN ADDITION

to the above large and varied stock, there will be ready for inspection this day, an elegant display of entirely new rich Foreign and British Manufactures, comprising long and square shawls, scarfs, mantelets, visites, watered, figured, and plain silks, satinets, fancy dresses, ribbons, needlework, children's dresses, straw, Tuscan, and fancy bonnets, selected from the late importations of Mr. R. Spence, formerly of O'Connell-street, Sydney, and which afford a wide field for selection among novelties not yet submitted to public notice.

GEORGE CHISHOLM,

1156 253, Pitt-street.

TO BUYERS OF BLANKETS.

SLOPS, DRAPERY, &c.

M. HOLROYD invites country storekeepers and the public, to inspect the stock of the

SETTLERS' WAREHOUSE.

which is now replete with every article suitable for the present season and the bush.

The blanket stock is of a superior description, comprising every quality, make, and size, from the lowest to the very best.

11-4 and 12-4 real Witney and Bath, suitable for family use, which are offered at prices that defy competition.

The stock of slops, on comparing price and quality, will be found equal in value, if not superior, to any house in the colony.

Country orders still executed with fidelity and despatch.

Flattered and encouraged by the satisfaction evidently given last season (proof of which is daily shown by country customers renewing their visits), M. H., in soliciting an early call from those who have not yet made their purchases, assures the public that renewed exertion will be made to merit their increasing patronage.

CASH, AND NO ABATEMENT.

SETTLERS' WAREHOUSE,
141, George-street South,
Opposite the Hay Market. 1413

WHITE SHIRTS.

J. T. SMITH, Shirt Tailor, begs to announce to his patrons and the public in general, that he has on hand a larger assortment of ready made shirts than at any former period since his commencement in business, comprising—

Boys' shirts of all sizes
Youth's ditto ditto
Small and full men's
Ditto ditto, with extra long fronts
Large men's ditto
And extra outsize ditto
Washed shirts of various sizes

Also—

Boy's and men's collars, cravats, and braces.

Gentlemen from the interior requiring the above articles will find it to their advantage to purchase at this establishment, as they will ensure a well fitting and superior made shirt at a moderate price.

Shirt Manufactory, Park-street, near Pitt-street.

TO THE CLERGY.—Surplices made to order at the Shirt Manufactory, Park-street.

TO FAMILIES PROCEEDING TO EUROPE.—May be had at the Shirt Manufactory Park-street—

Ladies' under clothing
Children's ditto
Sheets
Towels
Pillow slips, &c.

December 22. 10052

GEO. CHISHOLM calls the attention of settlers and country dealers to his stock of SLOPS, all of which are of the very best quality, and at extremely low prices.

The stock comprises—

Double stitched moleskin trousers
Regatta, striped, and Scotch twilled shirts
Stout 8-4, 9-4, and 10-4 blankets
Shepherd and pilot cloth coats
Great coats, and a great variety of
Dark and light waistcoats

With every other article suitable for settlers and dealers.

253, Pitt-street. 1296

STOCKTON (COLONIAL) CLOTH MANUFACTORY. — FISHER AND DONALDSON beg to inform the trade, their friends, and the public generally, that they have this day opened one of Mr. Woolley's shops in King-street for the sale of Colonial Tweeds, Buckskins, Doeskins, &c., &c., where parties can be supplied wholesale, or in any quantity to suit purchasers.

January 21. 1402

SADDLERY! SADDLERY!!

EX PROMISE AND HUDSON.

SAMUEL BURGE, Saddler and Harness Maker, Parramatta, having received a valuable assortment of the very best Town Made Saddlery from one of the first houses in the trade, invites gentlemen to an early inspection of his new and varied stock, feeling confident that they have not hitherto had such an opportunity of suiting themselves with saddlery or harness, either for elegance of design or quality of workmanship. The trade can be supplied on most advantageous terms.

S. B. begs to annex a list of a few of the articles he has on sale:—

Best spring barred hunting trees, ladies' side trees, steeple-chase trees, gig trees, fancy kerseys, serges, and rugs, for horse clothing; horse, spoke, dandy, and shoe brushes; girth, roller, straining, and diaper webbs; buckles of every description, size, and quality, from cart to the finest plated; hobble chains, curry combs, carriage whips, gig, carriage, and hunting thongs; spurs, gut cart whips, bits and stirrups of every pattern, harness blacking, English halters, saddler's tools, awls, and needles; ladies' fancy bridles, heads and reins, stirrup leathers, coat straps, Queen's pattern slippers, boys' clogs, cigar cases, powder flasks, shot pouches, dram bottles, chamois skins, patent goat skins, and Bencraft's patent hames, with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. 1246

FLOOR CLOTHS on sale at very reduced prices, at

A. LENEHAN'S,

5760 271, Castlereagh-street.

ON SALE by the undersigned, ex Kelso and St. George—

10 Hogsheads, 20 Quarter-casks } Port wine
8 Hogsheads, 16 Quarter-casks } Old ditto
5 Hogsheads, 10 Quarter-casks } Pale sherry
5 Hogsheads, 10 Quarter-casks } Marsala

JOHN KEELE,
George-street,
Opposite the Market, adjoining Mr. Bowden's

1267

REGATTA.—JAMES CUNNINGHAM having received permission from the Regatta Committee to erect booths and supply refreshments WITHIN THE FORT, at the Regatta, on Wednesday next, begs to inform the subscribers that he will have an elegant luncheon, with every accommodation for their comfort, prepared, and that the charges will be upon the most moderate scale.

N.B.—Wanted, twelve active waiters. 1456

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL CHINESE GOODS,

EX ELIZA.

HENRY PARKES begs respectfully to inform the ladies and gentlemen of the colony, that he has received by the above vessel a small shipment (19 cases) of very superior Chinese manufactures, comprising—

Rich embroidered crape shawls
Gold lacquered work tables, fitted with ivory Chess and backgammon boards
Ivory chessmen, various sizes
Sandalwood fans and card cases
Handsome China vases
Ditto ditto basins and ewers
China plates, square and round
Ditto egg cups and spoons
Ditto ornaments
Elegant tea services
Tea caddies and cigar boxes
Puzzles, tablets, pictures, dish mats, &c.

The above choice goods have been selected for the advertiser by his own agent at Canton, who possesses a knowledge of the trade, derived from a former residence of several years in Sydney; and, during the two last years, active and constant business intercourse with the Chinese manufacturers and traders. And, as other shipments are shortly expected, the present will be sold at the lowest remunerative charges.

HENRY PARKES,
General Fancyware Depôt,
20, Hunter-street,

1106 Right hand from George-street.

VERMILLION.

TO ARTISTS, PAINTERS, &c.

VERMILLION of the finest quality, by the single package, or in larger quantities. For sale by

HENRY PARKES,
No. 20, Hunter-street,

1103 Right hand from George-street.

CARRIAGE MATS.

FANCY Coloured and White Wool Mats for gigs and carriages

Fancy rope, with coloured worsted bordered, ditto
Manila and coir rope mats
Very large coir for churches and large halls

AT

THOMAS WOOLLEY'S,

1209 430, George-street.

KNITTING and NETTING APPARATUS, &c.

Steel netting, needles, and mesh pins, a beautiful assortment
Bone ditto ditto
Steel and ivory crotchet needles
Bone knitting pins
Steel ditto
Silk winders and stilettoes
Gold, silver, and steel beads
Imitation pearl, and glass ditto
Rich enamelled and rosewood work boxes
Ebony and enamelled glove boxes
Knitting boxes
Baskets, a general assortment
Card cases and jewel boxes
Bone brushware, combs, &c.

ALSO,

Bone, egg, marrow, mustard, and salt spoons
Billiard and bagatelle balls
Ivory dice and cups

And all kinds of ivory and bone articles, made to order.

HENRY PARKES,
Ivory Turning Manufactory,
And Toy Warehouse,
No. 20, Hunter-street,

1105 Right hand from George-street.

CHILDREN'S TOYS.—A well assorted and immense stock of amusing and instructive children's toys.

For sale by
HENRY PARKES,
Toy Warehouse,
No. 20, Hunter-street,

1104 Right hand from George-street.

GALVANISED TINNED SHEET IRON, for roofing verandahs, rain pipes, guttering, baths, &c.

This metal never corrodes, and is the most durable and economical covering for roofs, verandahs, &c., ever invented.

In sheets 72 x 24 and 72 x 30.

Also,

In sheets 42 x 14, for sheathing vessels, for which it is now extensively used.

E. C. WEEKES,

974 380, George-street.

TO CANDLE MANUFACTURERS, &c.

JUST RECEIVED, ex Walmer Castle

A fresh supply of best hard pewter candle moulds, short 6's loose.

THOMAS WOOLLEY,

1315 George and King streets.

NOW LANDING, ex Medway, and on sale by the undersigned—

10 Bales assorted Witney Blankets, 9-4 to 13-4.

JOHN KEELE,

1268 George-street.

NOW LANDING, ex Medway and Duke of Richmond, a large assortment of—

Sack weighing machines
Beams, with wood bottom, scales, and chains, complete
Steelyards, and
Counter weighing machines, of every description.

On sale at the Stores of
THOMAS WOOLLEY,
George-street.

Iron Yard, King-street. 1316

EX KELSO AND OTHER LATE ARRIVALS.

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned—

Rough brown hollands
Linen drills, in assorted packages
Sherry, in octaves and quarter-casks, of various qualities
Claret, of superior quality, in two dozen cases

ALSO,

Port, Sherry, Bucellas } Colonial bottled.

MACINTOSH AND HIRST.

Queen's-place. 1417

REDUCTION IN FLOUR.—The undersigned is instructed to sell at his stores—

Van Diemen's Land fine flour, of best quality, at £11 per ton of 2000 lbs.

Ration Flour, sound and in good condition, at £8 per ton of 2000 lbs., *Bags included.*

Terms, an approved bill at 3 months.

THOMAS GRIMWOOD.

Sussex-street, near Liverpool-street. 1431

SALE BY AUCTION.

MR. JAMES EARNGAY will sell by auction,

THIS DAY, 22ND JANUARY,

On the premises, No. 100, King-street, lately occupied by Mr. M. Phillips, the following articles.—

One splendid book-case, hair-seated chairs, tables, and sundry furniture.

ALSO,

China paintings, books, musical instruments, &c. 1418

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

### ARRIVALS.

January 21.—Waverley, barque, 436 tons, Captain Morgan, from Port Nicholson the 5th instant, in ballast. Passengers—Dr. M. Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson and two children.

January 21.—Will Watch, barque, 250 tons, Captain Hambleton, from the Whaling Grounds. Left London, July, 1845.

January 21.—Elizabeth Starbuck, American ship, 380 tons, Captain Parker, from the Whaling Grounds. Left Nantucket, 28th December, 1845.

January 21.—Harvest, American barque, 294 tons, Captain Bowen, from the Whaling Grounds. Left Warren, Rhode Island, December 28th, 1845.

January 21.—Nile, American ship, 322 tons, Captain Hamlin, from the Whaling Grounds. Left New Bedford 19th September, 1844.

January 22.—Thistle, steamer, 127 tons, Captain Mullhall, from Moreton Bay the 18th instant. Passengers, Mr. and Mrs. D. Forbes, Mr. G. A. Scott, Mr. Bothwick, Mr. G. Little, Mr. A. Graham, Mr. J. Orr, Miss Orr, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Newman, Mr. G. Hallenborough, Mr. James Burton, Mr. Bow, twenty-one in the steerage, two soldiers, and three prisoners.

*** A barque was signalled to the northward yesterday evening at sunset, but was not expected to enter the Heads before morning.

### CLEARANCES.

January 21.—Fama, barque, 323 tons, Captain Baird, for London. Passengers—Master W. Miller and Mr. Hargrave.

January 21.—Falcon, schooner, 54 tons, Captain Cuming, for Tahiti. Passengers—Mr. Psalamon and Dr. Battacha Morandini.

January 21.—Star of China, schooner, 101 tons, Captain Dowker, for Port Nelson and Taranaki. Passengers—Mr. J. J. Peacock, Captain Creagh, and Mr. P. M'Kew.

### COASTERS INWARDS.

January 20.—Eliza, 33, King, from Newcastle, with 44 tons coals; Sarah Wilson, 37, Wood, from Newcastle, with 37 tons coals; Black Swan, 18, Maine, from Newcastle, with 28 tons coals; Trial, 23, Bamford, from Morpeth, with 1000 bushels maize; Young Billy, 19, Carbuss, from the Hawkesbury, with 50,000 shingles, 100 bushels maize; Currency Lass, 20, M'Guigan, from Brisbane Water, with 500 bushels shells, 5000 shingles; Amphitrite, 17, Lethbridge, from the Hunter, with 700 bushels grain; Catherine, 16, Rowling, with 510 bushels maize, 300 bushels wheat

January 21.—William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, from Wollongong, with 440 bags potatoes, 120 kegs butter, 20 trusses hay; George, 32, Lawrence, from Newcastle, with 35 tons coals; Maitland, steamer, 103, Parsons, from Morpeth, with 52 bales wool, 2 bundles sheepskins, 10 trusses hay, 480 bushels grain; Rose, steamer, 172, Pattison, from Morpeth, with 80 bales wool, 480 bushels grain, 34 pigs, 60 sheep, 6 bags onions.

### PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

This Day.—Emma, for Hobart Town; Martha and Elizabeth, and Phantom, for Adelaide; Rosetta Joseph, for Manila; Velocity, for Boyd Town; Arabian, for the South Sea Fishery; Perseverance, for Port Nicholson.

To-Morrow.—Fama, and Trafalgar, for London; Star of China, for Nelson; Dorset, for Adelaide; Falcon, for Tahiti.

### EXPORTS.

January 21.—Fama, barque, 323 tons, Captain Baird, for London: 41 casks black oil, J. J. Peacock; 42 casks tallow, R. Jamieson and Co.; 26 casks tallow, R. W. Robinson; 11 casks tallow, 100 hides, 264 bales wool, Gilchrist and Alexander; 134 casks tallow, 500 hides, J. R. and A. F. Wilshire; 461 bales wool, Donaldson and Co.; 321 bales wool, R. Towns; 4 bales wool, 2042 horns, J. and W. Byrnes; 25 bales wool, 1000 ox horns, 326 hides, F. Watkins; 132 hides, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 233 hides, Isaac Levy; 1000 spokes, F. Ebsworth; 8 cases leather, S. Burge; 1 case clothing, P. Steele; 3150 treenails, W. Baird. Total—1075 bales wool, 213 casks tallow, 41 casks black oil, 1291 hides, 3042 horns, 1000 spokes, 8 cases leather, 1 case clothing, and 3150 treenails.

January 21.—Falcon, schooner, 54 tons, Captain Cuming, for Tahiti: 4 casks tar, 2 casks pitch, 3 packages earthenware, 2 hogsheads ale, 1 crate copper, 1 crate blacking, 1 bundle sheet iron, 40 kegs and 1 cask paint, 4 cases turpentine, 1 case matches, 5 casks and 1 case ironmongery, 8 bundles spades, 7 kegs nails, 20 packages drapery goods, 4000 bricks, 12 casks beef, 1 cask tongues, 1 cask neatsfoot oil, 24 grindstones, 10 bags maize, 333 cedar boards, 150 pieces scantling, 4 cases cheese, 5 casks butter, 40 boxes soap, 60 bags potatoes, 40 bags biscuit, 5 tons flour, 2 hogsheads preserved meat, 3 packages leather, 4 boxes tobacco, 10 bags coffee, 2 chests tea, C. Scott; 7 cases and 2 casks preserved meat, 1 case saddlery, David Moore; 1 case cigars, 4 cases tobacco, H. Dixson.

### SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will be closed at the Post Office, as follow:—

For London.—By the Fama and Trafalgar, this evening, at six; and by the Kent, on Tuesday evening, at six.

For Adelaide.—By the Phantom, this day, at two p.m.; and by the Dorset, this evening, at six.

For Nelson.—By the Star of China, this evening, at six.

For Tahiti.—By the Falcon, this evening, at 6

### VESSELS LAID ON FOR LONDON.

Saturday, January 22.

Lord Auckland, barque, 616 tons, Brown; 122 tons tallow, 8000 hides, 1163 bales wool, 52 tuns cocoa-nut and 12 tuns sperm oil, and 16,000 horns, on board.

Trafalgar, barque, 528 tons, Morrison; 60 tons copper ore, 5000 hides, 1815 bales wool, 275 spokes, and 5000 treenails, on board. Full ship.

Johnstone, ship, 436 tons; Harrison, 52 casks cocoa-nut oil, 150 tons copper ore, and 1610 bales wool, on board.

Hamlet, barque, 420 tons, Wilson; 1100 bags and 30 tons copper ore, 1100 bales wool, and 1600 treenails, on board.

Thomas Lowry, ship, 409 tons, Graham; 1150 bales wool, 60 casks tallow, 31 hides, 3000 horns, 2000 treenails, 2000 spokes, and 40 tons copper ore, on board.

St. George, ship, 605 tons, Jones; 81 casks tallow, 776 bales wool, 32 tons lead ore, 8600 horns, 500 shank-bones, and 5 casks head-matter, on board.

Walmer Castle, ship, 656 tons, Thorne; 510 bales wool, and 2000 spokes, on board.

Louisa, barque, 370 tons, Wycherley; 86 casks tallow, 196 casks oil, and 4200 spokes, on board.

Hudson, ship, 511 tons, Pines; 110 tons copper ore, and 30 casks tallow, on board.

Bermondsey, barque, 507 tons, Banes; 94 tons copper ore, and 200 bales wool, on board.

King William, barque, 463 tons, Underwood; 20 tuns black oil, 20 tuns cocoanut oil, 25 tons tallow, 15 tons bones, and 1000 treenails, on board.

The Thistle has encountered some very severe weather both on her passage to and from Moreton Bay. She left Brisbane on Tuesday afternoon, and the Bay on Wednesday morning; during that day the wind blew strong from the eastward, and on Thursday increased to a perfect hurricane, with a heavy sea running. At 6 p.m., the gale not abating, and the vessel labouring heavily, it was found necessary to throw overboard the whole of the deck cargo, consisting of sixty bales wool. This eased her much, and by the unceasing exertions of the officers and crew, she was enabled to weather out the gale, which lasted the whole of Thursday night. The cargo she has now on board consists of 140 bales wool, and 5 bundles sheepskins. The schooners Champion, Ann Mary, and William, hence, arrived at Brisbane on the 14th instant, and the Ebenezer and Jane on the 16th; the three former were to sail again for Sydney on Thursday last.

The Nile has been forty months out from New Bedford, and has now on board 1000 barrels sperm and 300 barrels black oil. She has put into this port to recruit, and reports having spoken on the 15th September, the brig Margaret, of Sydney, with 350 barrels sperm oil; hence the 30th March last.

Vessels for London.—The Fama and Trafalgar are now ready for sea, and will sail early to-morrow morning—the latter being towed out by the steamer Tamar. The whaling ship Kent is expected to sail on Wednesday next. The Johnstone will be a full ship on Thursday next, and sail probably to-morrow week. The Hamlet, Thomas Lowry, and Lord Auckland will all sail on the 7th proximo.

The Will Watch has been nearly thirty months out from London, during which time she has obtained only 390 barrels sperm oil. Captain Taylor, under whose command she sailed from London, died on the 29th December last, after an illness of some months, since which she has been commanded by the chief officer. She reports the total loss of the schooner Oratava, of this port, at the island of Ontong Java, on the 4th November last—having, on the 14th of that month, picked up the long-boat of that vessel, containing Captain Crew and ten seamen, in a very distressed state. They had been ten days in the boat, and were endeavouring to reach Ascension Island, where they had left Mr. Nail, supercargo, some short time previous. Ten days since the Will Watch touched at Norfolk Island for supplies, and meeting there with the schooner Lady Franklin, bound for Hobart Town, Captain Crew and the seamen were put on board that vessel, it not being then the intention of Captain Hambleton to put into this port—the insubordination of several of the crew within the last week having compelled him to do so. The Oratava was on a beche-la-mer voyage, and had, we understand, met with good success up to the time the disaster occurred. The Will Watch has not spoken a whaling vessel for several months.

The Elizabeth Starbuck has put into this port to recruit, and obtain medical advice for the captain, who has been severely indisposed the last seven months. She has been twenty-five months out from Nantucket, and has now on board 650 barrels sperm oil. On the 1st December she spoke the James Stewart, Kenney, of St. John's, with 850 barrels sperm oil since leaving Sydney on the 15th April last; and on the 10th of the same month, the American ship Potomac, of Nantucket, twenty-five months out, with 1450 barrels sperm oil.

The Harvest has been twenty-five months out from Rhode Island, during which time she has taken 40 barrels sperm and 1000 barrels black oil, and has now put into this port to recruit. She reports having spoken on the 26th August last, the American ship Flora, Potter, of New London, with 40 barrels sperm oil since leaving Sydney on the 13th April last.

The Emma, Martha and Elizabeth, and Velocity were all at anchor in Watson's Bay yesterday evening, at sunset.

Port Phillip.—The steamer Shamrock, hence the 7th instant, arrived at Melbourne on the 11th, and sailed again for Launceston on the 14th. On her passage down she experienced very boisterous weather, and was compelled to seek shelter under Wilson's Promontory for twenty-four hours. The barque Thomas Hughes cleared out for London on the 17th instant, and was expected to sail on the 15th. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, Mr. Alfred Smith. Cargo—1370 bales wool, 1100 horns, &c.

A typographical error occurred in our report of yesterday, respecting the loss of a Bremen whaler—the name being inserted "Margaret," in place of "Mozart."

### DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

| | January. | Sun rises | Sun sets | High water morn | High water even |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 22 | SATURDAY | 5 5 | 6 55 | 9 15 | 9 32 |
| 23 | SUNDAY | 5 6 | 6 54 | 9 42 | 10 7 |

Moon: last quarter, 3 m. past 10 P.M., Jan. 28.

### ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

This Evening, January 22,

Will be presented Buckstone's Drama of the DREAM AT SEA: or, THE WRECKER'S CRIME. Trevanion, Mr. Fenton: Richard Penderell, Mr. Spencer; Launce Lynwood, Mr. Arabin; Tom Tinkle, Mr. F. Howson; Biddy Nutts, Mrs. Rogers; Anne Trevanion, Mrs. Guerin; Margaret, Mrs. Gibbs. To be followed by the laugable interlude of IS SHE A WOMAN? Sir George Seymour, Mr. Rogers; Captain Charles Cleveland, Mr. Spencer; Hon. Hector Butler, Mr. F. Howson; Lady Caroline Butler, Mrs. Guerin. To conclude with the laugable farce of SIMPSON AND CO. Mr. Simpson, Mr. Rogers; Mrs. Simpson, Mrs. Gibbs; Mrs. Bromley, Mrs. Guerin; Mrs. Fitzallan, Mrs. Ximenes; Madame La Trappe, Madame Torning.


THE

# Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1848.

*Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I.'*


## MIGHT AND RIGHT.

The line of argument pursued by several of the speakers at the Public Meeting of Wednesday, suggests very grave considerations as to the constitutional limits of the powers of Parliament, and the extent of the subject's moral obligation to obey its enactments.

"The omnipotence of Parliament" is a phrase familiar to English ears, but never uttered by English lips without a latent qualification. In strict truth, Parliament is neither physically, nor morally, nor politically omnipotent. It cannot control the elements; it cannot coerce men's thoughts; neither can it sap the foundations of civil liberty. Its omnipotence is nothing more than the power of carrying out the objects which fall within its province. Within the limits assigned to it by the laws of nature, by the dictates of reason, and by the spirit of the constitution, its powers are transcendental. *There*, it wields the power of the purse, the power of the judicatories, the power of the sword, and, more than all, the power of public opinion; and *there*, these powers enable it to triumph over every species of resistance or insubordination to its authority. But, let it step *beyond* those limits, and these powers either desert it, or sink in the contest with the more gigantic powers with which it has then to combat. Let Parliament say to the sea, 'Hitherto shalt thou come, but no further; and here shall thy proud waves be stayed;' and the billows shall dash contempt on all the powers which Parliament can wield. Let it attempt interference with the natural current of human thoughts and affections; and heart and mind, exulting in their unassailable strongholds, will laugh the intruder to scorn. Let it invade the established liberties of the subject—let it dare to lay violent hands on the hallowed fane of the British Constitution—and Public Opinion quits the Parliamentary banner, and rouses throughout the land an antagonism which fleets and armies can neither quell nor resist.

All this, it may be said, is idle language. These are suppositions which never will be realized. Parliament is not going to grapple with the winds—is not going to put fetters on the soul—is not going to commit sacrilege on the Constitution. It knows better than to make such a fool of itself. So we thought, and so thought our fellow-colonists, a month or two ago. But we do not, cannot think so now. A functionary who, so far as the colonies are concerned, may be said to hold the British Parliament in leading-strings—to whom, when he wishes to legislate for the colonies, Parliament does obeisance—whose will in that particular it clothes with an authority not to be questioned, and with an infallibility not to be doubted—this Right Honorable personage has signified his intention to go down to Parliament with a measure to which the British Constitution is diametrically opposed, and from which the British mind recoils with horror and disgust. And go he will; and Parliament, mute and passive as on such measures it always is, will do the foolish thing he wishes.

Unjust and oppressive it undoubtedly is; but why, we may be asked, should it be called foolish? Because, if the colonists be true to themselves, it will attempt *a moral impossibility*. It will attempt to do that which Parliament is no more able to accomplish than it is able to hush the roaring of the storm, or quench the fires of the national intellect.

The resolutions passed at the Public Meeting, and the unimpugnable arguments with which they were supported, have established the fact, that, in the judgment of the colonists of New South Wales, the measure about to be carried through Parliament by Earl Grey will *be repugnant to the British Constitution*. In passing it, Parliament will therefore have overstepped the limits prescribed to it by the national will. It will have exceeded its powers. It will have intruded into a province which does not belong to it. It will have usurped an authority to which it has no claim. It will have commanded an obedience which is not due to it, and which it cannot enforce. It will, then, have done, as we said, a foolish thing.

But to the proof. That brilliant orator, Mr. Robert Lowe, whose eloquence on such a theme is the more impressive from its being associated with a professional knowledge of the law, pointed out the means by which the colonists, when Lord Grey's measure shall come to them in the shape of an Act of Parliament, may prove themselves more than a match for the Three Estates. Those means have in them nothing violent; nothing of which the law can take hold; nothing of which the British constitution would disapprove. If the Parliament will do a foolish thing, the colonists will not. And a foolish as well as a wicked thing would it be—egregiously foolish—to oppose the puny force of the colony to the overwhelming force of the empire. No—but without committing their common sense, without swerving from their allegiance to the Throne, without so much as uttering a breath in disturbance of the peace, they may, they can, and we devoutly trust they will, compel that odious Act to remain a dead letter on the statute-book.

The Act says—or is to say—that our House of Assembly must be elected by District Councils, and our District Councils by the general constituencies. But the Act will not say that people *must and shall* offer themselves as candidates either for the House or for the Councils; nor will it say that people *must and shall* vote for such candidates if they do offer. Here, at any rate, the colonists will be left to the uncontrolled and uncontrolable exercise of their free agency. And in that free agency lies their strength—a strength which, without effort and without noise, can break the "green withs" and the "new ropes" with which a visionary theorist would bind down their nascent liberties. Judging from the noble spirit which they have already shown—a spirit worthy of their indomitable ancestors—we may venture to predict that, in the event of this fatal measure being adopted by Parliament, the colonists will strangle it in the birth, or, to use a more apposite metaphor, will leave it to die of inanition. There will be no candidates for the House of Assembly; consequently, the District Councils can return no members. There will be no candidates for the District Councils; consequently, the people can return no Councillors. Or, supposing there shall not be wanting a few craven dullards to offer as candidates, the people will not elect District Councils; consequently, there can be no House of Assembly. And if no House of Assembly, no Legislature. And if no Legislature, no new laws. And if no new laws, the Local Executive will be driven to its wits' end, and all ranks and conditions of the people be subjected to the most serious inconveniences.

Yes, the colonists themselves will suffer. But they will suffer in a good cause. They will suffer as martyrs to their public principles—as martyrs to their country's honour and their country's weal. Their ancestors suffered in the same struggle; and they suffered with a heroism and a fortitude which their Australian descendants, if occasion shall require, will joyfully emulate. And they, like their fathers, will eventually win the day.

## NEW ZEALAND.

Our files of Wellington papers are to the 5th instant. The natives were quiet, but were assembling in large numbers in the neighbourhood of Wanganui, where it was supposed they contemplated making an attack upon the English.

The *Wellington Independent* is devoting itself to the task of proving, what has long been suspected, that the *Spectator*, (for many years the only paper at Wellington), was supported by, and was the organ of the New Zealand Company, and that it was the practice to prevent any article, communication, or advertisement, which contained any complaint of, or was adverse to, the interests of the Company, from being published, and that the most glaring misdescriptions of the Company's lands were put forth for the purpose of deceiving people in England. The writer, therefore, argues that it is necessary that all statements made by the Company or their organ in London, the *New Zealand Journal*, respecting the intended settlement of Otago, should be received with the greatest suspicion, a position which we need hardly say we entirely agree with. We fear, however, that two or three thousand of unfortunate people will be trepanned in the course of the next spring into proceeding to New Zealand to form the Presbyterian settlement at Otago, and thus make an additional settlement requiring protection, instead of strengthening those already established.

The Supplement to this morning's *Herald* contains English extracts; impounding notices, and miscellaneous advertisements.

Erratum.—In our leading article of yesterday, the omission of a line caused us to utter nonsense. "Of Earl Grey's general qualities as a statesman and a minister," we are made to *say*, "there were doubtless many shades of difference." The sentence ought to have begun with the words, "*In the estimates formed, by those present*, of Earl Grey's general qualities," &c.

## DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

### INSOLVENT COURT.

Friday.

In the estate of William Maclaren, an adjourned second meeting. The following claims were proved:—T. Timmins, £10 12s. 7d.; W. Browne, £8 2s. 9d.; J. Donovan, £13 13s. 6d.; G. S. Sharpe, £46; Kemp and Fairfax, £6 12s. The insolvent was examined at some length, and the meeting was adjourned.

MEETING TO-DAY.

In the estate of W. Maclaren, an adjourned second meeting, for examination, at ten o'clock.

### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir Charles Augustus Fitz Roy, Knight Companion of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the territory of New South Wales and its dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

Whereas the Legislative Council of New South Wales now stands prorogued to the eighth day of February next: now I, Sir Charles Augustus Fitz Roy, Knight Companion of the Hanoverian Guelphic Order, in pursuance of the power and authority in me vested as Governor of the said colony, do hereby further prorogue the said Legislative Council to Tuesday, the twenty-first day of March next; and I do hereby further announce and proclaim, that the said Council shall assemble for the despatch of business on the aforesaid twenty-first day of March next, at twelve o'clock at noon, in the Council Chamber, situate in Macquarie-street, in the city of Sydney, and the members of the said Legislative Council are hereby required to give their attendance at the said time and place accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal, at Government House, Sydney, this twentieth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and in the eleventh year of Her Majesty's reign.

CHARLES A. FITZ ROY.

God save the Queen!

### MULTUM IN PARVO.

*(From late Australasian Papers.)*

Persons supplying the natives of New Zealand with spirits, in any quantity, or with beer and wine sufficient to cause intoxication, are subject to a heavy penalty.—An attempt is being made to form an Agricultural and Horticultural Society at Auckland.—Several persons have been committed to take their trial at Melbourne for being present at a prize fight, and fifty-six summonses have been issued against other parties; the mob was so numerous that when ordered to disperse they refused, and the police, only three, retired, after noting the names of some of the most conspicuous parties.—An addition of twenty men is being made to the Melbourne police force.—The Church of England schools at the Tamaki are attended by upwards of five hundred native children.—The title of "Excellency" is officially given to Major-General Pitt, the commanding Officer in New Zealand.—The stonework of a wing of the Melbourne Lunatic Asylum is completed, and it is expected there will be accommodation for about sixty patients by the end of the winter.—Three hundred exiles are daily expected at Port Phillip.—During Divine Service, on Sunday week, some persons obtained entrance into a building adjoining St. George's Church, Hobart Town, and stole the bread and wine intended for the sacrament, and some napkins; a person is in custody on the charge.—A shepherd who had received his wages at Melbourne, contrived to spend £28 10s. in one day, by treating all who came near with champagne.—The residence and the whole of the effects of the Rev. Mr. Kissing, of the Church Mission, at Tamaki, was accidentally destroyed by fire a few days since. The next day the natives presented Mr. Kissling "with one hundred large ketes of potatoes as a token of affection."—A branch of the Union Bank of Australia was opened at Auckland on the 11th instant.—Mr. and Mrs. Clarke, who have been so long and so respectably connected with theatricals in this colony, have finally retired from the stage.—A correspondent of the *Cornwall Chronicle*, having reason to complain, as he states, of the incontinence of his wife, generously offers, if any person will consent to take her and keep her by honest industry, to resign his right, title, and interest in her, to any person of good character.—The thermometer in Wellington on the 24th December, rose to 122°.—The total population of the district of Wellington is 4381: during the year there were 191 births, 26 deaths, and 48 marriages.—It is reported that Mr. J. T. Clarke has given notice to Government of his intention to put up for sale, the instant such a thing is eligible, about 50,000 acres of ground, in the centre of his neighbours, Mr. Coghill's run, near the Pyrenees, which being more than one-fourth, will entitle him to the use of the remainder. The origin of this purchase is some dispute between the parties.—There are in the district of Wellington 662 horses, 5611 head of horned cattle, 36,352 sheep, and 911 goats.—The quantity of land cleared and in cultivation in the district of Wellington is 2130 acres.—Two convicts who had escaped from the Southport station were shot in resisting some constabulary who were pursuing them.

### MR. KENNEDY'S EXPEDITION.

It will be remembered that Sir Thomas Mitchell, in his last expedition, came upon a river which he called the Victoria; he travelled along the banks of it to lat. 24·15, long. 144·30, when it was trending north, and in his opinion must run to the Gulf of Carpentaria. When Sir Thomas returned, Mr. Kennedy, a young gentleman of the Survey Department, who had accompanied him, was sent with a light equipment to trace the Victoria from the point where Mitchell left it. He made the best of his way, and found that the northern trend lasted but a very short distance, when it turned to the west for a few miles, then to the southwest for 120 miles, and then it pursues a nearly southern course, along which Mr. Kennedy traced it to lat. 27·56, long. 142°, when it loses itself in some sandy barren ground, which doubtless is the eastern boundary of Sturt's Desert; and Mr. Kennedy supposes that the Victoria of Mitchell will be found to be the Cooper's Creek of Sturt. The greater portion of the country through which the Victoria runs is barren and devoid of grass, but in lat. 28° there is some splendid Warrigal country, but to what extent is not known. All the party were well, and had had no collision with the blacks, and Mr. Kennedy appears to have performed the duty assigned to him with great discretion. On the 17th instant, Mr. Kennedy, who had ridden a-head of his party, was at Molong, and it is probable that the whole of the expedition will be at Bathurst in the course of next week. We shall defer any observations until we are in possession of the official despatches.

### SYDNEY MARKETS.—Friday.

Wheat.—We have received an average supply from the country during the week, and the prices realised for the best samples ranged from 4s. 3d. to 4s. 9d.

Maize.—Sales are made from the vessels at 1s. 9d. to 2s., according to the quantity taken.

Flour.—The price of fine flour was reduced £1 per ton yesterday at the mills—£12 is now the selling price for the best quality.

Bran is in demand at 1s. per bushel.

Bread.—The 2 lb. loaf is sold for 3½d.

Biscuit.—No. 1, cabin, 18s.; and No. 2, ship, 13s. per cwt.

Potatoes realise, at the wharfs, £5 to £6 per ton, according to the quality of the article and the extent of the transaction.

Forage.—The sales of hay at the market during the week have taken place at from 6s. to 8s. per cwt. by the load; straw, 2s. 6d. to 4s.

Dairy Produce.—A slight rise has been experienced in the butter market—the lowest price of the week being 8d.; about a ton was disposed of from that to 10d. Bacon and cheese as last reported: the former at 4d. to 4½d. and the latter at 4d.

Poultry.—Seven loads were brought in, and the prices realised were about as follow:—fowls, 2s. to 2s. 2d.; ducks, 3s. to 3s. 3d.; geese, 5s. 6d. to 6s., and turkeys 6s. to 7s. per couple.

Eggs fetch from 9d. to 10d. per dozen.

Fruit.—One hundred and eighty loads have paid dues, causing nearly a glut in the market. Peaches sold at 6d. to 2s. 6d. per basket; nectarines at from 1s. to 2s. 6d. per basket; bananas, 1s. 3d. to 1s. 6d. per dozen; water melons, 2s. 6d. to 4s. per dozen; rock melons 4s. to 6s. per dozen; apples, 4d. to 6d.; and pears, 2d. to 5d. per dozen; Orleans plums, 2d. per dozen; grapes, 1½d. to 3d. per pound; the few Frontignac grapes in the market realised 4d.

Vegetables.—Dues were paid on fifty loads. Cabbages, 1s. 3d. to 3s. per doz.; turnips, carrots, and parsnips, 1s. to 1s. 3d. per dozen bunches; vegetable marrow, 1s. to 2s. per dozen; cucumbers, 2s. 3d. to 3s. 9d. per dozen.

### ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

Mr. S. Lyons.—On the premises, opposite the Police Office, George-street, at ten o'clock, Stock in Trade of Casks, Staves, Tubs, &c.; also, Horse, Gig, Dray, and Harness.

Mr. J. Earngay.—On the premises, No. 100, King-street, Book-case, Chairs, Tables, Paintings, Books, Musical Instruments, and Sundry Furniture.

Mr. Stubbs.—At his Mart, Furniture, Horses, Gig, Drays, Earthenware, and Sundries.

Mr. Stewart.—At his Stables, York-street, at eleven o'clock, Horses.

Mr. Mort.—At the Cattle Market, at ten o'clock, Milch Cows; at his Rooms, at half-past eleven o'clock, Roman Cement; at twelve o'clock, Wool, Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins; at half-past twelve o'clock, Horses, Phaeton, Drays, Harness.

Executive Council.—The following notice appears in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—"Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 18th January, 1848. His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified, that Major-General Edward Buckley Wynyard, Companion of the most Honorable Military Order of the Bath, was this day sworn in a member of the Executive Council, as senior officer in command of her Majesty's land forces in this territory, and took his seat at the Council accordingly.

Acts of Council.—His Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified, that the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies has intimated, in his despatch, under date the 31st July last, that her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve and confirm the undermentioned Acts, passed by the Governor and Legislative Council, in the tenth year of her Majesty's Reign, viz.:—10th Victoria. No 1. "An Act to prevent for a limited time Party Processions and other Public Exhibitions in New South Wales." 27th October, 1846. No. 3. "An Act to prevent the desertion of Seamen belonging to foreign ships and vessels." 30th October, 1846. No. 6. "An Act to extend the provisions of an Act of Parliament passed in the seventh year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Fourth, as to taking bail in cases of felony or misdemeanor." 30th October, 1846. No. 7. "An Act to simplify the law abolishing Imprisonment for Debt." 30th October, 1846. No. 8. "An Act to consolidate and amend the laws now in force for preventing the extension of the diseases called the scab and the influenza or catarrh in sheep and lambs, in the colony of New South Wales." 30th October, 1846. No. 9. "An Act to amend the law relating to the general regulation of the Customs in New South Wales." 30th October, 1846. No. 10. "An Act to amend the law respecting the recovery of Small Debts in all parts of the colony." 30th October, 1846. No. 11. "An Act to amend the law relating to public and private Sufferance Wharves, and the Rates payable thereat." 30th October, 1846. No. 14. "An Act to remove difficulties in the disposal, administration, and distribution of Insolvent Estates." 31st October, 1846. Private Act.—"An Act to amend an Act to enable 'the Commercial Banking Company of Sydney' to sue and be sued in the name of the Managing Director for the time being of the said Company, and for other purposes therein mentioned." 30th October, 1846.

Cockatoo Island.—Captain Innes was yesterday engaged in superintending the removal of the doubly-convicted from the Woolloomooloo Stockade to Cockatoo Island.

Coroner.—Port Macquarie.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed James M'Intyre, Esq., to be a Coroner for the district of Port Macquarie.

Police.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed Mr. John Macalister, Chief Constable at Goulburn; Mr. William M'Adam, Chief Constable at Campbelltown; and Mr. John Ironside, Chief Constable at Penrith.

Hyde Park Barrack Court.—His Excellency the Governor directs it to be notified for general information, that after the 31st instant, the Court of Petty Sessions now held at Hyde Park Barracks, will be discontinued, and that all convicts, including the holders of tickets-of-leave, remaining in Sydney after that date, who may commit any offences which under the existing regulations are dealt with at Hyde Park Barrack Court, will be tried at the Sydney Police Office.—*Yesterday's Government Gazette.*

Cricket.—A match will come off on the Hyde Park cricket ground on Monday next, between eleven of the military and an equal number of the members of the Union Cricket Club. The military at present seem to be the favourites, the betting being three to one in their favour; but the late victory obtained by the Unions over the Fitz Roy Club has secured them a few friends, and a good game may be expected. The wickets are to be pitched at eleven o'clock precisely.

The Weather.—About ten o'clock on Thursday night, the rain ceased in Sydney, and the weather became clear. We learn that throughout the county of Cumberland, and at the Lower Hunter, there was a deal of rain.

Perjury.—The perjury case of Webb *v.* Hart was not dismissed exactly in the manner we stated yesterday. Mr. Dillon was prepared to go on with the prosecution, but the Bench declined hearing him in a non-professional character. Mr. Brenan was then engaged by the prosecutor to conduct the charge, but as that gentleman was not prepared at once to proceed therewith, it was struck out of the paper. It is intended, we learn, to institute fresh proceedings.

Botany.—A gentleman named Moore, who arrived in the colony by the Medway, has been appointed Colonial Botanist by the Secretary of State.

Committal.—A person named Conroy was yesterday committed to take his trial for stealing a top coat, the property of one Terence M'Donough, from Mallony's public-house. The coat was found at the prisoner's lodging.

The Market Loungers.—Besides the robbery reported in yesterday's *Herald*, there have been several others committed by the idlers who infest that vicinity. Among others, a coat and a pair of trousers, the property of Robert Allen, were stolen from a cart in the market; from another cart was stolen a bag containing about £3 in money.


[Advertisement.]—Extraordinary Celebrity of Holloway's Pills in India.—The reputation of these pills is universal. They may be had in every part of India, where their virtues are printed in all the native tongues. Their demand in the east is immense. They cure diseases of the liver, the lungs, and the stomach, and other dangerous complaints so prevalent in sultry climates. They act also in a truly astonishing manner in cases where persons have been for a long time in a weak and declining state, as they quickly restore health, with strength and energy, when every other means had failed. No one should consider his case as hopeless, until he has tried the powers of this admirable medicine.


Commissariat.—Assistant Commissary General Swan, D. A. C. G. Watt, and two commissariat clerks, are under orders to leave this colony for Hobart Town.

Robberies.—In the course of Wednesday night, some person contrived to effect an entrance into the cabin of the chief officer of the ship Duke of Richmond, lying at Towns's Wharf, and without discovery to carry off a quantity of wearing apparel to the value of about £8. On Thursday morning, a dealer named Young, residing in Market-street, left home, to go to the market, leaving his house fastened; on his return, he found that a window had been forced open, and money to the amount of 10s., with wearing apparel to the value of about £6, stolen during his absence.

Absolute Pardons.—His Excellency the Governor has directed it to be notified that her Majesty has been graciously pleased to authorise the issue, in conformity with the provisions of the Act of Parliament, 6 Victoria, cap. 7, of absolute pardons to the following persons, namely:—Pardon dated 5th January, 1848: Moses Joseph, per Albion 1. Pardon dated 12th January, 1848: William King, per Moffatt.

Contracts in Sydney for 1848.—The tenders of the following persons have been accepted:—Mr. James Murphy, to supply materials, and perform painters', glaziers', and plumbers' work in the repair of colonial public buildings; Mr. James Powell, ditto, smiths' work; Mr. P. N. Russell, ditto, cast iron and metal work; Mr. Francis Callaghan, ditto, plasterers' work; Mr. Thomas Woolley, ditto, ironmongers' work; Mr. Patrick M'Court, ditto, shell lime; Mr. John Hill, Jun., to supply coffins; Mr. John P. Mackenzie, ditto, coals; Mr. Richard Binnie, ditto, harness, &c. Mr. John Williams, ditto, coopers' ware; Mr. Stephen Jones, to provide the materials and perform the fencers' work required in the repair of colonial public buildings.

Tolls and Ferries.—The following is the result of the sale on the 7th December, 1847, of dues arising from the undermentioned tolls and ferries, for the year 1848. Tolls:—Annandale Bridge, to Charles Obee, for £1500; Beckett's Bridge, to Thomas Randall, for £315; Broken-back Bridge, to John Donohoe, for £345; Howe's Bridge, to Michael Sheils, for £220; Pitt Row, to William Goddin, for £435. Let by Tender—Lansdowne Bridge, to John Obee, for £490. Ferries:—Bedlam Point Ferry, to Thomas H. Watson, for £61; Emu Ferry, to Francis Peisley, for £410; and Wiseman's Ferry, to Edward Walmsley, for £45.

Disease in Sheep.—A violent and fatal disease recently appeared amongst the flocks of Mr. Roadknight, on the Cape Otway stations, which has carried off no less than 2000 head. It assumed very much the characteristics of rapid consumption in the human frame, the animals that were fat in the summer having pined into a state of atrophy, after running without shelter, through the winter, over the same runs, exposed to the bleak, high, and mist-laden gales that visit the coast during that season of the year.—*Corio Chronicle.*

The Carcoar Copper.—One of the lodes discovered on Mr. Icely's land has been cleared out and practically opened; commencing at the surface of the ground, copper has been obtained from a vein or lode increasing in breadth as it descends: at six feet from the surface it is full two feet wide, and appears to dip nearly vertically. Two other veins, where similar indications presented themselves, are now under examination. There appears to be little doubt that the whole hill in which the lodes are found is traversed by veins of rich metal. Without supplies of labour—men who have some acquaintance with mining—we fear it will be found impossible to work the mines, rich and plentiful as is the quantity of ore. While every branch of industry is paralysed from the want of labour, it is impossible to open new fields with any prospect of success.

Steam to England.—The following extract of a letter from a Director of the India and Oriental Steam Company to a relative in Sydney, will be read with interest:—"I mentioned to you in my last letter my having taken lately a great interest in getting up a Company for carrying on steam communication with Australia. The Australian colonies are at present the only part of the colonial empire without the benefit of steam communication with this country; but I trust this will soon no longer be the case. The route that we propose to take is through Egypt to Bombay, Ceylon, Singapore, Port Essington, Torres Straits, and Sydney; but as this cannot all be done at once, (and must partly depend on our being able to raise sufficient capital), we are to begin first on that part of the line not already occupied by steam-boats—namely, from Ceylon or Singapore to Sydney; and this we hope to do in the course of sixteen or eighteen months at farthest. We have already got shares applied for nearly sufficient to enable us to commence, and we are looking forward to a great addition to our present amount of applications as soon as it is known in the colonies that we have got our charter, which limits the liability to the amount of shares subscribed for. We are now in treaty with the Government for a contract for carrying the mail to and from Sydney by Singapore. We hope to receive £50,000 a year for this purpose, part of which I believe the Colonial Office thinks the colony ought to pay, and it would certainly be to their interest to do so, if by not doing it a stop were put to the undertaking. I have much more hope of some day seeing you in England, now that there is a chance of coming home by steam (in sixty-two or sixty-four days) than I ever had before. We shall do everything to keep down the expense as much as possible; this has always been the great drawback to the overland route to India, and the charges of the India and Oriental Company have been much too high, as you may well believe when I tell you as a fact that the three managing directors of that Company have divided among themselves during the last six years the sum of £95,000. I am sure you will think it is high time after this that a new Company should be formed. I will let you know how we go on when I next write.—August 28, 1847."


Mr. Mort's Sale of Milch Cows.—We beg to call the attention of private families, milkmen, dairymen, and others, to his sale of first-rate milch cows, to take place at the Cattle Market, this morning, at 10 o'clock.—*Communicated*


### PARRAMATTA.

Clothes Stealing.—A woman named Ann Cooke was yesterday committed for trial by the Police bench for stealing a shirt, an apron, and a pillow-case, the property of Mr. R. W. Heard, of the "Traveller's Rest," on the Sydney Road. The case was an excessively clear one. In the course of Wednesday evening Mrs. Heard missed the several articles from off the clothes-horse on which they were drying in front of a fire, and presently afterwards caught the prisoner leaving the house with them.

Marsfield Church.—The consecration of the church of All Saints—the church of the second parochial division of the town—is appointed to take place on Thursday next, the 27th instant.

The Weather.—From careful inquiries made yesterday, the rain which fell in Sydney in the course of Wednesday night and continued throughout Thursday, prevailed throughout the whole of the district; and from accounts gathered from travellers from the outskirts of the county of Cumberland, it appears to have been equally experienced in those localities.

The Government Domain.—Workmen have commenced opening a new entrance at the end of Macquarie-street—at the angle formed by the turning of that street into Pitt-row to the Government Domain. It is purposed that the present entrance at the end of George-street shall be closed by the erection of a dead wall. This does not appear to be very palatable to the townspeople, inasmuch as the vista of a beautiful view looking from the Queen's Wharf up George-street to Government House, embowered in green foliage, will thereby be wholly destroyed.

## NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

*(From our Correspondents.)*

### WINDSOR.

COURT OF REQUESTS.

This tribunal commenced its sittings in Windsor, for the month of January, on Monday last. The cause list in the £10 Court was unusually small, there being only forty-nine cases entered for trial. This apparently wonderful falling off in the amount of business, compared with the Courts of previous years, can be in a great measure accounted for in consequence of the peculiar operation of the Small Debts Act in this quarter, by which all those causes accruing in the counties of Cook and Hunter, and the police district of Windsor, and which, previous to the passing of the last mentioned Act, came under the jurisdiction of the Court of Requests, must now be brought before the Bench of Magistrates assembled in Petty Sessions. The Commissioner got through the cases by three o'clock, P.M. On Tuesday morning, the £30 Court was opened before the Commissioner, and Messrs. Joseph Cope and John Barker, Assessors. There were [illegible] cases on the list, three of which were settled, two undefended, and three defended. We subjoin the following as the only one of interest.

INNIS *v.* ONUS.

This was an action of trespass, brought by Jacob Innis, of Richmond, against Joseph Onus of the same place, to recover £30 as damages consequent upon an illegal distress, inasmuch as the defendant by force and arms came, by his bailiff, upon the premises of the plaintiff, at Richmond, and seized a horse upon which to realise £2, alleged to be due as arrears of rent.

The plaintiff, (represented by Mr. Johnson), it seemed, without allowing the horse seized upon to be brought to a sale, paid the demand, alleging at the time, that he would bring an action against Onus for distraining upon him when nothing was due. From leases produced, and evidence offered, it appeared that all the rent due to Onus by the plaintiff was £30, the whole of which he proved had been paid, and that the extra claim of £2 was illegal, and not due.

The defendant's case was ably conducted by Mr. Lawson.

The Commissioner, in summing up, stated, that in his opinion the plaintiff could not maintain an action for damages, in consequence of his having paid the amount levied for, instead of allowing the horse to be sold. However, it was quite clear that Onus had made an illegal seizure, more particularly, as when he referred to the documents produced, he found that no less than four leases had been made by Onus of four several pieces of land; and as the law required that in the case of several leases, the distress should be made under each particular lease, and not in a general manner, (as was the case in this instance); it was clear that the distress was illegal. Although, as he said before, the plaintiff could not recover the damages sought for in this plaint, still the Assessors should award him some compensation for actual loss sustained, and in this manner only they would have to entertain the case. The Court found a verdict for the plaintiff of £7 13s. 6d., with full costs.

### PICTON.

Our Bench of Magistrates were engaged in the last two Saturdays in investigating a charge of extensive cattle stealing, against two men named Lanigan and Cosgrove, from whom twenty-seven head of cattle and four horses with the original brands much defaced, had been taken. It appeared by the evidence of Mr. John Chalker, that he had missed sixty-two head of his cattle, and from various circumstances, he suspected Lanigan and Cosgrove, who resided in a very secluded part of the valley of Borrigorang, (between this and Hartley): he (Chalker) with the view of making a successful discovery, disguised himself as much as possible, and represented himself as a runaway bushranger from the Derwent, against whom a warrant was in force; he then introduced himself amongst some notorious thieves, from whom he gleaned many circumstances of their nefarious mode of acting; it also appeared that Chalker was principally the cause of breaking up this notorious band of wholesale cattle stealers. Lanigan, after being taken by the mounted police, effected his escape, but being hotly pursued through the intricate wilds of Borrigorang for several days, was ultimately retaken by Chalker, and safely lodged in the Picton lock-up. Chalker described the vicinity of their residence as a scene of the most wasteful slaughter—presenting an immense quantity of bones and hides, apparently fresh.

Mr. Chalker is entitled to the thanks of the community for his untiring zeal in breaking up this infamous band of thieves, and the ingenuity and determination displayed by him, is but equalled by his former exertions in discovering that wholesale murderer Lynch, after the murder of Landrigan.

We have been blessed with a few days' rain, which has altered much the appearance of our paddocks from brown to green, and dispelled the fears we entertained of losing our cattle and horses for the want of food; but I regret to add, that the rain has descended too late for the corn and hay crops, neither of which shall we have in this district.

An excellent steam mill has been erected by Mr. Thomas Larkin, and is now in full work in the village, which is found to be a great convenience to the neighbours, who were formerly dependent on the uncertain disposition of the wind for their flour. Another addition we have received by the removal of the former host of the old Myrtle Creek Inn, Mr. James Crispe, (so well-known for his urbanity and polite attention to his friends) to the George Inn, Picton, where he deals out "creature comforts" and politeness, with all the usual vigour of this old favourite Boniface.

With the new year we have had a revival of rival coaches, the mails carried by Mr. Dargh, but with the exception of the mail bags, Mr. Jones's coach starts as before. The latter, from the very superior horses, general speed, and equipments altogether, renders his coach the decided favourite on the road; travellers are ensured a speedy transit, steady drive, with fleet unjibing horses.

### THE NEW CONSTITUTION.—PUBLIC MEETING AT SINGLETON.

*(Abridged from the Maitland Mercury.)*

A public meeting was held at Singleton on Saturday, the 15th instant, in Mr. Lumley's long room—"For the purpose of considering the despatch of Earl Grey relative to the new constitution, and of addressing Her Majesty the Queen on the subject."

James Glennie, Esq., J.P., was unanimously called to the chair, and briefly opened the business of the meeting by reading the advertisement which appeared in the *Mercury* of Wednesday last.

Mr. Dangar: The despatch of Earl Grey, which the meeting was called to consider, intimated the intention of the Secretary of State *to* introduce a Bill into Parliament to repeal the present Constitutional Act, and furnished an outline of a new one. As the whole Government influence would be exerted to support this Bill, it would probably be passed, if it had not passed already. He was at a loss for language to express his disapprobation of the despatch and its propositions. The present Act came into force in 1843, and the first Legislative Council elected under it had not yet ended its existence. They had not yet had five years' experience of it; but although it was only a moiety of representative government, it had not been complained of. The present law intended the establishment of District Councils, but the local legislature had thought fit not to carry out that part of the Act. The expense of officers, the enormous expense that would be required for the repairs of the roads, the expenses of police, would in the aggregate amount to such a sum that it would be utterly impossible for the poor and scattered districts to pay it. The chief features of the intended Bill were, first, to establish District Councils in all their vigour all over the country; 2nd. That the members of the Legislature should be elected by the members of the District Councils; 3rd. That there shall be an Upper House of Crown nominees; and lastly, a Central Legislature, to which all the Australasian colonies shall send members to legislate on matters concerning the common interests of all. Of the effects of the District Councils he had spoken. If forced on the colony, it would be ruined. What the number of the house of nominees was to be was not stated; but it would have power to reject all Bills which were sent up from the lower or people's house. As they now stood, in relation to the nominees, they are very objectionable; they destroy many a good measure. They certainly are only twelve to twenty-four, but the elective members are seldom all in their places; the others are, and they often saw the Crown against the people in matters affecting deeply their pockets, if not their freedom, with equal numbers. They could now badger, shame, and

sometimes carry them by their sense of propriety, and on the whole could manage these Crown-elected members. But with a house like this the Legislative Assembly of the colony would be a mere bugbear. With regard to the central legislative assembly, it was the most Quixotic and ridiculous idea that could be conceived; and they might depend upon it that the Council would not hold its meetings at Sydney, but at one of the pet places—Adelaide or New Zealand. The other and most serious proposition of Earl Grey was, the taking away the elective franchise from the present constituencies and giving it to the District Councillors, consisting perhaps of from ten to twenty members—being in fact a return to the old rotton borough system of England. Such constituencies could easily be bribed and flattered—and thus the liberties of the people would be bought or sold like sheep. He hoped such a state of things would never prevail here—it would be unworthy of their dignity and descent as Britons to permit it. It behoved them, then, to meet and temperately discuss the matter. They must petition her Majesty and the Parliament; they must not allow them so to legislate for them, without telling them of the wrong they are about to inflict. They believed that this crotchet of constitution-making arose in the mind or dreams of the Secretary of State from his being a disciple of the Wakefield system—that which has for its object concentration and self-support. (After commenting at great length on the unconstitutional and impolitic nature of the proposed change, the honorable gentleman concluded by expressing his opinion that the only emendations wanted in the present Act were, the abandonment of the civil list, and that leaseholders of a house or farm at £10 should be electors). He then moved the following resolution;—

That this meeting view with the deepest alarm, the despatch lately published by Sir Charles A. Fitz Roy, from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for the colonies, intimating his intention of laying before Parliament a new constitution for this colony, which this meeting believe, if passed, will be found impracticable, and entail in its working ruin to the colony.

Mr. Cullen, fully concurring in the remarks that fell from the hon. member, felt much pleasure in seconding the motion, which was carried unanimously.

Dr. Stolworthy, in rising to propose the second resolution, said that he felt, after the able and comprehensive remarks of their hon. member upon this vast and important subject, something in the position of a fifth-rate actor in a tragedy who had made his *debût*. Still, he considered he should be doing an injustice to the resolution entrusted to him, and to his own feelings, in tamely reading its contents, without expressing his sentiments upon this momentous occasion. He congratulated the inhabitants of Singleton in moving thus early, and though their meeting was not so numerous as he could have wished to have seen it, still its respectability afforded him pleasure; and he could only attribute its want of numbers to the desire the absentees had evinced to avoid a wet skin, at the same time caring little about their political rights and privileges, which it was their duty at all times and seasons to defend. He thought it was the bounden duty of every colonist and British subject, from one end of this important colony to the other, to meet and express their opinions upon this proposed innovation, this threatened subversion of our political rights and privileges. We are now threatened with a change in that constitution, which, after unwearied solicitations, was acceded to us. We had every reason to be satisfied with its workings, defective as it was in some respects, owing to the limited power of the Council over the absolute resources of the colony, and the importance of that class who were still disfranchised. Still he was prepared to say, with all its imperfections, that it was infinitely superior to this threatened transfer of their rights to municipal councils, thereby destroying that glorious link in the British constitution to which we were entitled, and which was recorded in history, and ever venerated as it deserved, viz., that "taxation should emanate directly from the representatives of the people." It was our duty to apprise Earl Grey that the machinery of his proposed new constitution was too complex, and necessarily as regards our means and capabilities too expensive, and viewing the despatch calmly and deliberately, there was so much to deprecate, so much fraught with evil consequences to this colony, that he hoped and trusted New South Wales would rise as one man; and as there had been the most indecent haste exhibited in forwarding this despatch, no time should be lost in sending the necessary petitions home to express our sentiments on the subject. He would at once read the proposition:—

That this meeting cannot allow the threatened infringement of their rights as British subjects to be carried into effect, without expressing their disapprobation as to the hasty manner in which her Majesty's ministers propose to legislate, without consulting the colonists, or affording them any time for the consideration of the measure previous to passing of a bill fraught with such disastrous consequences, and inimical to the true spirit of the British constitution.

The motion was seconded by Mr. John Browne, and carried unanimously.

Mr. W. C. Lesley, in moving the third resolution, remarked that to avert the threatened evil, it was considered necessary that petitions should be sent home to the Queen and House of Commons, and that every man in the colony that was able to write should sign his name to them. He would therefore propose:—

That this meeting is of opinion that her Majesty the Queen, as well as the House of Commons, be petitioned, conveying an expression of its opinion, and that to the latter estate it be pointed out wherein the present constitution can be amended; and that the petitions about to be presented be now read.

Mr. Rotton, in seconding the resolution, would make a few remarks relative to the despatch. It was not altogether so desperate as was generally considered, as Earl Grey almost told the colonists to let him know their opinions upon it. The petition might get into the hands of one of the members of the House of Commons two months before it would require to be presented. Mr. Rotton spoke of the injustice done to the leaseholders in this colony by their not being allowed a vote at elections. A respectable man paying a heavy rent for land was not entitled to a vote, while any householder having a cottage over his head valued at £20 per annum could vote on all occasions. This was one of the enactments of the home legislators, who were not much better than a set of unlicked cubs. Mr. Rotton having addressed the meeting at some length, in a very able speech, the resolution was put and carried.

The petition having been read,

Mr. Craddock moved the fourth resolution:—

That the matter of the petitions now read be adopted, and that a committee of six gentlemen be appointed to make such alterations in framing them as may appear advisable.

Seconded by Mr. T. W. Robinson, and carried.

Mr. Browne moved the fifth resolution, which was seconded by Mr. Rotton, and carried:—

That the following gentlemen be requested to perform such duty, and to have the petitions ready for being forwarded early in February:—Messrs. H. Dangar, W. C. Lesley, T. Cullen, D. Stolworthy, T. W. Robinson, and W. Rotton.

Mr. Vallack proposed the sixth resolution:—

That the petition to the Queen be forwarded to His Excellency Sir Charles A. Fitz Roy, for transmission to the Secretary of State; and that to the House of Commons be transmitted to Sir William Molesworth, for presentation.

Mr. Vallack remarked that there was a similarity with us to the old story of the boys pelting the frogs with stones, when the frogs stated that it might be fine fun for the boys, but very painful to them; the only difference was that instead of stones we had despatches hurled at us.

The motion was seconded by Mr. Andrew M'Dougall, and carried.

A vote of thanks having been passed to James Glennie, Esq., for his impartial conduct in the chair, the meeting separated.

## ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

*To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.*

Gentlemen,—I beg to call your attention to a very unmanly practice of some creatures in the garb of gentlemen who frequent the Domain.

There is at the end of Woolloomooloo Bay a place where numbers of poor females resort for the purpose of bathing, which to them is a very great luxury.

But it seems that they must not enjoy their bath without the interference of those fellows, who make it their business to annoy them, by creeping through the bushes adjoining the shore, and indulging in the most disgusting language and gestures.

Now, ought this to be tolerated amidst civilised society.

The people that generally go there are *poor*, but it does not follow that because they are poor they should be subjected to such scandalous annoyance.

It is to be hoped that you will expose those miscreants to the contempt they deserve; and if the Corporation (or whoever should do it) does not set apart some suitable place for the use of the female portion of the city to bathe at, let them at least be free from the insults of those despicable wretches who are void of all notions of decency.

I remain, Gentlemen,
Your very humble servant,
AN OBSERVER.

Hyde Park, Thursday.

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Rise of a Manufacturing Town.—Sixty years ago Huddersfield, now the centre of the fancy manufacture of England, was a miserable village. The houses were poor and scattered, the streets narrow, crooked, and dirty—the people ignorant, and wild in their manners, almost to savagery. Around them stretched the black moorland, unreclaimed by the plough or the spade; and the sides of the noble hills were covered with shaggy moss, brambles, and wiry creepers, or coloured in the appointed season with the golden gorse and the purple heather. And how short was to be the intervening period! Already in this wild people were deposited the seeds of a glorious manufacturing and historical unfolding. Sixty years have changed the face of this vast district; for during that time heads and hands have been at work, conquering the wild dominion of nature, and making all her elements serve them. Thus the river has been converted into artificial beds, and the waters arrested in their course by weirs, and compelled to turn the wheels of the hundreds of factories which are built upon the river's banks. The savage moorland has been cultivated and parcelled into corn fields and pastures. The hills, in many cases, wave even to their stony summits, with rich herbage; and from the wildest glens and ravines rise the chimneys of noble factories, sending their black smoke through the green foliage of the trees; every one of them the centre of a little working community. Thus Huddersfield has grown into an important town; and, what is more, she has fostered other towns and villages in her immediate neighbourhood, and made them also important; so that, within six miles of her, there are some hundred and thirty thousand souls engaged in manufactures, and in the commerce to which those manufactures give birth.—*Bradford Observer.*

Meetings of Nova Scotia Baronets.—A meeting of the Committee of Baronets for Nova Scotia rights, appointed by the general meeting of the order, on the 7th November, 1837, with full power and authority to conduct the claims of right of the body, took place in Edinburgh on Thursday last—the Earl of Carnwath in the chair. A report was read relative to the proceedings now in progress at London for the revival of the rights of the order by means of the legal process called a petition of right, and to the negociations opened with the local government of New Brunswick, relative to obtaining out of the vacant lands in that province the stipulated territorial qualifications for such baronets created between 1637 and the Union, as, in consequence of the civil wars and other disturbing causes, did not receive the same with their title. This document, after showing that a petition of right (embodying a full statement of the claims of the body, as grounded on upwards of 200 legal instruments, charters of the Crown, acts of Privy Council, ratifications by Parliament, treaty of union, &c.), has been carefully prepared, concluded by adverting to the reply of her Majesty to the address from the House of Commons *on* colonisation; to the recent famine visitation; to the favourable disposition of the government towards colonisation; to the report of the Lords' Committee on emigration from Ireland; to the formation of a railroad from Halifax to Quebec; and other circumstances, as reasons for the conclusion that the time has arrived when the most strenuous and united exertions ought to be made by the whole of the members of the order to carry forward the proceedings now in progress to an immediate and favourable issue, as being a work of combined policy, justice, and humanity. The committee having taken the report into consideration, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:—1. That the committee, as representing the general interests of the order, receive with satisfaction the report as to the progress of the business now made, and approve of the presentation to Her Majesty of a petition of right. 2. That the members present are unanimously of opinion, under the present distress existing in the British Islands, that the due location and settlement of the common properties of the baronets in Nova Scotia, as originally bounded, could not fail to prove highly beneficial both to the mother country and the colony, and that every possible effort on the part of those interested should now be directed to that important end. 3. That the attention of the peers who belong to the order, and of such baronets as have not yet contributed to the common fund for expenses, shall be called to the 5th, 6th, and 7th resolutions of the general meeting that nominated the committee for Nova Scotia rights, it being essential to the due progress of the business devolving on the committee, that an adequate sum for carrying forward the proceedings should forthwith be raised.—*Scotsman.*

The Jesuits in Rome.—The Jesuits are recovering from the disgraces and defeats they have received at Rome, as well as in other places. They are "up and stirring," frequently to be met on the thoroughfares, with thoughtful brows and hurried steps. The business of conversion is committed to their hands. Many thousand foreigners visit or sojourn in the city, to these the Jesuit frequently finds access, and by degrees winds himself into the good graces of his new acquaintances. He lends them books—not actual Roman Catholic pamphlets, but those which combine the *utile cum dulci*—which, perhaps, while they would descant upon some local subject, or something remarkable in the neighbourhood, gradually undermine the faith of Protestants. Then, when they have wound themselves into your confidence, they act more openly, and put into your hands a book upon "the faith" (*il fede*), or a tract illustrative of the sole orthodoxy and purity of Rome. It is wonderful with what zeal they go about the business, and then it was so purely accidental—so unpremeditated. I have been told that in some cases they are successful, and an English family, or some of its members, forsake the religion of their fathers, and enter into communion with Rome. These cases are uncommon, as we may infer from the unequivocal sounds of triumph that were raised when Mr. Scott Murray lately became a convert. They are, however, not the less vigilant and prepared for any business which demands energy and perseverance. Wherever the post of danger is, there the Jesuits will be found. If a schism appears in a province, their missionaries are sent to bring about measures of conciliation, and to heal division. If the Church has a political motive in view, she finds no agent more adapted to her purpose from his general knowledge of the world, and skill in penetrating character, than the follower of Ignatius. If barbarous lands require apostles to spread the Gospel, none will be found equally fitted by education, and art, to combat and overcome the difficulties of the situation, with the obsequious members of the same order. They, indeed, may be well called "the forlorn hope" of the Church, placed always in the front of the battle, elated by success, and but little dispirited by defeat. The dress of this order does not differ in much from the local clergy, but they may be always observed having the cravat half-covered with a piece of white muslin.—*Notes of a Residence in Rome.*

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## DIED.

On Saturday last, the 15th instant, at Rope's Creek, Western Road, Priscilla, wife of Mr. William Rouse, aged 44 years.

At Frankfield, near Gunning, on Wednesday morning, 19th instant, of hooping cough, Agnes Catherine, sixth daughter of Francis Rawdon Hume, Esq., aged four months.


SYDNEY INFIRMARY AND DISPENSARY.

THE Annual General Meeting of the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary will be held on the Evening of Thursday, the 27th January, at seven o'clock, in the School Room of the Old Court House, Castlereagh-street.

A report of proceedings during the year, and a statement of the Treasurer's accounts, will be submitted to the Meeting.

Alexander M'Leay, Esq., President, will take the chair.

Accommodation will be provided for Ladies, and the friends of this useful Institution are invited to attend.

JOHN M'GARVIE,
1264 Secretary.

AUSTRALIAN DIOCESAN COMMITTEE.

THE Annual Meeting of this Society will be held on TUESDAY, the 25th instant, (the Feast of the Conversion of St. Paul,) in the St. James's Infant School Room, in Castlereagh-street, at seven o'clock in the evening.

The foundation stone of St. Paul's Church, Chippendale, will be laid at ten o'clock in the morning, at which the members are invited to be present; and at eleven there will be service in Christ Church, when the sermon will be preached by the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Newcastle.

A collection will be made after the sermon.

THOMAS W. BODENHAM,
Secretary.
January 15. 1313

January 21.

REVEREND SIRS,—Respecting your published communication, addressed to me in yesterday's *Herald*, (which I have just this moment accidentally seen) I can only say as you are desirous of an immediate reply, that neither of you were elected, and that I must refer you for any further particulars to the proper quarter, the Honorary Secretary.

I have the honor to be, Reverend Sirs,
Your's, most obediently,
WILLIAM BLAND.

The Rev. Jas. Fullerton, L.L.D., &c.
The Rev. Thos. Aitken, A.M., &c. 1363

OPTHALMIC INSTITUTION.—An office has been erected in the rear of Doctor Fullerton's premises, 65, Pitt street—entrance from Liverpool street—where the poor, suffering under diseases of the eye, can be attended gratuitously, from nine till ten o'clock daily. 1420

DISCOUNT OFFICE,
NO. 2, CASTLEREAGH-STREET, NEXT DOOR TO CUNNINGHAM'S HOTEL.

LOANS negotiated on approved securities at 7 per cent.; bills discounted as usual with expedition and cash advanced on collateral security with the utmost secrecy.

Apply personally, or by letter (post paid), to the undersigned.

R. MURRY,
Agent and Money Broker

N.B.—Mr. Bruce Millar is the only party authorised to receive communications or grant receipts on account of the above.

January 21. 1263

SHARES NOW OFFERED.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 20 | Shares | £50 each. | ,, | Bank of N. S. Wales. |
| 12 | ,, | £50 | ,, | Commercial Bank. |
| 87 | ,, | £ 6 | ,, | Gas Light Company. |
| 100 | ,, | £ 4 | ,, | General Assurance Co. |
| 100 | ,, | £14 | ,, | H R.S.N. Company. |
| 15 | ,, | £10 | ,, | Molong Mining Co. |
| 10 | ,, | £50 | ,, | Australian Sugar Co. |

Also, Debentures, Mortgages, and other Securities.

W. BARTON,
555, George-street, next Bank of Australasia. 1396

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—
Sheathing Metal 16 to 28 oz.
1371 LAMB, PARBURY, AND CO.

NEW PRINTS,
GINGHAMS, PRINTED MUSLINS, SHAWLS, LACE GOODS, &C.

M. HOLROYD, per late arrivals, has opened a beautiful assortment of the above goods, which, in consequence of the advanced state of the season, are marked at tempting prices.

Just received, a new stock of Alpacas, Orleans, Coburgs, and Merinos.

CASH AND NO ABATEMENT.
SETTLERS' WAREHOUSE,
141, George-street South,
Opposite the Hay Market. 1394

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—
Tin plates 1C, 1 x, 2 x, &c., best brands
Sheet lead, 4, 5, and 6 lb., sheet zinc
Sperm and black oil
Candle cotton, brushes assorted
Linseed and boiled oil, turpentine
Copal varnish, black japan
Best white lead, gold leaf
Paints and colours
Window glass, sheet and crown
Patent water-closets, brass and lead pumps
Nails assorted, lath, shingle, batten, &c.
W. S. FRIEND.
York-street, opposite the Market. 1455

FOR SALE by the undersigned, a small lot of very superior Pale Sherry, in hogsheads and quarter-casks, from the well-known importers, Burmester and Brothers.
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.,
1322 Spring-street.

THE ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.
TO LICENSED BOOTH-KEEPERS, PIC-NIC PARTIES, &C.

MR. STUBBS has for sale by private contract,
(IN PRIME CONDITION,)
400 Dozen Taylor's London bottled Ale, in 4 dozen casks
400 Ditto ditto ditto Porter, in 3 dozen ditto
At 7s. 6d. per dozen by the cask.
Mart, King-street,
January 21. 1412

FOR SALE, the property of a gentleman, a pair of carriage horses, bay, with black points, five years old, fifteen hands high, sound, free from vice, and perfectly quiet to ride or drive. Price thirty-six guineas. Apply at the Sydney *Herald* Office.
January 22. 1383

TO CLOTH MANUFACTURERS AND OTHERS.—For sale, at the stores of the undersigned,—
One bale indigo
One package madder root.
MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.,
1403 Spring-street.

WALLER AND MARSH having made great reductions in their prices, call attention to the following list, and assure the public that the articles advertised are all first rate:—
Excellent wines, in draught, 3s per gallon
Good dinner sherry, 12s 6d. per dozen
Choice port and sherry, 15s. 6d. ditto
Byass's ale and porter, 8s. 6d. ditto
Martell's best brandy, 14s. per gallon
Pure West India rum, 8s 6d. ditto
Prime hollands, 11s. ditto.
WALLER AND MARSH,
Wine and Spirit Merchants
Bank of Australia Buildings, George-street.

FIREWORKS.—The undersigned has just received two cases London-made Fireworks, suitable for the forthcoming Anniversary.
J. F. READ,
Fancy Bazaar,
1377 Elizabeth-street.

ENGLISH HOPS.
EX PENYARD PARK.
ON SALE, five pockets of the above, of superior quality—growth 1846.
THOMAS GRIMWOOD.
Sussex-street, near Liverpool-street. 1430

ENGLISH BOTTLED ALE, IN PRIME CONDITION, in 3 dozen CASKS, price
6s 6d. PER DOZEN.

PORTS, SHERRIES, MADEIRA, "CHAMPAGNE, in pints and quarts," HOCK, MOSELLE, Clarets, Sauterne, &c., &c., on sale at
I. O GLANHAM'S,
541, George-street,
Opposite Bridge street,
And next door to Mr. S. Lyons.
N.B.—Devonshire Cider, in wood, also in bottle. 964

OBSERVE
BLOOM MUSCATEL RAISINS IN LAYERS.

ON SALE at H. Cohen and Sons' Wholesale and Retail Grocery Establishment, 5:2, George-street.

The above superior raisins at SIXPENCE PER POUND by the single box, or sevenpence by the pound, weighed out. Also, a very superior lot of Jordan and soft shell almonds, with a very large quantity of other articles, all equally low.

The public are respectfully informed that no business is transacted from Friday evening until Saturday evening. 900

HYSONSKIN TEA.
EX ANGELINA.
95 CHESTS and Halves, for Sale by Private Contract, in lots to suit purchasers, at £2 10s. per chest.
1389 SAMUEL LYONS.

WHITE HERRINGS.—On sale by the undersigned—
230 barrels White Herrings, in the finest condition.
E C. WEEKES,
1392 380, George-street.

PATENT SPERM CANDLES.—A fresh supply of those celebrated Candles, warranted to burn equally brilliant and clear as any candle in the colony. 1s. 5d. per lb, by the box of 21lbs., or 1s. 6d. for a less quantity.
Also,
A superior lot of white and coloured China matting, 1s. 3d. per yard
BROWN and WHITE WINDSOR SOAP, 1s. per lb.
American brooms and buckets
Very superior brass work American 30-hour and eight-day clocks, warranted the best ever imported
Wood seat painted chairs, in one dozen cases.
S. HEBBLEWHITE,
430, George street,
1118 Four doors South of the Post Office

EX HUDSON, and other late arrivals, on sale by the undersigned.
Ale and porter, in wood and bottle, of superior quality.
ABRAM BRIERLEY,
470 Sussex-street.

YORK HAMS AND DUTCH CHEESE.
LANDING, EX MEDWAY.
50 PRIME YORK HIRE HAMS
6 Cases Dutch cheese
ALSO,
A splendid assortment of fine family Teas, of latest importation.
On sale at
A. DAVY'S,
Family and Shipping Grocery Warehouse,
550, George-street,
1340 ☞ Opposite the Bank of Australasia.

SALT at £1 10s., in any quantity, to be had at the Salt Stores, Clarence-street; or the Lodge, on the Parramatta Road, Newington. 1382

BACON, BACON.
JUST RECEIVED, a load of prime Bacon, which will be sold cheap.
Also, Fresh and Salt Butter, the finest quality in the market.
At THOMAS JONES'S,
360, George-street,
1463 Opposite the Market.

TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—The advertiser, who is single, and at present managing a country store, is anxious to obtain an engagement in a respectable house in the city; satisfactory reference can be given as to integrity, habits, &c., &c.
Please address J. N. F., Bungendore. 1368

IF this should be seen by any person wanting a steady good Carpenter, they will hear of one who can be highly recommended—would suit any person having work to do who find their own materials.
A letter addressed to F. D. C., *Herald* Office, will be attended to immediately.
January 21. 1360

TO GROCERS, WOOD TURNERS, COFFEE-GRINDERS, AMATEURS, &c., &c.
FOR SALE, a small Steam Engine, about five-man power, perfectly new, and complete in every respect; will be sold a bargain.
ALSO,
A splendid fast-pulling four-oared Gig, 26 feet over all, with oars, mast, sail, &c., complete. This beautiful gig is worthy of attention, having lately undergone a thorough repair. Can be seen by applying at the Government Boat House, Fort Macquarie, any time previous to the 24th instant, on which day (if not previously disposed of) she may be seen at the Queen's Wharf, Parramatta. For further particulars apply to Messrs Prevost and Rudd, Watchmakers, &c., 73, King-street West, Sydney. 1210

PHAETON AND HARNESS.—On Sale at the Rooms of the undersigned, a small Phaeton with Double Harness, which will be sold very cheap.
THOMAS S. MORT,
945 George-street.

ALLOTMENT AT NEWCASTLE for sale by private contract, containing twenty-eight perches of land, bounded on the east by the Market place, and on the west by Wolfe-street. Application may be made to Mr. Burton Bradley, Solicitor, Elizabeth-street North, Sydney. 1035

TO BE SOLD, the unexpired Lease of fourteen years of the House and Grounds of Woodlands, on the North Shore, the property of the late Thomas Jeffrey, Esq., (at a ground rent of only £10 per annum). The property is let to a respectable tenant at the yearly rent of £100. The buildings and improvements on the property, at the expiration of the term, will be paid for by the lessor, according to valuation. For further particulars, apply to
DUNSMURE AND LONGMORE,
950 Solicitors, Bligh-street

FOR SALE by private contract, 800 Ewes, and a mixed flock of 400 Sheep, in all 1200, now depasturing on the station "Werrina," on the Barwin River, where they will be delivered. For particulars apply to Mr. Thomas Stubbs, Mart, King-street. 10445

A CHANCE.—A party who has taken a public-house, and is disappointed as to the expected arrival of his family from England, requires £30 from any respectable couple or single person willing to join him and participate in the profits of the business. Letters post-paid. Apply to
ROBERT ORAM,
General Registry and Agency Office, 145, corner King and Castlereagh streets.
January 21. 1418

MERINO RAMS.—A large number of the finest description of Merino Rams for sale at Manar. Apply to the undersigned, by Goulburn or Braidwood.
HUGH GORDON.
Manar, December 28. 18

SHEEP FOR SALE.—At Limestone Plains, from 500 to 1100 ewes, rising four years old—to lamb next April. They are fine strong sheep, having only lambed once.
Also,
800 maiden ewes.
Apply to Mr. Charles Campbell, near Queanbeyan; or at
Messrs. CAMPBELL AND CO.'S,
1253 Sydney.

1800 SHEEP FOR SALE by Private Contract, running in the neighbourhood of Goulburn, consisting of—
500 Aged Ewes
500 Full mouthed Ewes
800 Wethers, eighteen months old
Warranted sound, and only parted with on account of the run being over stocked: they can be seen at any time, and further particulars can be learned on application to Mr. Joseph Bull, Commercial Stores, Goulburn, or Mr. R. Fawcett, Auctioneer, George street, Sydney
Note.—If the sheep are not sold by Private Contract before the 14th February, 1848, they will be immediately sold by Public Auction. 399

WOOL AND SHEEPSKINS.
THE Undersigned are cash purchasers of washed and unwashed wools and sheepskins; or, will make advances on wools consigned to Messrs. Armitage Brothers.
10533 J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.

WOOL AND SHEEPSKINS.
THE undersigned are cash buyers of Wool and Sheepskins, either washed or the grease; or will make liberal advances on wool consigned to their house in England.
SWAIN, WEBBS, AND CO.,
8953 Harrington-street, Church Hill.

WOOL, &c.—The undersigned is a Cash buyer of Wool; or will make liberal advances on Wool or Produce, consigned to his friends in England.
Wools re-packed and sorted.
THOMAS HOLT, Jun.
244 136, George-street South.

WOOL.—The undersigned is a cash purchaser of wool, or will make liberal advances on the same consigned to his friends, Messrs. Henry E. and M. Moses, London.
M. JOSEPH,
390, George-street.
December 7. 9075

THE undersigned are Cash Purchasers of Wool, Tallow, and other colonial produce; or, will make cash advances on the same, consigned to their correspondents in London, Messrs. Magniac, Jardine, and Co.
THACKER AND CO.,
Fort-street.
December 20. 9888

THE undersigned will make advances on wool, tallow, and other produce consigned to Mr. Robert How, London.
ROBERT HOW AND CO.,
9560 Lower George-street.

THE undersigned is a Cash buyer of Wool and other colonial produce, or will make advances on consignments to his agent in London.
ROBERT CAMPBELL, Sen.,
7995 Bligh-street.

THE undersigned will purchase Wool, Tallow, and other Colonial Produce, or will make liberal Cash advance thereon, if consigned to Messrs. D. Cooper and Co., London.
COOPER AND HOLT,
Waterloo Warehouse.

WOOL.—The undersigned are cash buyers of wool.
MACKINTOSH AND HIRST,
7157 Queen's-place.

WOOL CLASSING.—The undersigned continues to class and repack Wools, and will make merchantable any that may be damaged either by fresh or salt water.
All wools consigned through or classed by the undersigned, will, at the public sales in London be brought under the immediate notice of the home or foreign purchasers.
FREDERICK EBSWORTH,
Miller's Point and Queen-street,
1193 Sydney.

NOTICE.—The undersigned are purchasers of Wool, Oil, and Tallow, or they will make advances on same.
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
700, George-street.
January 19, 1225

NOTICE.—The Proprietors of the *Sydney Morning Herald* respectfully inform their Subscribers in the districts of Morpeth, Maitland, the Paterson, &c., that Mr. A. DODDS has been appointed their AGENT, in place of Mr. Larymore, of Morpeth, who has resigned.

EMIGRANTS.—As a number of emigrants are daily expected from England, the undersigned tender their services to Settlers and others up the country, to engage such as may be required, upon receiving proper instructions and a remittance.
SAUNDERS AND BUBB,
Agents.
420, Pitt-street, January 17.
N.B.—Produce sold, and supplies purchased on commission. 1047

ESTATE OF EDWIN C. SUTTOR.
THE Creditors in the above Estate are requested to attend a preliminary meeting, to be held at Mr. Thurlow's Office, Pitt-street, on Monday, the 24th instant, at twelve o'clock. 1381

CAPTAIN BOWEN, of the American ship Harvest, will not be responsible for any debts his crew may contract. 1461

NOTICE.—Captain Parker, of the American ship Elizabeth Starbuck, will not be responsible for any debts his crew may contract. 1460

NOTICE.—If Mr. John Cole, alias J. A. Cole, of Bourke street, Surry Hills, does not release the goods that are now under restraint for rent, the goods will be sold within fourteen days from the date of restraint.
SAMUEL JONES,
Market-street.
January 21. 1339

NOTICE.—I, the undersigned, hereby caution all persons from *trespassing* on my lands situate at Ham Common, Upper Richmond, and known as Webb's Farm, the same being now in my immediate possession, as heir-at-law of Thomas Cross, deceased, who died on the fourth day of March, 1843.
WILLIAM CROSS.
Witness to the signature,
Charles Hoosfleem. 1369

NOTICE AND CAUTION.—The public is hereby informed, that an agreement was entered into betwixt myself and partner, Mr. Saul Lyons, on the 21st day of October, 1839, which with other matters states, that before and since our co-partnership commenced, certain real estates had been purchased in the name of Saul Lyons, and had been paid for by him and the co-partnership funds: and that to set at rest any disputes which might thereafter arise, it is declared, that all real estates possessed by the undersigned and Saul Lyons, before the commencement of the co-partnership and since, whether purchased in our joint names or separate, should be considered to form a part of our joint stock in-trade, which agreement all parties, for their own security, should inspect before leasing or purchasing from Mr. Saul Lyons, and which any person interested can do, by applying personally to me at No. 345, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.
ABRAHAM LYONS.
January 20. 1396

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS is required on a very splendid property, by way of mortgage, for three years.
The property is in the Cowpasture district, highly improved, and will yield a good rental.
The most satisfactory information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.
THOS. S. MORT,
1439 Auctioneer and Broker.

TO STONEMASONS, TIMBER DEALERS, &c.
TENDERS are required for the masons' work of a cottage at Balmain, also for the carpenters' work; also, about 15,000 feet of sawn timber; also, about 5000 feet of cedar to sizes; also, to carry out a stone wharf. For further particulars apply to Mr. Edward Hunt, Balmain; or at the office of Mr. C. N. Hunt Upholsterer, Jamison-street. 1434

SEPARATE Tenders are invited for the erection of Two Houses, at the corner of Elizabeth and King-streets, and for three in Castlereagh-street. Plans and specifications of which may be seen at the office of Mr. Bibb, Architect, Macquarie-street. 1367

CATTLE WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
FOR shipment to Auckland, from 500 to 2000 head, of fair cattle, averaging from 500 to 600 lbs. each. Any parties willing to contract for the above shipment, will hear full particulars by applying to
R. FAWCETT,
Auctioneer,
1083 George-street, Sydney.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, FOR CASH,
THE Right of a Station or Run which will carry from 10 to 15,000 Sheep in the Murrumbidgee district or its neighbourhood. Apply to
MR. STUBBS,
9712 Auction Mart, King-street.

COALS.—Wanted, a small cargo of coals, for a vessel now in harbour.
SHEPPARD AND ALGER
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 1427

TO PUBLICANS.—Wanted, a respectable public-house, in the city of Sydney. Any person having one to dispose of may hear of a tenant by applying by letter, post paid, to S. F. B., care of Mr. Howell, King's Arms Inn, opposite the Water Police Office, Lower George-street.
N.B.—Principals only will be treated with. 1425

WANTED in a central situation, a House containing eight or ten rooms, part suitable for offices, and the remainder as a dwelling-house. Also stable required. Apply to Mr. William Todd, 555, George-street.
January 17. 1696

TO TANNERS.—Wanted, a tanner. Apply to
JOHN GIBLETT,
1450 Commercial Wharf.

WANTED, immediately, a person that can make up tobacco in figs ready for the press: a good workman will find constant employment by applying personally, or by letter, postpaid, to Henry Gorman, Castlereagh, near Penrith. 1381

MESS MAN WANTED.—Wanted, for the Officers' Mess, 99th Regiment, a Mess Man. He must be perfectly qualified for the situation, and testimonials as to character, &c., will be required. Apply to the President of the Mess Committee, Military Barracks. 1183

WANTED, a female to cook and make herself generally useful. Apply to Mrs John Isaacs, 604, Lower George-street. A character from her last place is required.

WANTED, a steady sober Man Cook; also, a Housemaid,—who understand their business. Apply to Mrs. Sharp, No. 69, Hunter-street.
January 22. 1454

WANTED, a Housemaid; also, a Laundress. Apply to Mrs. Gosling, Charlotte-place, between ten and two o'clock.
January 21. 1414

WANTED immediately by the undersigned, a married couple as in-door servants. The man must be qualified to take charge of a horse and dray, and to deliver parcels. A respectable reference will be required. Wages, £30 per annum, payable monthly.
J. V. LAVERS.
335, George-street, Sydney. 1385

TO STOCKHOLDERS.—Wanted, a situation as Superintendent of a Grazing Establishment, by a Gentleman of nine years' colonial experience in the management of Sheep and Cattle, and who is thoroughly competent to take charge of a large Sheep Establishment. The advertiser can procure the highest reference as to competency and respectability. Apply, if by letter, post-paid, to Mr. John Stewart, Veterinary Surgeon. York-street, Sydney. 1448

WANTED, by a respectable young man, lately arrived in the colony, a situation in a general store or in a wine merchant's; he can produce satisfactory testimonials as to character, &c., and has no objection to proceed to any part of the colony. Address by letter, post-paid, to H. M., at the *Herald* Office. 1400

£5 REWARD.—Stolen or strayed, from Towrang, near Goulburn, a bright bay horse, about fifteen hands high, hind fetlock white, branded on the off side JW, about five years old. If stolen, I offer a reward of £5 on conviction of the parties; if strayed, £1 will be paid to any one bringing the same to
1365 JAMES SPRUSON.

GOULBURN.—£1 REWARD.—Strayed from Foxlow, near Lake George, last November; a bay horse, bang tail, branded DK over 2 on the near shoulder. Any person delivering the same to D. Duigan, Argyle Inn, or Denis M'Brien, Goulburn, will receive the above reward. 1366

STOLEN OR STRAYED from Wyoming, the Estate of Mrs. Hely, Brisbane Water, on the 8th December, 1847, one bay mare, rising six years old, switch tail, with white off fore foot, branded JP and AP on the near shoulder; one pound reward if strayed, if stolen five pounds will be paid on conviction of the offender or offenders.
JOHN COCKROFT.
Wyoming, Brisbane Water, January 15. 1273

BOARD AND LODGING.—A gentleman and his wife, or a single gentleman, or lady, may be accommodated in a respectable private family where there are no young children, in the healthy vicinity of Kissing Point, and at an easy distance from the river and church. A separate sitting-room may be had, with the use of a good library and extensive gardens. To parties desirous of enjoying domestic comfort without the cares of housekeeping, the above offers advantages rarely to be met with. Address Y. Z., *Herald* Office, Sydney. 1362

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.—Two or three single gentlemen of retired habits, or a gentleman and lady, can be accommodated with the above, and attendance and board if required, on application to Mrs. T. E. Jones, 59, Hunter-street, corner of Bligh-street. 1458

STORAGE, for 50 tons of light or heavy goods, at the stores of
Mr. HENRY FERRIS,
Pitt-street, near the Theatre.
January 20. 1395

OFFICES TO LET.—The two ground floor rooms in the house at present occupied by S. Elliott, Charlotte-place, particularly well adapted for offices. 1462

CITY THEATRE.
TO LET, the City Theatre, with scenery and decorations complete, and in thorough repair. Apply to
E. C. WEEKES,
1257 380, George-street.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, the ground floor and cellars of the house, No. 478, George-street, Sydney. Apply on the premises to
R. HENRY WAY,
233 Solicitor and Notary.

TO LET, that delightfully situated family residence, furnished or unfurnished, lately in the occupation of T. W. Ramsay, Esq., D.C.G., and adjoining the residence of A. W. Young, Esq., Cumberland-place. Water laid on, and replete with every convenience. Apply to Mr. Butterfield, next door. 1393

TO LET, the House at Lyons-terrace, Hyde Park, the residence of the late R. Windeyer, Esq., M.L.C.; immediate possession can be given.
ALSO,
A Cottage in Brisbane-street, South Head Road, containing four rooms, detached kitchen, and spacious yard. Rent, £40 per annum. Enquire at Mr. Samuel Lyons's, corner of Charlotte-place and George-street. 1180

BAKING ESTABLISHMENT.—To be Let, a baking establishment, in full work. Terms moderate. Direct to A. B., baker, at the office of the *Morning Herald*. 1421

TO LET, with or without the Stores, the residence and premises of A. Sillitoe, Esq., opposite St. James's Church, replete with every comfort and convenience for a family of distinction, embracing two very handsome suites of rooms on the first and second floors (including drawing room), besides those of the parlour and cellar ditto below.
They are admirably adapted besides, for barristers' chambers, solicitors, and attorney's offices, &c. &c.
Mr. Stubbs will be happy to show the property to respectable applicants. Apply at the Mart King-street.
Sydney, January 21. 1409

TO BE LET, at Balmain, a well established grocery and general store, in a central situation. The cottage contains a shop and four other apartments, in complete order; attached is a nice garden, and an excellent well of water. Apply on the premises, near the wooden Church. 1429

BALMAIN.
MOORFIELD AND SHANNON GROVE.—Those two commodious premises are now ready for immediate occupation, and are each well worthy the attention of any respectable family on the look-out for a genteel and comfortable residence in a most healthy and admired situation. To be let at very moderate rents to desirable tenants. Apply to Mr. Blake, at Mount Shamrock, Balmain.

NORTH SHORE.—To be disposed of by private sale, "Upton" Cottage, with Thirteen Acres of Ground, the late residence of William Miller, Esq., Deputy Commissary General, and at present occupied by Simon Wilkinson, Esq. The garden contains some of the finest fruit trees in the colony, with wells of never-failing water. The view is not to be surpassed, and the locality is too well known to require further description in an advertisement. For particulars apply to Assistant Commissary General Walker. 9671

WATERSIDE RESIDENCE TO LET.—A genteel verandah Cottage, in a respectable neighbourhood in Neutral Bay, a few minutes' walk from the Ferry, opposite Dawes Point, containing large sitting-room, two bed-rooms, hall, kitchen, servants' bed-room, &c.; also, three-quarters of an acre of ground, with fruit trees, fenced-in vine, well of water, &c. Rent very moderate. Apply to N. Bray, Cornish Arms, late Blue Posts, Lower George-street.
December 10. 9296

TO BE LET, at the Surry Hills, the old established house known as the Old Cockatoo Inn, but now the Curriers' Home. Immediate possession may be had. For particulars apply to Mrs. Mary Pearce.
Curriers' Home, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.
January 13. 1374

TO LET, on the Surry Hills, in the rear of Mr. Hughes's Garden, two Cottages, containing each five rooms, wash-house, yard, and small garden, with well of good water. Rent £22 per annum. Apply to H. Gallispie, opposite; or to T. Swindells, Miller's Point. 1386

KENSINGTON COTTAGE.—TO LET, the above-named family residence, situate at Darling Point. The house contains six rooms, together with cellars, store-room, kitchen, gardener's house, coach house, stable, and other out-offices, together with a large yard, and one acre of garden, well laid out with the choicest vines and fruit trees, all in full bearing. Possession may be had immediately. Apply to the proprietor, Thomas Baker, Woolloomooloo Inn, Darlinghurst; or to
Mr. WALLER,
Wine and Spirit Merchant,
George-street
January 18. 120

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—To be let, a delightfully-situated country residence, about 25 miles from Sydney, mail coach passing every day. A roomy cottage having every convenience, furnished (or the furniture may be taken at a valuation); grounds—lawn, about ten acres of garden and orchard, with a great variety of the choicest young fruit trees in full bearing.
The estate comprises upwards of 2000 acres of good land, divided into paddocks, a large proportion of which is cleared and fit for cultivation. A part or the whole will be let, as may be agreed upon. The estate is admirably adapted for a dairy, there being every convenience.
50 or 100 well bred dairy cows will be sold or let with the above. Farming implements, &c., may be taken at a valuation.
For further particulars, terms, &c., apply 352, Pitt-street North. 1166

TO SELL OR LET,
THE Property known as Woodburn, on Stonequarry Creek, near Picton, containing 500 acres, with a good house, store, kitchen, dairy, barn, &c., and an acre of garden ground, stocked with good trees and vines. About 80 acres cleared and fenced. It commands an extensive run towards the Lagoons; and Stonequarry Creek has never been known to fail. The farm is only four miles from the village of Picton, where there is a steam-mill, stores, and two good inns. Another township has been laid out by Government a short distance from Picton.
☞ Quit-rent only ten shillings yearly.
About 50 horses, 100 head of cattle, pigs, farming implements, furniture, &c., may be had at a fair valuation
Apply (if by letter, post paid) to W. Lumsdaine, 589, George-street; or to R. Blackwell, Woodburn, by Picton 960

YASS.—TO LET.—That well-known Inn, the Harp of Erin, situate in Dutton-street, Yass, and near the crossing place at the Yass River.
The Inn and premises were formerly in the occupation of Mr. Moses Moses, and are now rented by Mr. Cooper.
Possession can be given on the 1st May, 1848, and to an eligible tenant the terms will be liberal.
Application to be made to the undersigned on or before the 1st March, 1848.
10213 B. C. HARRISON AND CO.

## SALES BY AUCTION

### SEPTIMUS.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at his Stables, in York-street,
THIS DAY,
At 11 o'clock,
THE ENTIRE COLT SEPTIMUS, now only four years old, and not near his best, although he has already distinguished himself on the turf, both at Homebush and Maitland. 1451

### HORSES,
BY AUCTION.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at his Stables, in York-street,
THIS DAY,
At 11 o'clock,
The entire horse SEPTIMUS; an entire horse by Old Skeleton; three saddle horses; one gig and saddle horse; a saddle mare; a stock horse; and several other horses; also, an old phaeton; and a second-hand gig. 1452

### SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF SADDLERY.
NOW LANDING.
TO SADDLERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,
ON TUESDAY NEXT, JANUARY 25,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
FIVE PACKAGES SADDLERY, COMPRISING—
Hogskin saddles
Hogskins
White serge
Tinned roller buckles, ⅜ to ⅛ inch
Saddle trees
Leader and tiller harness
Collar heads and reins
Girth web
Bridles
Snaffle and Weymouth bridles
Stirrups and spurs.
Terms at sale. 1266

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF MR. R. C. SUTTOR.
BY ORDER OF THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

### HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON is instructed to sell by auction, on the premises, Elizabeth-street North, on
THURSDAY NEXT, 27TH JANUARY,
At 11 o'clock,
All the Household Furniture and Effects belonging to the above Estate, consisting of—
Tables, chairs, bookcases, sofas, sideboard, cheffonier, carpets and rugs, fenders and fire-irons, bedsteads and bedding, chest drawers, wardrobe, washing-stands, toilet tables and glasses, window curtains and rods, time-pieces, pictures, &c.
Harp and music-stand
About 230 volumes law and other works
Silver plate
Crockery, glass, kitchen utensils, &c.
Terms—Cash. 1436

### BOATS.
JUST IN TIME FOR THE REGATTA, AT THE GAS COMPANY'S WHARF.
MR. R. FAWCETT

WILL sell by public auction, at the Gas Company's Wharf,
ON MONDAY, 24TH JANUARY,
At ten o'clock precisely,
A British-built gig, with lug sails, four ash oars, &c., all complete
A neat sailing boat, about three tons, all complete, and well fitted up, and fit for immediate use
A superior dingy, strong built, with oars and sails complete
No Reserve.
Terms—cash. 1457

### PICKLES AND MUSTARDS.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on
THURSDAY NEXT, 27TH JANUARY,
At 11 o'clock.

100 CASES PICKLES, 2 dozen each
50 ditto ditto, quarts
50 ditto mustards, ½ lbs.
10 quarter-casks vinegar.
Terms at sale. 1422

### PERSIAN HEARTH RUGS, FRENCH FLOWERS, AND STAYS.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL SELL by auction, at his Rooms, on
MONDAY NEXT, THE 24TH JANUARY,
At 11 o'clock,
One bale splendid hearth rugs
One case superior coutille stays
One ditto French flowers
One ditto ditto gloves.
Terms at sale. 1328

### DAMAGED BONNETS.
ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, EX WINSCALES, SPROUL, MASTER, FROM LONDON.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms, on
MONDAY NEXT, 24TH JANUARY,
At half-past ten o'clock,
RW — in diamond, S outside, ⅓ 308
RS
One case Bonnets, as under—
163 bonnets, much damaged
50 ditto slightly damaged
74 ditto, sound
Terms—Cash. 1424

### DAMAGED TICKS.
ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, EX KELSO, ROXBURGH, MASTER, FROM LONDON.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms, on
MONDAY NEXT, 24TH JANUARY,
At half-past ten o'clock precisely,
AD
D ⅓ 27. One bale bed-tick, 24 pieces, 1318 yards
G
More or less damaged by sea water.
Terms—Cash. 1423

### IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE OF SPIRITS, WINES, BEER, &c.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on
TUESDAY, 1ST FEBRUARY NEXT,
At 11 o'clock,
The undermentioned superior lot of Wines, &c., just landed, the whole of which will positively be sold without any reserve.
100 Cases, 1 dozen superior Champagne
20 Ditto, ditto Hock
10 Ditto, ditto Sauterne
14 Ditto, ditto Bucellas
30 Ditto, ditto Claret
12 Hogsheads pale Sherry
40 Quarter-casks ditto
4 Hogsheads gold Sherry
6 Quarter casks ditto
16 Ditto very superior Port, vintage 1842
10 Ditto ditto pale Sherry
40 Ditto ditto Teneriffe
49 Octaves ditto
8 Hogsheads red wine
40 Cases Old Tom, 3 dozen each
30 Ditto pale brandy, out of bond
30 Hogsheads B P. rum
10 Ditto Henessy's brandy
4 Ditto malt whisky
20 Ditto prime Devonshire cider
[illegible] Quarter-casks ditto ditto
The whole of the above being first-rate [illegible] excellent opportunity is offered to publicans, storekeepers, and shippers supplying themselves at their own [illegible]
Terms at sale. 1326

### MENS' AND BOYS' CAPS. DRAB ANGOLA HATS.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL SELL by auction, at his Rooms, on
MONDAY NEXT, 24TH JANUARY,
At eleven o'clock,
Two cases boys' fancy caps
Two ditto men's blue cloth ditto
Two ditto drab Angola hats
One ditto ditto beaver ditto
Terms at sale. 1326

### SAIL AND TARPAULIN CANVAS, WOOL BAGGING, WOOLPACKS, &c.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

WILL SELL by auction, at his Rooms, on
MONDAY NEXT, 24TH JANUARY,
At eleven o'clock,
100 Bolts bleached sail canvas, Nos. 1 to 6
75 Ditto brown tarpaulin canvas
400 Heavy woolpacks
50 Pieces ditto ditto bagging
The whole without reserve.
Terms at sale. 1324

### GREAT UNRESERVED SALE.
TWO HUNDRED AND FIVE PACKAGES OF DRAPERY AND SLOPS.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Pitt-street, on
MONDAY AND TUESDAY, THE 24TH AND 25TH JANUARY,
Each day at eleven o'clock,
The undermentioned goods, without the slightest reserve:—
20 Cases fancy prints assorted
10 Ditto small pattern, plates
6 Ditto fine ginghams
4 Bales 5-4 navy blues
10 Ditto 30 to 36-inch grey shirtings
8 Cases superior longcloth
3 Bales cotton tick
2 Ditto heavy Scotch twill
6 Cases printed muslins
2 Ditto sewn goods
4 Ditto drab moleskin
2 Ditto white ditto
4 Ditto printed ditto
2 Ditto coloured and white rolled jaconets
2 Ditto checked muslin dresses
1 Ditto white book muslin
3 Cases assorted hosiery
4 Ditto fancy shawls
1 Ditto rich filled ditto
1 Ditto fancy ribbons
2 Ditto Tuscan and Dunstable bonnets
1 Ditto white and coloured kid gloves
1 Ditto ditto ditto silk ditto
4 Bales white counterpanes
4 Ditto coloured ditto
4 Ditto 9-4 and 10-4 rugs
3 Ditto 9 4 to 10-4 blankets
1 Case assorted silk handkerchiefs, in black and coloured
2 Ditto printed circular table covers
4 Ditto superior floor cloth, assorted widths
2 Ditto 8-4 table covering
1 Ditto assorted haberdashery
1 Ditto ditto threads
5 Cases coloured Orleans cloths
3 Ditto black ditto ditto
4 Ditto coloured Coburg ditto
2 Ditto black ditto ditto
3 Ditto ditto merinos
1 Ditto fine black Parramatta cloth
1 Ditto fine Irish linens
2 Ditto brown hollands
1 Ditto bleached huckabacks
2 Ditto bordered towels
4 Ditto cotton handkerchiefs
4 Ditto handsome de laine dresses
2 Ditto dark printed cashmeres
2 Ditto fancy balzorines
1 Ditto ditto brides
1 Ditto artificial flowers
1 Case brown silk parasols
1 Ditto ditto ditto umbrellas
2 Ditto cotton ditto.

SLOPS.
6 Cases moleskin trousers
4 Ditto fancy ditto
2 Ditto holland blouses
1 Ditto check ditto
2 Ditto white shirts
4 Bales striped ditto
4 Cases regatta ditto
2 Bales pilot coats
1 Case fancy vests
3 Ditto blue cloth caps
2 Ditto boys' fancy ditto
2 Cases drab Angola hats
2 Ditto ditto beaver ditto
2 Ditto white cotton braces
1 Ditto I. R. ditto.
Terms at sale. 1056

### 100 TONS
SUPERIOR GROCERS' SUGAR, TWO HUNDRED CHESTS HYSONSKIN TEA.
MR. CHARLES NEWTON

HAS been instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on
THURSDAY NEXT, THE 27TH JANUARY,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
30 Tons Zebu sugar
70 Ditto superior Grocers' ditto
200 Chests hysonskin tea, warranted equal to any in the market.
Samples on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneer.
Terms at sale. 1329

### COCOANUTS AND COWRIE GUM,
NOW LANDING FROM THE ANN.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD will sell by auction, at the City Mart,
ON MONDAY NEXT,
At 11,
About 3000 COCOANUTS
AND
Three tons COWRIE GUM.
Terms at sale. 1405

### THE FORTHCOMING REGATTA.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street, Sydney,
ON MONDAY NEXT,
At 11 o'clock,
WITHOUT ANY RESERVE,
THE first-rate, cutter-rigged yatch NEMESIS,
with sails, masts, oars and gear
ALSO,
A very excellent Dingy.
The above are the property of a private gentleman, and only parted with on account of his having left the colony.
AFTER WHICH,
An excellent Whale Boat.
Intending purchasers can see the above at any time upon application to Mr. Jobson, at Moore's Wharf, Miller's Point.
Terms at sale. 1406

### GLOVER'S STAFFORDSHIRE ALE.
NOW LANDING EX CONSTANT.
MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

HAS received instructions from the Importer,
R. M. ROBEY, ESQUIRE,
To sell by public auction, at his Stores, 427, George-street,
ON TUESDAY NEXT, 25TH INSTANT,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
SIXTY HOGSHEADS STAFFORDSHIRE ALE.
The trade are particularly requested to bear in mind, that this ale has been brewed by Mr. Glover expressly for this colony, under instructions sent home by the importer after the sale of the batch which arrived last year, and which gave such general satisfaction to all the purchasers. It is now landing, and has been pronounced by competent judges to be *the finest sample of Ale* that has ever been introduced, and that it must eventually drive all others out of the market. In submitting this splendid Ale to unreserved sale at auction, the importer's directions and wishes are, that it should pass into the hands of the trade, and yet be distributed in as many quarters as practicable, feeling convinced that when once known, no other will command so ready a sale as
GLOVER'S STAFFORDSHIRE ALE.
Terms at sale. 1258

### EXTENSIVE LANDED ESTATES,
TO BE SOLD WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE.
SITUATED AT
LIVERPOOL, GOULBURN, QUEANBEYAN, KIAMA, FIVE DOCK FARM, BRISBANE WATER, CURRYJONG, AND NEWTOWN.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD has received instructions from the Trustees in an Insolvent Estate to submit to public competition, at his Rooms, City Mart, 474, George-street,
ON MONDAY, 24TH JANUARY,
At 12 o'clock precisely.
WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE,
In order to close the accounts of an insolvent estate.
The following valuable properties, purchased at great expense to the original proprietors.

QUEANBEYAN.
Lot 76, Allotment 10 of section 3.
Lot 77, Allotment 11 of section 3.

KIAMA.
Lot 168, Allotment 4 of section 7.
The rapidity with which the population of these townships has increased, ever since the day on which they were laid out by the Government, is quite sufficient recommendation without anything that the Auctioneer could say on the subject.

CURRYJONG.
FOURTEEN SMALL FARMS at Curryjong, twelve of which contain each twenty-four acres one rood; one, thirty acres; and one thirty-four acres; distance from Sydney only a day's drive
The Auctioneer feels it would be quite superfluous to point out to those acquainted with the district the numerous advantages these farms possess over almost every other at a similar distance from Sydney, commanding, as they do, every facility for enabling the purchaser to turn to profitable account the investment of his money.
The Trustees would prefer intending purchasers, who may be strangers to the locality, visiting the land, and judging for themselves, instead of depending upon the auctioneer's description; it being now pretty generally believed that the glowing accounts daily exhibited in advertisements of land for sale, are better calculated to amuse than instruct.

FIVE DOCK FARM.
Seventy-six allotments, each containing half an acre or thereabouts, being part of the celebrated Estate of Five Dock Farm, and known by the following description,—
All that piece or parcel of Land containing by admeasurement thirty-eight acres three roods and five perches, commencing on the south-east side of the Blackwall Point Road, at the water side, bounded towards the north-west by that road, bearing west thirty-eight degrees, south one chain fifty links, then by the same road bearing west forty-eight degrees, south thirty chains seventy-four links, then by the same road bearing west fifty-three degrees, south forty links; towards the south-west by a line bearing south forty-eight degrees, east eight chains to the Five Dock Bay; and towards the east by that Bay to the commencing point.
This Estate is situated on one of the greatest thoroughfares in the colony, only seven miles distant from Sydney, the great metropolis of the Southern Hemisphere; the estate itself, and particularly that portion of it which the auctioneer is now instructed to sell, has a large frontage to the Parramatta River, where steamers are hourly passing, so that the fortunate possessor of a small portion of this valuable property would enjoy all the luxuries of a country life, and be at a few moments' notice in the heart and bustle of Sydney, without the inconvenience of ruining his horses, breaking his carriage, and injuring his own person, circumstances so daily consequent on being compelled to travel the bad roads of this colony.
To the market gardener this property offers a splendid opportunity for realizing a comfortable competency. The distance from Sydney is so trifling and the communication so speedy and safe, that any produce grown could be in the market within an hour after it was out of the ground.

BRISBANE WATER.
Fourteen Valuable Farms at Tarrigal Haven, distant about four miles from East Gosford, and about nine miles from Tuggerah Beach.

LOT I.
Contains fifteen acres, three roods, and twenty-five perches, has a frontage on the north to a reserved road thirty-three feet wide, separating it from Mr. Richard Jones's two thousand acres, occupied by Mr. Donnison, leading into a road from East Gosford to Tuggerah Beach; on the east by lot 2; on the south and west by Crown land. This lot has good building ground, and the remainder is fine dark soil, well adapted for cultivation; a small creek passes through it.

LOT II.
Contains eighteen acres, one rood, twenty-six perches, has a frontage to the above-mentioned reserved road on the north; is bounded on the east by lot 3; on the south by Crown land; and on the west by lot 1. This lot is of the same description as the last, having the creek running through it, same as last.

LOT III.
Containing eighteen acres, one rood, twenty-five perches, has the same frontage; is bounded on the east by lot 4; on the south partly by Gray's Grant, now Mr. Pendray's, and Crown lands; and on the west by lot 2. Has fine building land, and fine moist, dark soil, well adapted for cultivation, the small creek above-mentioned runs through this lot and another also.

LOT IV.
Contains eighteen acres, one rood, and thirty-seven perches; is bounded on the north by the same reserved road; on the east by lot 5; on the south by Gray's grant; and on the west by lot 3. There are two creeks passing through this lot; the land for cultivation is moist and excellent, and there are two good sites for building.

LOT V.
Contains eighteen acres, two roods, twenty-four perches; is bounded on the north by the same road; on the east by lot 6; on the south by Gray's grant; and on the west by lot 4. There is a good proportion of moist rich land for cultivation, and possesses good building sites.

LOT VI.
Contains eighteen acres, three roods, fourteen perches, has the same frontage as the last; has a good building site; the two last mentioned creeks disappear in this lot; the land is very good, and is chiefly flat and moist.

LOT VII.
Contains eighteen acres, three roods, eight perches; has a frontage on the north to the same reserved road. A larger creek here commences; the evident uniting and rising again of the above-mentioned creeks; there are also other waterholes on the other side. The whole of this lot is flat moist land.

LOT VIII.
Contains eighteen acres, three roods, seventeen perches; has the same frontage as the last, the land is of the same description; the large creek above mentioned passes through this lot, and across the reserved road, at which point there is an admirable opportunity of constructing a dam, for the purpose of a reservoir for a full supply for all the allotments; a favourable spot for building near the creek.

LOT IX.
Contains eighteen acres, two roods, seven perches; has about the same frontage; a low range commences here; a pretty spot for building.

LOT X.
Contains nineteen acres, two roods, ten perches; has a larger frontage than the last to the reserved road, separating it from Tarrigal Lagoon, which abounds with waterfowl, comprises a part of the same range: there is a waterhole on the south side, and some good flat land.

LOT XI.
Contains nineteen acres, three roods, thirty-six perches; has a still larger frontage than the last to the road adjoining; the lagoon embraces the most part of the flat land between the two low ranges; a good building spot fronting the lagoon.

LOT XII.
Contains nineteen acres, three roods, twenty-six perches, comprising a grassy range; pretty spot for a house.

LOT XIII.
Contains twenty-two acres, one rood, thirty-one perches, includes a part of the above mentioned range; the remainder is good flat forest land.

LOT XIV.
Contains sixty-three acres, two roods, twenty-four perches; has a fine commanding view of the lagoon and the ocean, affording several pretty spots for building on. There are two wells on the north side, and water-holes on the south side; has the advantage of two frontages to the above mentioned reserved road, and the road called Moore's road passes through it, being a continuation of the roads from East Gosford, Kincumber Village Reserve, (where a church is being erected), Cockle Creek, and Mr. Moore's Estate, towards Tuggerah Beach, and Lake Macquarie. A small portion, viz.—two acres, one rood, and eleven perches, on the north side of the lagoon belongs to this lot.
FROM LOTS I. to XI. inclusive
The timber is fine, consisting of blue gum, black butt, turpentine, mahogany, &c. From 1 to 5 are studded with bangolas, a certain indication of superior soil.
The present is a rare opportunity of obtaining rich little farms, considered some of the very best in that part of the country.
The Auctioneer has much pleasure in adding that they have been all marked out on the ground, and numbered, under the direction of Mr. Armstrong, in a very clear and conspicuous manner.

GOULBURN.
Four Allotments in the heart of the Township, description of which will be given hereafter.

NEWTOWN.
Three and a half acres of land, part of Laing's Clear, a very valuable property.

HINTON.
An Allotment of Land, at the junction of the Rivers Hunter and Paterson, containing half an acre, on which is erected a comfortable cottage, now let at a moderate rent.

LIVERPOOL.
Six hundred and forty acres of Land, a portion of the Church and School Estate, on the borders of the Town of Liverpool, and rapidly rising in value.
Plans of the whole will be on view at the Mart in a few days.
Terms at sale. 1439

### IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF CHARLES CHAPMAN.

THE Sale of the Household Furniture in the above insolvent estate, advertised to take place This Day, is postponed for the present.
SAMUEL LYONS, Auctioneer.
1398

SATURDAY, 22ND JANUARY.
IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF CHARLES CHAPMAN, COOPER.
STOCK-IN-TRADE, &c., &c.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction,
BY ORDER OF THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE,
On the Premises, George-street, opposite the Police Office,
THIS DAY, THE 22ND INSTANT,
At 10 o'clock precisely,
THE STOCK-IN-TRADE of the above named Insolvent, consisting of—
Casks, staves, tubs, kids, buckets, &c., &c.
ALSO,
Horse, gig, dray, and harness.
Terms at sale. 1129

MONDAY, 24TH JANUARY.

### SALE OF FURNITURE, &c.,
AT THE RESIDENCE OF CLARK IRVING, ESQ.
NOTICE TO INTENDING PURCHASERS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS begs to announce that the
GRAND SQUARE ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE, and
The splendid Oil Painting, "THE ITALIAN BOWLERS,"
Will be put up precisely
AT ONE O'CLOCK. 1399

MONDAY, 24TH INSTANT.

### ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOFORTE, LIBRARY, AND OTHER EFFECTS.
MR. LYONS
Has been favoured with instructions from
CLARK IRVING, ESQ.,
TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
AT HIS RESIDENCE, 327, CASTLEREAGH-STREET,
ON MONDAY, THE 24TH INSTANT,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
THE Household Furniture and Effects, consisting of
Handsome escrutoire, bookcase, cheffonier, dining and other tables, parlour, bed-room, drawing-room and other chairs, Brussels and other carpets, rugs, fenders, fire irons, glass, crockeryware, chests of drawers, four-post brass, iron, and other bedsteads, palliasses, hair and other mattresses, double marble and other washstands and furniture, clothes horses, window blinds, window curtains with cornice and furniture complete, toilette glasses, kitchen utensils, patent chaff cutter.
WINES
duelling pistols, gun, stoves, and kitchen range, and a great variety of useful domestic and other articles.
A pair of splendid Globes, well adapted for a school.
ALSO,
One splendid toned
ROSEWOOD GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE; makers, Mortimer and Co., of Edinburgh, warranted sound, and in excellent order.
LIBRARY
Consisting of about 500 volumes of Literary and Scientific Works, in the English, French, and Italian languages.
After which,
Several very splendid Oil Paintings, including the
"ITALIAN BOWLERS,"
the head prize of the Scottish Art Union for 1844, for which the Society paid £250.
This picture is on view at Grocott's, George-street, and the *following* is an abstract from their report:—
"This was the first prize in the Scottish Art Union in 1844, value £250.
"To the 'Italian Bowlers' the Committee of the Scottish Art Union feel themselves called more particularly to refer, both on account of the intrinsic beauty of the acquisition they have made, and of the very marked and honorable position which the skill displayed in its execution has achieved for Mr. M'Innes."
—*Report of the Committee on the Scottish Art Union.*
Also, some originals by the following masters, viz.:—
Karl de Jardin, Teniers, Galli, Rubens, Vandyck, and others.
A London-built Britska, with Collin's patent axles, rumble, &c., and which has never been used.
A small four-wheeled one-horse phaeton.
Terms at sale.
Catalogues are in preparation, and may be had two days previous to the sale. 979

THURSDAY, 27TH JANUARY.

TO PUBLICANS, WINE MERCHANTS, GROCERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at the Stores of Messrs. Thacker and Co., Lower Fort-street, on
THURSDAY, 27TH JANUARY,
At 12 o'clock.
19 hogsheads very superior London stout
6 hogsheads brown sherry
7 hogsheads pale sherry
1 case superior Manila chocolate
A few tubs sugar-candy
About two tons bale lashing
A few broken chests tea.
Terms at sale. 1116

### PRELIMINARY NOTICE OF EXTENSIVE SALE OF TOBACCO.
TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS has received instructions to sell by auction,
ABOUT
200 PACKAGES OF NEGROHEAD TOBACCO.
Most of which is of first-rate quality.
The sale will take place in about a week, of which full particulars and due notice will be given. 1388

FRIDAY, 28TH INSTANT.

### WHALING GEAR, STORES, &c.,
OF THE
BARQUE BROUGHAM,
CAPTAIN J. E. BUNKER,
FITTED OUT BY MESSRS. SOULCOTT AND CO., OF LONDON.
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,
BY MR. LYONS,
At Moore's Wharf, on
FRIDAY, THE 28TH INSTANT,
At eleven o'clock precisely.

THE whole of the Whaling Gear, Stores, &c., of the Barque
BROUGHAM,
Comprising all things necessary for a
WHALER,
And of the very best quality, viz.:—
Harpoons, lances, spades
Shovels, boarding and mincing knives
Coopers' and carpenters' tools
Trypots and trywork, doors, bars, &c.
Copper coolers
Blocks, sheaves, and tackle
12 Whale lines
Coil and lance warp
67 Fathoms rope, 5 to 7½ inch
2 6lb. Carronades, with carriages and shot
About 40 oil casks, 90 to 300 gallons
Ditto 70 shooks, 180 to 300 ditto
Ditto 50 breakers, various sizes
A quantity of hoops
47 Bundles straight hoops
&c., &c., &c.,
IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
Terms at sale.
Catalogues are in preparation, and will be ready in a few days. 1318

### FIRST-RATE MILCH COWS,
ALL WARRANTED OF THE FIRST DESCRIPTION, AND GUARANTEED NOT ONLY BROKEN TO BAIL, BUT QUIET TO MILK; ALL OF THEM RECENTLY CALVED, AND IN FULL MILK.
ONE IN A LOT, TO SUIT FAMILIES.
MR. MORT
Is instructed by the Proprietor, to sell by public auction, without any reserve,
At the Cattle Market,
THIS DAY, JANUARY 22,
At ten precisely.

20 HEAD of first-rate Milking Cows, of superior breed, and warranted good milkers, quiet, and broken to bail.
Terms—Cash.
☞ This is a first-rate opportunity for parties wanting a good cow. 1441

SATURDAY'S USUAL PRODUCE SALE.

### WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, SHEEP-SKINS.
MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, in the Wool Store, rear of his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, JANUARY 22,
At 12 o'clock.

83 BALES FLEECE WOOL
737 Sheepskins
60 Salted Hides
3 Cask Tallow.
Terms—Cash. 1442

COACHING STALLION, CHESTNUT SADDLE HORSE, PHAETON, BOX DRAYS, CARRIAGE, GIG, AND CART HARNESS.
MR. MORT
Will sell by auction, in the Yard at the rear of his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, JANUARY 22,
At half-past 12,

A THOROUGH-BRED COACHING STALLION, blood bay, black points, five years old, stands sixteen and a half hands high; he is an excellent draught horse, and is perfectly quiet.
An excellent chestnut saddle horse, five years old, broken to draught and traces
Two box drays
One set cart harness, complete
One set trace harness
One saddle, and double rein bridle
One set each carriage and gig harness.
ALSO,
A neat hooded phaeton, for one or two horses
Terms—Cash. 1443

### UNRESERVED SALE,
AT THE BONDED STORES OF E. H. POLLARD, ESQ., QUEEN'S PLACE,
RUM, WHISKEY, WINES, NEGROHEAD.
MR. MORT
Has received instructions FROM THE IMPORTERS, to sell by public auction, at the
BONDED STORES OF E. H. POLLARD, ESQ., QUEEN'S-PLACE.

THE FOLLOWING GOODS,
WITHOUT RESERVE,
ON TUESDAY, 25TH JANUARY,
At half-past twelve o'clock precisely,
19 Hogsheads } Vatted rums
5 Puncheons }
4 Hogsheads Campbelltown whiskey
18 Quarter-casks } Marsala
25 Octaves }
7 Quarter-casks choice port
4 Hogsheads fine golden sherry, a choice wine
ALSO,
13 Boxes, each 2000, finest Bahia royal cigars, ex Woodlark
ALSO,
5 Boxes Cavendish tobacco, (18 figs to the pound)
15 Kegs choice negrohead, ex Agincourt
11 Ditto ditto, ex Honduras
5 Half-tierces ditto, ex St. Vincent.
Terms, liberal. 1445

### VALUABLE FREEHOLD IN PHILLIP-STREET,
NEAR KING-STREET.
WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE,
MR. MORT

HAS received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, on
THURSDAY, 3RD FEBRUARY,
At 12 o'clock,
A MOST DESIRABLE PROPERTY IN PHILLIP STREET.
It is thus described in the grant:—
"All that allotment or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement sixteen perches, situate in the town of Sydney, parish of St. James, county of Cumberland, allotment No. 29 of section No. 40, and bounded on the west by the building line of Phillip-street, bearing south three degrees thirty minutes east, fifty-two and a half links; on the south by allotment No. 30, bearing east one degree thirty minutes, south one hundred and eighty-seven links; on the east by allotment No. 3, bearing north fifteen minutes, west fifty-five and a half links; and on the north by allotment No. 28, bearing west thirty minutes, north one hundred and ninety-one links."
The premises are situated immediately
OPPOSITE WENTWORTH-PLACE,
and are in the rear of Bent-street Chapel.
On the land is erected
A GOOD FOUR-ROOMED COTTAGE,
fronting Phillip-street, with a small Cottage in the rear.
Independent of a good rental derivable from the present tenements, this property will certainly become peculiarly valuable from its
EXCELLENT SITUATION
AND IMMEDIATE PROXIMITY TO THE
SUPREME COURT.
Indeed it is an unquestionable fact, that Phillip street is one of the most rapidly improving localities in the city, and will soon form a continuous line of
GENTLEMEN'S RESIDENCES.
Its healthy position, and immediate neighbourhood to the Domain and Baths, as well as to the business premises in the city, rendering it by far the best building property for good dwelling houses in Sydney.
The title is unexceptionable, and immediate possession given. 1444

### ROMAN CEMENT AND VINEGAR.
MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
THIS DAY, JANUARY 22,
At half-past 11.

18 BARRELS ROMAN CEMENT
8 Hogsheads vinegar
Terms—Cash. 1446

### ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
EX CHEERFUL, JONES, FROM BATAVIA,
221 BAGS SUGAR.
MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at the Stores of Messrs. Smith and Campbell, Campbell's Wharf, on
MONDAY, 24TH JANUARY,
At half-past 10 o'clock,

221 BAGS SUGAR, VIZ.—
56 Bags, slightly damaged }
120 Ditto much ditto } By sea water.
45 Ditto washed out }
221 Terms—Cash. 1440

### SALE OF FURNITURE, HORSE-STOCK, &c.
AT "BAILEY PARK, ST. MARY'S,"
Near Penrith.
MR. MORT
Has been favoured with instructions to sell, on the premises, BAILEY PARK, on
MONDAY, 31ST JANUARY,
At half-past 10 o'clock,

A LARGE quantity of superior Furniture, comprising,—
Drawing-room, dining-room, bed-room, and nursery furniture, crockery and glass, books, plate, carriage, dog-cart, harness, saddles, bridles, spring-cart, &c.
Also—
Several useful Horses and Mares
Also—
The thorough-bred English Horse "BOOK-WORM."
Together with Milch Cows, &c., &c.
Terms at sale. 1447

### SATURDAY'S SALE.

MR. STUBBS will sell by public auction, at his Mart,
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, JANUARY 22,
A large collection of FURNITURE, consisting of—
Bedstead and bedding, tables, cheffoniers, chairs, drawers, sideboards, washhand-stands, bronzed fenders and fire irons, toilet glasses, &c., &c.
AFTER WHICH,
Several horses
One capital gig
Drays, &c., &c.
ALSO,
One large glass show-case
Four crates Earthenware, consisting of—
Ewers, basins, and chambers
Jugs, bowls, &c.
Five dozen Scotch shawls
A variety of grocery stores
Twenty sides of bacon
One double-barrel fowling-piece, by Mortimer.
Terms—cash. 1410

FOR SALE,
### SILVER PLATE.
THE FOLLOWING BEAUTIFUL SUITE OF PLATE IS RECOMMENDED TO THE NOTICE OF FAMILIES OF DISTINCTION.

MR. STUBBS is favoured with instructions to sell by public auction,
ON SATURDAY, THE 29TH JANUARY,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
The undermentioned valuable assortment of SILVER PLATE,
Consisting of—
Silver dishes
Ditto table forks
Ditto dessert ditto
Ditto egg stand, cups and spoons
Ditto bread basket
Ditto salvers (large)
Ditto ditto (small)
Ditto milk jug
Ditto table spoons
Ditto dessert ditto
Ditto tea ditto
Ditto teapot
Ditto coffee-pot
Ditto soup ladle
Ditto butter knife
Ditto salt spoons
Ditto sauce ladles
Ditto tea caddy
Ditto muffineer
Ditto silver handled table knives and forks
Ditto ditto dessert ditto
Ditto tea-kettle lamp and stand
Ditto wine strainer
Terms at sale. 1407

### TO MASTER BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, AND RETIRED TRADESMEN, &c.
Description of a very valuable
TOWN ALLOTMENT
For sale by public auction, by
MR. STUBBS.

ON consulting the list of Properties for sale in the market, none will be found more suitable for the erection of
Three handsome Residences
than the one now up for auction, viz.:—
It is situated on the east side of Macquarie-street, (a street peculiarly set apart for the dwellings of families of distinction), near the School of Industry and the Legislative Council, and only a stone's-throw from that noble structure
The Statue of Sir R. Bourke.
It has seventy feet frontage and one hundred and seventy feet in depth, forming a very pretty square of nearly a quarter of an acre of building land.
The sale will take place at the Mart, King-street, on
MONDAY, THE 31ST JANUARY,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
and knocked down to the highest bidder.
Terms Liberal—viz., 25 per cent. cash deposit, and the residue at 3, 6, and 9 months, without interest.
Title—Grant from the Crown, dated 27th July, 1839, under the hand of the late Sir George Gipps, Governor. 975

### 600 HEAD OF SPLENDID HORNED CATTLE,
DELIVERABLE ON THE UPPER HUNTER, AND TO BE SOLD
WITHOUT RESERVE.

MR. STUBBS is instructed to sell by public auction, at the Mart, King-street,
ON MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JANUARY,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
600 HEAD OF BEAUTIFUL BRED CATTLE, consisting of—
Bullocks
Cows
Heifers, and
Steers
All calves under 6 months to be given in.
☞ A rare bargain.
Terms—Cash. 764

### MORE RENT ROLL PROPERTY,
Consisting of—
FOUR HOUSES, AND PREMISES IN HOLT-STREET, NEAR ELIZABETH-STREET, ADJOINING MR. TERRY HUGHES'S.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the proprietor, to sell by public auction,
ON MONDAY, 7TH FEBRUARY,
At the Mart, King-street,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
The undermentioned comfortable Rent Roll, which will be in great request on the arrival of the first batch of immigrants, viz.:—
Lot 1—A neat cottage, with three rooms, let at 5s. per week.
Lot 2—A ditto ditto, with three ditto, let at 3s. 6d. per week.
Lot 3—A neat ditto, with three ditto, let at 4s. per week.
Lot 4—A larger ditto, with six ditto, let at 8s. per week.
TERMS.—25 per cent cash deposit, and the residue at three and six months, without interest. 1408

FOR SALE.
### A VALUABLE PLOT OF BUILDING LAND,
40 FEET FRONTAGE TO DOWLING-STREET, AND 146 FEET IN DEPTH,
AT WOOLLOOMOOLLOO,
WITH
A VERY EXCELLENT TRADESMAN'S RESIDENCE ERECTED THEREON.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the Proprietor, to sell by public auction, at the Mart, King-street, on
MONDAY, 31ST DAY OF JANUARY, 1848,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
A very neat-built Tradesman's Residence, with two rooms on the street floor, and nursery above, well finished, and having double-faced architraves to all the doors and windows, besides box frames, with hung sashes, Venetian blinds, and handsome imitation marble mantel-piece.
It is altogether a valuable little property, and situate on a spot which is every day cheered by the pleasing improvements constantly revolving about it.
Terms—Cash.
TITLE—Grant to the late lamented Sir James Dowling.

### A CAPITAL OPPORTUNITY
FOR ANY GENTLEMAN WISHING TO GO INTO SHEEP FARMING, &C., IN THE SOUTH COUNTRY,
THE SPLENDID AND VERY EXTENSIVE STATION
"TOOGIMBIE,"
WITH OR WITHOUT ONE OR TWO FLOCKS (ONLY) OF
FINE WOOLLED SHEEP.

MR. STUBBS is instructed by the proprietor, to sell by public auction, at the Mart, King-street, on
WEDNESDAY, 2ND FEBRUARY,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
All the proprietor's right, title, and interest, to the above Station, one of the finest in the colony, consisting of large and open plains; situated on, and extending thirteen miles frontage to the
MURRUMBIDGEE RIVER,
There is a good dwelling, with rooms, huts, good stock-yard, recently erected, hurdles, and a quantity of fencing ready to be put up. 1314

### FARM AT CASTLE HILL,
TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,
BY MR. STUBBS,
At the Mart, King-street,
ON MONDAY, THE 7TH FEBRUARY,
At 12 o'clock precisely,

ALL that parcel of land, containing sixty acres, situate on the Castle Hill Road, about two miles from its junction with the Windsor Road, and adjoining the farm of Mr. Coulton. The farm is intersected by the Castle Hill Road, and commands an extensive frontage on each side of the road. The soil is excellent, and the farm is well supplied with water. Terms at sale. 1411

TUESDAY, 25TH JANUARY.
### FINE WOOLLED SHEEP.

MR. A. DODDS has received positive instructions to sell by public auction, without reserve, at the Northumberland Hotel, West Maitland, on
TUESDAY, 25TH JANUARY,
At twelve o'clock,
The following fine-woolled healthy sheep, as per last return, and now running within 50 miles of Tamworth, Peel's River, viz.:—
364 Fat wethers
560 Ewes of age
465 Two-year old ditto
261 Weaned lambs
300 Lambs.
Total 1950
The above sheep were selected from the flocks of James Glennie, Esq., of Dulwich, and are in healthy condition.
The purchaser may have the privilege of running them upon the station where they now are for six months, from the date of delivery, finding shepherds, &c., &c., at his own expense.
Terms at sale. 1197

### IMPORTANT AND EXTENSIVE SALE
OF THE
BRAXTON TOWN PROPERTY,
Comprising—
320 Acres, abundantly supplied with good water, midway between Maitland and Singleton, through which runs the Government Road leading to the distant interior.
ALSO,—
The "CROWN INN," at Braxton (the erection of which has cost £700 and upwards, with two paddocks adjoining; comprising 40½ acres, strongly and substantially fenced. The Inn is in active trade, and commands a thoroughly respectable connexion.

MR. JEREMIAH LEDSAM has been honoured with instructions from H. Scott, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the "Northumberland" Hotel, on
WEDNESDAY, 26TH JANUARY,
At 12 o'clock noon,
All that PIECE or PARCEL of LAND, containing by admeasurement 320 acres, be the same more or less, situated in the county of Northumberland, and parish of Branxton, bounded on one side by Anvil Creek, and having the Government road passing through the centre.
This valuable property, from its geographical position—midway between Maitland and Singleton—renders it in a pre-eminent degree suitable for a growing and prosperous town.
The plan of the town exhibits 194 building allotments (several of which are already disposed of), with a number of suburban allotments.
THE CROWN INN.
At Branxton, has cost the proprietor upwards of £700. It is a highly respectable, spacious, and well finished establishment, now in active trade, and commands a thoroughly respectable connexion. The house has eight rooms and a tap, a cellar and loft room, a new kitchen and servants' room; stables; a small paddock of nearly four acres, and a large one of 36½ acres, with a new and very strong fence, and good water.
TITLE UNEXCEPTIONABLE.
Terms—25 per cent. cash deposit on the fall of the hammer; the residue by approved bills at three months, with security on the property if required.
The purchaser to defray the legal expenses of conveyancing.
For further particulars apply at the residence of the auctioneer, Elgin-street, opposite the Sale Yards, where a map of the Township may be consulted.
Mr. Ledsam respectfully invites the special attention of the public to this important and extensive sale of Land and Premises in the township of Branxton. The unfailing abundance and excellence of the water for domestic purposes; the proximity of suitable materials for building purposes, consisting of superior stone and bricks, available at the neighbouring quarry and kiln; the eligibility of the situation (being midway between Maitland and Singleton, on the high road to the distant interior,) for the purposes of general trade and commerce, in the heart of a first-rate agricultural and wheat-growing district; these, with many other advantages, render the acquisition of this property peculiarly desirable.
The Crown Inn and paddocks, comprising 40½ acres, will be submitted in one lot; the character of the building, the masterly style of the workmanship, the comfortable and spacious compartments, and general neatness of the whole, has so favourably prepossessed the wayfaring man, that the business of the inn is becoming increasingly important and lucrative.
The whole of the property will be submitted in lots to suit purchasers, and may be obtained on safe and very moderate terms. 481

*Printed and Published by* CHARLES KEMP *and* JOHN FAIRFAX, *at the Morning Herald Printing Office, Lower George-street, Sydney, New South Wales. Saturday, January 22, 1848.*

# Supplement
TO THE
# SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1848.


## ANNUAL CONTRACTS.

Commissariat Office,
3rd January, 1848.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders, in *Duplicate*, will be received at this office until Monday, the 14th day of February, at Noon, for furnishing for the Military and Convict Service, in the several districts, the supplies undermentioned, in such quantities as may be required during Twelve Calendar Months, commencing the 1st April next, under the conditions hereafter specified, viz.:—

### PROVISIONS.

1. The Military Ration being
   1 lb. Fresh Meat
   1 lb. Wheaten Bread
2. The Ration for Exiles—

MALES.

   24 oz. Wheaten Bread
   16 oz. Fresh Meat
   8 oz. Vegetables
   ½ oz Salt
   ¼ oz Tea
   1½ oz. Sugar
   ½ oz. Soap

FEMALES.

3. 16 oz. Wheaten Bread
   12 oz. Fresh Meat
   6 oz. Vegetables
   ½ oz. Salt
   ¼ oz. Tea
   1½ oz. Sugar
   ½ oz. Soap

Children under ten years to be allowed two-thirds of the ration of Female Adults; above that age, and under fifteen, the same as adults.

4. The Ration for Male Convicts being
   12 oz. Wheaten Bread
   14 oz. Maize or Barley Bread
   (The Contractor having the option of giving 20 oz. of Wheaten Bread for the whole.)
   8 oz. Maize Meal
   1 lb. Fresh Beef
   1 oz. Brown Sugar
   ½ oz. Salt
   ½ oz. Yellow Soap

Or:—5, 6-7 lb. Fresh Beef or Mutton; 1 lb. Bread; 1 lb. Potatoes; 1-7 lb. Flour; ½ lb. Meal; 1 oz Sugar; ½ oz Salt; ½ oz Soap } Daily.

6. The Ration for Female Convicts in the first and second classes.
   10 oz. Wheaten Bread
   10 oz. Maize or Barley Bread
   (The Contractor having the option of giving 16 oz. of Wheaten Bread for the whole.)
   6 oz. Maize Meal
   12 oz. Fresh Beef
   8 oz. Vegetables
   ½ oz. Salt
   1½ oz. Brown Sugar
   ½ oz. Tea
   ½ oz. Yellow Soap
7. Female convicts in the third class
   12 oz. Wheaten Bread
   12 oz Maize Meal
   4 oz Fresh beef
   8 oz. Vegetables
   ½ oz. Salt
   ½ oz. Yellow Soap
8. Female Convicts in cells
   1½ lb. Bread
9. For children of two years old and upwards
   8 oz. Wheaten Bread, best quality
   4 oz. Fresh Beef
   4 oz. Maize Meal
   ½ oz Yellow Soap
10. For children under two years
   8 oz. Wheaten Bread, best quality
   4 oz. Fresh Beef
   1½ oz. Arrowroot
   ½ oz Sugar
   ½ oz. Yellow Soap
11. For children under nine months
   6 oz. Wheaten Bread, best quality
   1 oz. Arrowroot
   ½ oz. Sugar
   ½ oz. Yellow Soap

### 12. HOSPITALS.

FULL DIET.

   1 lb. Fresh Beef or Mutton
   1 lb. Bread, 1st quality
   1 lb. Potatoes
   1 oz. Rice
   ½ oz. Salt
   ¼ oz. Tea
   1½ oz. Sugar
   ½ pint Milk

HALF DIET.

   ½ lb. Fresh Beef or Mutton
   1 lb. Bread, 1st quality
   ½ lb. Potatoes
   1 oz. Rice
   ½ oz. Salt
   ¼ oz. Tea
   1½ oz. Sugar
   ½ pint Milk

LOW DIET.

   ½ lb. Fresh Beef or Mutton
   12 oz. Bread, 1st quality
   3 oz. Rice
   ½ oz. Salt
   ¼ oz. Tea
   1½ oz. Sugar
   ½ pint Milk

SPOON DIET.

   8 oz. Bread, 1st quality
   ¼ oz. Tea
   2½ oz. Sugar
   2 oz. Rice
   ½ pint Milk

### 13. FORAGE.

The Ration of Forage being
   8 lbs. Maize or Barley, or 10 lbs. Oats
   4 lbs. Bran
   12 lbs. of Oaten or cultivated grass Hay
   4 lbs. Wheaten Straw

### 14. FUEL AND LIGHT.

Coals, per Imperial ton of 2240 lbs.
Firewood, per 100 lbs.
Sperm Oil, Common Oil } Per Gallon Imperial
Mould Candles, Dip Candles } Per lb.
Cotton Wick

### 15. SUPPLIES FOR NAVAL SERVICES AND PENAL SETTLMENTS.

Wheaten Meal, 20 per cent.
Wheaten Meal, 10 per cent.
Maize Meal, ditto
Maize
Biscuit
Sugar, Tea
Rice, Oatmeal
Colonial Leaf Tobacco
Soap } per 100 lbs.
Rum, per Imperial Gallon, free of duty
Currants
Raisins
Suet
Lime Juice
Chocolate } per 100 lbs.
Peas, pint of
The above to be packed and shipped at the expense of the Contractor.

### 16. FOR GENERAL PURPOSES.

Fresh Beef, at
Fresh Mutton, at
Wheaten Bread, best quality, at
Wheaten Bread, second quality, at
Wheaten Bread, third quality, at
Maize Meal, at
Arrowroot, at
Rice, at
Sago, at
Pearl Barley, at
Tea, at
Sugar, at
Salt, at
Yellow Soap, at
Colonial Leaf Tobacco, at
Vegetables, at } per lb.
Oatmeal and Milk, at
Bottled Port Wine, at } per pint
Vinegar, at
Lime, at per bushel
Straw for Bedding, per 100 lbs.

### DISTRICTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. Sydney | 6. Bathurst |
| 2. Parramatta | 7. Newcastle |
| 3. Liverpool | 8. Moreton Bay |
| 4. Windsor | 9. Port Phillip |
| 5. Hartley | |

*The limits of the Districts are the same as those adopted in the Division of the Colony into Police Districts, and a map showing the same may be seen at this Office.*

## CONDITIONS.

### QUALITIES OF THE SUPPLIES.

1. All the articles shall be of the *best* quality of their several kinds.
2. The Bread shall be the produce of clean sound Wheat, Barley, and Maize, from which, on the Military Ration 20 per cent., and on the Convict Ration 10 per cent. has been extracted in bran and waste. The Wheaten Bread shall be made in loaves of 2lbs., and the Mixed Bread in loaves of 3½lbs. each, and baked twenty-four hours before being issued; and parties tendering are requested to observe, that the most rigid adherence to the conditions as to the quality of the bread, shall be invariably enforced.
3. The Fresh Meat for the Military Ration shall be in the proportion of 4lbs. of Beef, and 2lbs. of Mutton, weekly, deliverable alternately in fore and hind quarters, when the quantity admits of it; for the Convict Rations, the Beef shall be delivered in the same manner; Salted Beef being issued only in summer to Road Parties, and when authorised.
4. The Maize Meal shall be similar in quality to the Wheaten Meal, and shall be twice ground.
5. The Vegetables for the Hospitals and other Establishments entitled thereto, shall be supplied in reasonable proportions of Potatoes, Greens, Pumpkins, Onions, Carrots, Turnips, &c.
6. The Rum shall be West India, five per cent. under proof, and to be taken out as required for the service at Sydney, from the Bonded Stores, and upon the certificate of the Commissariat Officer in charge of the Provision Branch.
7. Correct Scales, Weights, and Measures, to be used, and placed in the most conspicuous part of the contractor's store.

### MODE OF DELIVERY.

8. The supplies above specified shall all be delivered by the Contractor direct to the parties or establishment entitled thereto, upon the written order of the Commissariat officer in charge of the district, or of the person authorised for that purpose.
9. At the several fixed Stations the Rations for Troops, the Convict Establishments, and Road and other Parties, shall be delivered by the Contractor, by 6 A.M. in summer, and 7 A.M. in winter, at the Barracks, Establishments, or Huts, where the parties to be supplied may be stationed; being, previously to removal from the Contractor's Premises, approved by a person authorised for the purpose.
10. The Forage shall be delivered by the Contractor at the Establishment where the Horses or Cattle are stationed, and in case the whole Ration of Forage be not required or delivered, each of the species shall be reckoned as the proportion of the ration undermentioned, viz.:—

The Maize or Barley... 4-12ths.
The Hay ..... 5 12ths.
The Bran..... 2-12ths.
The Straw ..... 1-12th.

### GENERAL CONDITIONS.

11. Parties tendering may do so by either of the three following modes, at their option, viz.:—
1. The whole of the Supplies of every description, in each District, may be included in one tender as at present.
2. Or the supplies may be tendered in sub-divisions, as below, by a separate tender for each sub-division, viz.:—
   1. The Military Ration
   2. The several Rations for Exiles and Convicts, as described from 2 to 11 inclusive.
   3. The Ration of Forage.
   4. The Ration of Fuel and Light.
   5. The Supplies for Hospitals.
   6. The Supplies for Naval Purposes and Penal Settlements.
   7. The Supplies for General Purposes.
3. Or the various articles comprising the several Rations referred to, as well as all those required for Hospitals and other purposes, may be tendered separately or singly, by weight and measure. The undersigned reserving to himself the power of accepting Tenders for supplying by any of these modes which he may find most expedient.

12. Contractors shall have at all times on the spot pointed out for their Stores by the Dep. Com. General, a supply of *fourteen days in reserve*, in the care of a competent agent, to whom reference may be had in the Contractor's absence, in default of which the Commissariat Officer, or other duly authorised person, may purchase at his, the Contractor's expense, such articles as are not forthcoming; and in the event of repeated failures in this respect, together with other causes of dissatisfaction arising from the bad qualities of the supplies as decided by Boards of Survey or Arbitrators, it shall be in the power of the undersigned, or his successors in office, to cancel the contract and enforce the penalty.

13. In the event of a difference of opinion between the Contractor and the party receiving the supplies, as to the quality, the same is to be decided according to the practice of the service, by a Board of Survey, but in country districts, where a Board of Survey cannot be conveniently assembled, the party objecting will name one person as Arbitrator, the Contractor or his agent another, and these two will, (previously to any other proceeding on their part) concur in naming a third as Umpire, who in the event of the Arbitrators not agreeing in opinion will be called upon for his decision, which shall be final.

14. The only question referred to the Board, or to the Arbitrators, will be, whether or not the article objected to be such as, by his contract, the Contractor is bound to deliver; and if the Board, Arbitrators, or Umpire, shall decide that the article is not according to the conditions of the contract, it must be immediately replaced by the Contractor, failing which it will be procured, and the expense charged to his account. In cases where the article is of a perishable nature, or from some other cause injury would be sustained, either by the parties to whom the rations are due, or to the Contractor, by waiting for a Board of Survey, the Head of the Department, or the Officer in charge of the party or parties for whom the rations are to be received, shall have power to reject such article or articles as are obviously of inferior quality or in improper condition, it being distinctly understood that he will be responsible to the Government for so doing; and that the Contractor will have the right to appeal, although in the mean time, he must take back the rejected article, and supply good in its stead, failing which it will be obtained by the officer or party requiring it, and the expense charged to the Contractor.

15. It shall be in the power of either party to limit the duration of the contract, by giving, in writing, a notice of three calendar months to the opposite party, and to end the contract at the expiration of that period, it being understood that such a notice can be given only from the first day of a month, and within the period for which the Contract is made, or agreed to be made; and not later than the 1st of August.

16. The Contractor shall prepare his own cash account monthly, according to the prescribed form; and shall receive payment on the production thereof, with the requisite vouchers in a complete state, before the termination of the succeeding month, always excepting where any purchase shall have been made under the provisions of Article 14 of these conditions, in which case no payment will be made until the claim of Government shall be fully satisfied.

17. The Contractor shall be bound to furnish his accounts for provisions, &c., issued, within 14 days of the expiration of each month, and the sums so due must be drawn from the Commissariat chest at Sydney, within the succeeding month, *otherwise the amount will be considered forfeited to the public.*

18. The value of all packages shall be included in the prices demanded.

19 Persons wishing to tender are requested to apply either at this office or to the Commissariat officers in charge of the several stations, who will furnish them with printed forms for the purpose, and communicate further particulars; and as adequate security will be required for the signing and due fulfilment of the contracts, each tender has an *instrument attached*, marked B, which must be signed by two competent securities, and properly witnessed, who shall bind themselves under the fixed penalties as laid down in Article 20, that all the conditions and stipulations of the contract shall be well and duly fulfilled, should the tender be accepted. *No tender will be attended to unless made out as above directed.*

20. The amounts of the bonds required in the several districts are as follows:—if contracted for collectively, viz.:—Sydney, £5000; Parramatta, £1000; Liverpool, Windsor, £800; Hartley, £500; Bathurst, £500; Newcastle, £1000; Moreton Bay, £500; Port Phillip, £800.

21. The contracts and bonds must be executed on or before the 1st March next, otherwise the penalties will be enforced.

22. Tenders, in *duplicate*, are to be enclosed in a separate envelope, addressed to the undersigned, marked "*Supplies for 1848*," and no tender made in consequence of this advertisement shall be withdrawn or altered, but notice of those accepted shall be given within eight days of the time of opening.

23. Flour in place of bread to be given for the Military Ration, *when required*, in the proportion of 14 2-7th ozs., of the former, for 16 ozs. of the latter.

24. The Contractor for the District of Sydney will be bound to furnish the rations and articles particularized under the head of Provisions, No. 1 to 16, not only for the purposes specified, but also for any other purposes of the Military, Naval, Special, and Convict Services, should there be occasion for it.

T. W. RAMSAY,
395 Dep. Com. Gen.


## ARGYLE STEAM BOILING-DOWN ESTABLISHMENT, GOULBURN.

THE undersigned beg to apprise the Graziers and Stockholders in the southern districts, that from their extensive machinery they are enabled to steam down 1000 Sheep, or 60 head of Cattle per day, which prevents the unavoidable delay at smaller establishments.

CHARGES:—
Cattle ..... 7s. per head.
Sheep ..... 7d. each.

The greatest care is taken in packing the tallow for exportation, no package is used that will in any way injure the quality of the tallow, or allow leakage.

Casks will be charged at cost price, and bear the brand of the establishment.

BENJAMIN AND MOSES.
Goulburn, January 14. 1152

BENJAMIN AND MOSES, of the Argyle Stores, Goulburn, and at the Goulburn Stores, Queanbeyan, having disposed of a large portion of the stock at both the above establishments, beg to inform the public that they have still left on hand a very extensive assortment of every description of Drapery, Slop Clothing, Haberdashery, Ironmongery, Crockery, Groceries, Wines, Spirits, and all other descriptions of goods that could always be obtained at their Stores.

The stock that still remains on hand will be sold positively at less than cost price, for cash only. The whole must be cleared out by the 31st March next, when the goods which then remain on hand will be forwarded to Sydney for sale by auction.

Dealers, settlers, private families, and others, on inspection of the goods, will find it to their advantage by making purchases at the above establishments.

N.B. All unsettled accounts over due, promissory notes and orders that remain unpaid, after the 1st February next, will be handed over to our solicitor for recovery without further notice.

No business transacted from Friday evening till Saturday evening.

Argyle Stores, Goulburn,
January 14. 1168



## SYDNEY, LIVERPOOL, CAMPBELLTOWN, BERRIMA, AND GOULBURN ROYAL MAIL.

MR. JAMES DARGIN, Mail Contractor, begs to announce to his friends and the public generally that THE ROYAL MAIL COACH will start from Mr. Titterton's, George-street, Sydney,

For Liverpool and Campbelltown; every evening at five o'clock; and for Picton, Berrima, and Goulburn, every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday afternoon, at five o'clock; and leave Goulburn for Sydney every Monday, Tuesday, Friday, and Saturday morning.

The advantage offered to the public by this system in leaving Goulburn, is that all travellers by the Port Phillip, Yass, Queanbeyan, and Manaroo Mails, will be able to start at once for Sydney on reaching Goulburn, and thus meet with immediate and safe despatch.

THE FARES ARE—
To or from Sydney and Goulburn .. £1 5 0
To or from Sydney and Berrima .... 0 15 0

Mr. Dargin has spared no expense in providing everything suitable for safe and commodious transmit, which he feels confident will be found to equal anything of the kind ever seen on these roads, and therefore hopes for a share of public patronage.

The Booking Offices are—Sydney, Mr. Titterton's, George-street; Mr. George Graham, Liverpool; Mrs. Rixon's, Campbelltown; Doyle's Mail Coach Hotel, Berrima; Mr. Dwyer's Inn, Menlan; and Mr. O'Brien's Inn, Goulburn.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN! 623

PRINTING INK, in kegs of 3 dozen and 6 dozen each, and in barrels of 12 dozen. This ink is Smith's, and Shackell and Lyons' manufacture. Apply at the Office of this Paper.


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THE GREATEST SALE OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

## HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

IS PATRONISED BY

THE MOST EMINENT MEDICAL MEN,

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT may, by being rubbed on the outside of the body, be conveyed to every part of the human frame. Inward wounds, sores, and ulcers, as well as diseases of the Womb, the Liver, the Heart, the Lungs, the Kidneys, and the Stomach, &c., may be cured as though they were apparent to the eye.

"Every one knows that salt can be forced into meat, however thick it may be, and that it even penetrates the bone, and preserves the marrow; but, notwithstanding this undoubted fact, there are few who seem to conceive that an outward application can be of any avail in an inward complaint. I beg, however, to state that if any part of the living body be well anointed with this unguent, it will be carried, by means of the absorbent vessels, in about th espace of an hour, through every part of the body, healing in its course diseases of the most malignant description. * * * * *

If this remedy will reduce a swelling, and soften any indurated or hard parts on the body, (and which cannot be disputed), why, I ask, should it be ineffectious if rubbed over the regions of the liver when that organ is in a torpid, hard, or inflamed state? Let any person who may be so unfortunate as to suffer from a diseased state of the heart, or of the kidneys, or the womb, use this ointment, and the effect will be perfectly miraculous. * * * Again, in cases where the stomach or digestive organs are in a bad or deranged state, as well as in all asthmatical complaints, I can recommend this specific with great confidence."—*Professor Holloway's Treatise.*

This Ointment is more particularly applicable when used in any of the following cases:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Asthma | Lumbago |
| Bad Legs or Breasts | Lepra |
| Burns and Scalds | Musquito Bites |
| Boils and Blotches | Pains of the Head, Face, Side, or Limbs |
| Bunions and Corns | Prickly Heat |
| Cancers | Piles |
| Cuts | Rheumatism |
| Cramp and knotted veins on the legs | Scrofula, or King's Evil |
| Diseases of the Skin | Scorbutic Eruptions |
| Dropsies | Scald Heads or Scurf |
| Erysipelas | Soreness |
| Fistulas | Tic-Douloureux |
| Gout | Tremor of the Nerves |
| Gonorrhœa | Ulcers, even of the Mouth, Gums, Tongue, or any part |
| Gleet | Venereal Sores, Swelling, &c. |
| Internal or External | Weakness. |
| Bruises or Swellings | |
| Inflammations, internal or external | |
| Itch | |
| Liver Complaints | |

Holloway's Pills and Ointment are so composed as to act in unison with each other; and therefore when the Ointment is used as an outward application, the Pills are the only internal medicine that should be taken.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and by all the respectable vendors of Patent Medicines throughout the civilized world; and by

J. K. HEYDON,
Wholesale Agent,
78, King-street, Sydney.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of the patient are affixed to each pot and box. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

SUB-AGENTS THROUGHOUT THE COLONY.

Sydney—Mrs. Lewis, tobacconist, Brickfield Hill; Mr. Cleary, boot and shoe maker, King-street; Mr. Alder, chemist, Parramatta-street; Mr. Michael Dalton, grocer, 3, Campbell-street; Mr. Evans, tailor, George-street, opposite the Water Police; Mr. Ryan, chemist, Parramatta-street; Mr. Foss, chemist, Pitt-street; Woods and Meehan, George-street; Mr. J. Armstrong, surgeon, 343, George-street, opposite the Police Office.
Wollongong—Mr. Thos. W. Palmer, chemist and postmaster.
Twofold Bay—Agent wanted.
Shoalhaven—Mr. Green
Broulee—Mr. Fitzwilliams, storekeeper.
Parramatta—Mr. C. W. Rowling, chemist
Windsor—Mr. Richard Seymour, saddler
Liverpool—Mr. F. A. Forbes, storekeeper
Camden—Mr. S. Thompson, Steam Mill store.
Picton—Mr. Hugh O'Neill, baker and storekeeper
Campbelltown—Mr. Burrill, storekeeper
Richmond—Mr. John Ducker, storekeeper
Bathurst—Mr Josiah Parker, chemist
Molong—Messrs. J. and A. Murray, storekeepers
Mudgee—Mr. Thomas L'Estrange, Welcome Inn.
Braidwood—Mr. Williams, postmaster
Goulburn—Mr. S. Emanuel, storekeeper
Yass—Messrs. Myers and Alexander, storekeepers
Gundagai—Mr. T. H. Mate, storekeeper, Umuttbee
West Maitland—Mr. F. Lawson, Hunter-street
East Maitland—Mr. T. S. Pitt, storekeeper
Morpeth—Mr. Patrick O'Keefe, near the Steam Wharf
Newcastle—Mr. Thomas M'Cormick, storekeeper
Clarence River—Agent wanted.
Singleton—Mr. W. Copland Loxley, druggist
Murrurundi—Mr. John Boote, storekeeper
Peel's River—Mr. L. W. Levy, Tamworth, storekeeper
Jerry's Plains and Merton—Agent wanted.
Port Macquarie—Agent wanted.
Moreton Bay—Mr. George Harris, storekeeper, South Brisbane; Mr. William Kavenagh, storekeeper, Ipswich, near Queen's Arms Hotel.
Darling Downs—Mr. Alford, postmaster.

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## SILVER'S LONDON MADE SLOPS.

TWENTY-FIVE per cent. cheaper than any other make.

Also,

Striped shirts, 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 14s. 6d., 16s. 6d., 18s. 6d., 22s., 30s. per dozen
Scotch twilled ditto, 15s. 6d., 18s. 6d., 22s., 24s., 27s., 30s., and 34s.
Regatta ditto, 11s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 14s. 6d., 16s. 6d, 18s. 6d., 21s., 23s., 27s.
Ditto ditto very superior, 30s., 32s., 36s.
Moleskin trousers, 2s. 6d., 2s. 9d., 3s., 3s. 3d., 3s. 6d., 3s. 9d., 4s., 4s 3d., 4s. 6d., 5s.
Ditto double stitched, 3s. 6d., 5s. 9d., 6s., 6s. 6d., 6s. 9d.
Blue and red serge shirts
Sleeved vests, 3s. 11d., 4s. 6d, 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d.
Best scalet ditto, 9s. 6d.
Silk plush ditto, 9s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 11s. 6d.
Light and dark fancy vests, 2s. 6d., 3s., 3s. 6d., 4s., 4s. 6d., 5s., 6s. 6d., 6s., 7s. 6d.
Pilot coats, 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d, 14s. 6d., 16s. 6d., 18s, 20s.
Ditto superior, 25s., 30s.
Shepherds' coats, 10s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 15s., 18s. 6d.
Stockmen's ditto, 25s., 28s., 30s., 35s.
Monkey jackets and pea coats
Pilot and flushing trousers
Moleskin jackets
White and brown drill ditto
Duck frocks and trousers
English tweed trousers
Gambroon ditto
Stockmen's boots
8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4 diaper cotton rugs, at 1s. 11d., 2s. 3d., 2s. 6d., 2s. 9d., 3s., 3s. 3d., 3s. 6d., 3s 9d., 4s.
8-4, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, 13-4

BLANKETS,

At 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d, 10s. 6d., 11s. 6d., 14s. 6d., 16s. 6d., 20s., 25s.
Extra fine Whitney ditto, 30s., 35s.

C. N. and B. also wish to direct attention to

SILVER'S FINE CLOTHING,

so much prized by gentlemen for the delightful combination of

CUT, STYLE, AND WORKMANSHIP,

together with the greatest moderation in price.

Black, blue, or coloured superfine dress and frock coats, at 30s., 35s., 40s., 45s., 50s., and 55s.
Ditto trousers, at 13s. 6d., 14s. 6d., 15s., 16s. 6d., 17s. 6d., 18s. 6d.
Valencia, quilting, and marseilla vests, commencing at 2s. 6d. up to the finest plain and fancy velvet and satin, at equally low prices.

ALSO,

S. W. SILVER AND CO.'S STAYS.

WHITE JEAN, and Satteen, at 2s. 6d., 3s., 3s. 6d., 4s., 4s. 6d, 5s., 5s. 6d., 6s., 6s. 6d, 7s., 7s. 6d., 8s., 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d, 10s. 6d., 11s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 13s. 6d., 14s. 6d.
Coloured ditto, 2s., 2s. 3d, 2s. 6d., 2s. 9d., 3s., 3s. 9d., 4s., 4s. 6d.

The much admired

FRENCH COUTILLE,

6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d. 10s. 6d., 11s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 13s. 6d., 14s. 6d.

The proprietors of the

BEE-HIVE,

in calling the notice of settlers, storekeepers, and others, to their assortment of slops, &c., beg to apprise them that they have made arrangements with Messrs. S. W. Silver and Co., to receive regular shipments of all articles manufactured by them.

Messrs. Silver and Co. are the largest manufacturers of clothing in the whole world, and not only are the largest manufacturers, but also the most renowned—everybody knowing and well-appreciating their superior garments.

Terms—Cash, and no abatement.

CHRIST. NEWTON AND BROTHER.

## MANUFACTURE OF COLONIAL HATS,

Equal in Style and Shape, and superior in quality, to imported.

77, MARKET-STREET.

B. MOUNTCASTLE having completed the enlargement of his premises and imported a stock of materials, is now prepared to supply country dealers and the trade with any quantity of French velvet nap and beaver hats of the most saleable shapes and qualities.

B. M. can now complete orders to any extent, on a short notice, with the advantage of being enabled to offer them at the first cost of manufacture.

ALSO ON SALE,

The usual assortment of Paris and English manufactured hats of the very best qualities and most fashionable shapes.

Gold cord, cockading, commissariat lace. The trade supplied with trimmings.

French Hat Manufactory,
77, Market-street. 909

## ADVANCE AUSTRALIA

ECONOMY AND COMFORT.

IT is now an admitted matter of Fact and not of speculation, that Gravely's Economical Cooking Apparatus exceeds any article for the purpose ever offered to the public in economy of fuel, in convenience for cooking, in cleanliness, in comfort to the cook, in despatch (supposing dinner to be wanted in a hurry), in safety, besides making cooking utensils last much longer than when used over a common fire.

To meet the wishes of all parties A. G. is now manufacturing his apparatus of six different sizes and qualities, suitable for all classes, from the peer to the peasant, suitable alike for the solitary pair, the large hotel or public institution; suitable for the citizen, or the resident in the far off interior,

Being manufactured on the premises, under his immediate superintendence, A. G. warrants the quality and workmanship of his apparatus, and urges the claims of an article purely colonial on those who wish to see the Land of their adoption "Go a-head."

ARTHUR GRAVELY,
Ironmonger and Manufacturer,
280, Pitt-street, Sydney.
November 13. 7704

## TO DRAPERS, DEALERS, STOREKEEPERS, SETTLERS, PRIVATE FAMILIES, AND OTHERS.

CHRISTOPHER NEWTON AND BROTHER have to request that all parties intending to purchase drapery, &c., will withhold so doing until they have made an inspection of the stock at the

BEE HIVE,

being convinced that upon so doing they will buy nowhere else.

The following is a small outline of the goods in the different departments of the Establishment.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

Comprising many thousand yards of plain and fancy gros de Naples, satinettes, satins, barathess, gros d'Africa, armozines, velvets, sarsnets, Persians, &c., &c., the whole of which, both English and French, will be sold 25 per cent. cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere.

SHAWLS.

In this department will be found a variety, which for elegance, usefulness, and cheapness cannot fail to please every one; amongst them will be found a most beautiful assortment of—

Plain and figured satin shawls
Ditto ditto scarfs
Cashmere shawls and scarfs
French and Ayrshire muslin collars, the newest and most admired shapes and patterns
Ditto habit shirts

PARASOLS,

The largest, cheapest, and best assorted stock in the colony, in fact few houses in the British metropolis can boast so good an assortment.

LANCASHIRE AND YORKSHIRE GOODS,

Purchasers will find these goods uncommonly well selected and cheap, the English buyer having devoted considerable attention to those markets.

White calicoes, 2½d., 3d., 3½d., 4d., 4½d.
Ditto longcloths, Horrocksses, and other makes
Grey calicoes, 2½d., 3d., 3½d., 4d.
8-4 Ditto sheeting, 7½d., 8½d., 9½d.
Ditto double warp, 10½d., 11½d.
Cotton and union checks
Scotch twill shirtings
Regatta ditto
Mosquitoe nets
Brown hollands, rough and dressed
Irish linens and diapers
Osnabourgs, buckabacks

PRINTS.

A splendid and extensive assortment, chiefly from

DIXON AND GALLOWAY'S, MANCHESTER.

297 Dresses, at 1s. 11d. each, not warranted fast colours
300 Ditto, at 2s. 6d.
509 Ditto, at 3s. 6d., fast colours
300 Ditto, at 4s. 6d., ditto
200 Ditto, very rich, at 5s. 6d. ditto
Small patterns for children's frocks, and morning wrappers, at equally low prices.
Merinos, Orleans, Coburgs
Tartans, fancy and clan
Mousseline de laines, very choice
Belzorines and barage dresses, in endless variety
Flannels, Yorkshire, Welch, and Saxony

HOSIERY AND GLOVES

From the Nottingham, Leicester, Worcester, Yeoval, and French markets, comprising every description required.

Haberdashery and smallwares

THE WOOLLEN DEPARTMENT.

Containing every class of goods, in Yorkshire and West of England cloths, trimmings, &c. C. N. and Brother invite the special attention of the trade and tailors, to this lot of goods, being perfectly assured that every one will pronounce them to be the most superior assortment ever offered in this colony, and the prices at which they are offered will astonish the most unreasonable expectations.

HATS.

Black and drab beaver and silk drab shell
China hats, at 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
Manilla ditto, at 4s. 6d.

PANAMAS.

Just received a fresh supply of this valuable description of hat, to be sold at
9s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 15s. 6d., and
The very finest at 20s. each.

In conclusion, C. N. and Brother beg to remark that they still adhere most strictly to their much valued terms viz.,

Cash, and no Abatement,

and assure their friends that they will still continue to exert their utmost endeavours to afford greater satisfaction than ever. 1071

DICKINSON'S prices for clothing will be found on comparison lower than any other house in Sydney, where a first-rate article can be produced, and the purchaser has this advantage, that if the article purchased does not give entire satisfaction, he is not expected to take it.

| | £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|
| A good dress coat, any colour ..... | 2 | 10 | 0 |
| The best that can be produced ..... | 3 | 10 | 0 |
| A good frock coat, any colour ..... | 2 | 15 | 0 |
| The best that can be produced ..... | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| French Cashmere frock ..... | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Llama cloth ditto, any colour ..... | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Black cloth or cassimere trousers .... | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| The best black dress ditto ..... | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Black cloth or cassimere vest 12s. to | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| White Marcella vest ..... | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Drill trousers ..... | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| The best that can be made..... | 0 | 16 | 0 |
| Windsor cord trousers for riding .... | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| A suit of tweed, colonial, well shrunk | 2 | 15 | 0 |
| The Llama cloth paletot, got up in a very superior manner ..... ... | 1 | 15 | 0 |

Settlers arriving from the interior can be supplied with every description of clothing for immediate wear.

J. DICKINSON,
363, George-street,
1347 Opposite the Market.

## GIG LAMPS, GIG LAMPS.

NOW on View, and for Sale at the Stores of the undersigned—

One case of gig and carriage lamps, comprising an assortment of the most elegant and modern patterns.

An early call will ensure a good selection.

THOMAS WOOLLEY.
430 and 432, George-street. 1347

## SLOPS, SLOPS, SLOPS.

JOHNSON AND WEIGHT beg to intimate that they have a separate establishment exclusively devoted to the SLOP TRADE, and to secure WOOLGROWERS, MERCHANTS, AND OTHERS, that they can supply every article for up-country use at prices as low, if not lower, than any other house in Sydney.

J. and W. beg to mention a few articles in their extensive and completely assorted stock, viz.:—

White moleskin trousers
Ditto cuntoon ditto
Drab moleskin ditto
Double stitched and taped ditto
Ditto ditto and lined ditto
Millers drab ditto
Duck ditto
Canvas ditto
White and brown drill ditto
Doeskin and tweed ditto
Howley and pilot ditto
Blue and superfine cloth ditto
Black cassimere dit o
Drab ditto ditto
Drab moleskin jackets
Miller's drab ditto ditto
Blue cloth ditto
Superfine ditto ditto
Pea and monkey ditto
Duck frocks
Gambroon coats
Tweed ditto
Drab shepherd's ditto
Blue and brown ditto ditto
Checked linen blouses
White ditto ditto
Brown holland ditto
White linen jackets
Striped shirts
Extra heavy ditto
Scotch twill ditto
Extra stout ditto
Very superfine ditto
White ditto
Blue serge ditto
Guernsey ditto
Striped ditto ditto
Lambs-wool ditto ditto
Merino ditto
Brown cotton ditto
Lambs-wool drawers
Brown cotton ditto
Brown cotton hose
Ditto ditto half-hose
Quilting waistcoats
Cashmere ditto
Valentia ditto
Black satin ditto
Fancy ditto ditto
Ditto ditto washing ditto
Army and bush blankets
Whitney ditto
Rugs
Counterpanes
Osnaburghs
Black hats
Caps
Cotton handkerchiefs
Corah and spun ditto.

Cobden House,
277, and 279, Pitt-street.
January 12. 371

## WITH OUR GRATEFUL THANKS FOR THE PAST,

AND IN THE

PLEASING HOPE OF THE FUTURE,

TEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE having convinced H. Hayes and Co. that their mode of conducting business is duly appreciated by all who have hitherto favoured them, they feel it would be superfluous to point out to their old patrons the many advantages to be obtained at an establishment where the one grand and uniform principle of trade is fully carried out, *i. e.* to supply articles of the *very best* quality, style, and workmanship, at the *very* lowest cash prices.

The hourly increasing patronage conferred on them, they feel demands additional energy on their part; and resolved to keep pace with the generous support of their friends, they have determined that one of the partners shall for a time reside in Europe, who will forward regular monthly supplies of the most choice and elegant materials, together with the latest fashions of London and Paris for all seasons. By these means it is clear, the while many unhappy *wights* of "elegant des'res" may perchance hear only vague rumours of some new article of dress that shall have taken the fashionable world by storm, the more fortunate customers of H. H. and Co., (from the superior facilities afforded them), may be in possession of the much desired garment!

Their registered Paletot still stands pre-eminent as a summer garment, the price as heretofore from 25s. to 50s. Ladies' Riding Habits are made in a superb style, uniting elegance with cheapness.

Livery of every description and of the most modern designs, together with charges as usual extremely low.

The Professional.

Robes of *every design* tastefully cut and elegantly made, cheaper than can be procured in the mother country.

Mourning to any extent in a few hours' notice.

Ready made clothing (colonial made) to suit every class of persons.

HENRY HAYES AND CO.,
Naval and Military Tailors,
416, George-street.
January 10. 671

## GILL'S FAMILY HOTEL.

M. GILL begs to return his best thanks to his numerous friends for their kind support since he has opened the above Hotel, and respectfully acquaints them and the gentlemen settlers in general that he has made many improvements in his establishment for the accommodation of his customers, not to be equalled in the colony.

M. G. begs to state that he has engaged a very superior French cook, which will enable him to get up dinners, luncheons, or suppers, in the first style.

Luncheons are ready every day at eleven, with every delicacy the season will afford.

M. G. continues to supply wines, &c., of the first quality, and on the most moderate terms; also good stabling and coach-house.

N.B.—Hot and cold baths at any hour.

M. GILL.
Pitt-street, Sydney. 1073

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## DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

### CITY COUNCIL.

A MEETING of the City Council will be holden at the Town Hall, on Monday next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

1. By Councillor HILL.—

That the Town Clerk be instructed to send notices to all special contractors for water, mentioned in the Report of the Water Committee, of date 30th December, 1847, that their present contracts will expire on 30th June next; and that from that date new contracts will be entered into with them on such terms as may be fixed by the Council, of which notice will be given to the special contractors, who may then give up their contracts, or continue them at their option.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

To consider the business standing over, of which due notice has been given, viz.:—

1. The report of the Water Committe on their proceedings from the 1st January to 30th October, 1847—received by the Council on the 5th November.
2. The report of the Phillip Ward Assessment Committee on the value of the new and additional buildings in that ward, for the half year ending 30th September, 1847—received by the Council on the 29th November.
3. The report of the Water Committee, on tenders for water pipes to be laid in Liverpool-street—received by the Council on the 16th December
4. The report of the Water Committee, on laying a water pipe in Swan-street—received by the Council on the 16th December.
5. The report of the Brisbane Ward Assessment Committee on the value of new and additional buildings in that ward, for the quarters ended 30th June and 30th September, 1847—received by the Council on the 16th December.
6. The report of the Gipps Ward Assessment Committee, on the value of new and additional buildings in Gipps Ward, for the quarters ended 30th June and 30th September—received by the Council on the 16th December.
7. The report of the Gipps Ward Assessment Committee, on the unoccupied houses in Gipps Ward, for the six months ended 30th June last—received by the Council on the 16th December.
8. The report of the Improvement Committee, recommending the purchase of certain articles required on the City Works—received by the Council on the 16th December.
9. The report of the Improvement Committee on the subject of a future supply of blue road metal, for repairs of the streets of the city—received by the Council on the 16th December.
10. The petition of James Bryant, foreman of the works in Argyle-street quarry, praying for an increase of wages—received by the Council on the 16th December.
11. A petition from the inhabitants of Union-street, praying for improvements in that locality—received by the Council on the 16th December.
12. The petition of John Stewart, auctioneer, residing in York-street, praying for alterations in the Bye-Laws for the sale of horses, &c.—received by the Council on the 16th December.
13. The petition from certain rate-payers resident in Macquarie-lane, Strawberry-hill, in Cook Ward, praying for repairs in that locality—received by the Council on the 16th December.
14. To appoint a Clerk of the George-street Markets for the year 1848
15. A letter from the City Surveyor of date 23d December last, reporting the circumstances complained of in Mr. A. Little's letter on the part of Mr. Alexander for injury sustained by two horses and a carriage in Castlereagh-street—received by the Council on the 30th December.
16. The report of the Water Committee on the subject of water laid on to the premises of citizens by special contract—received by the Council on the 30th December.
17. The report of the Bourke Ward Assessment Committee on the value of new and additional buildings in that Ward for the quarters ending 30th June and 30th September, 1847—received by the Council on the 30th December.
18. The report of the Improvement Committee on the tenders for tools and iron-work for the service of the Corporation for the year 1848.
19. A letter from the late acting Inspector of Nuisances explanatory of Mr. Francis's petition for the abatement of a nuisance proceeding from the Three Crowns public-house on Church-hill—read to the Council on the 30th December.

2. To consider the report of the Finance Committee, dated 8th January instant, recommending the payment of sundry accounts, amounting to £125 8s. 4d.—received by the Council on the 10th January.
3. To consider the report of the Finance Committee on the financial affairs of the Corporation for the year 1848—received by the Council on the 10th January.
4. To consider the report of the Finance Committee on the subject of the City Solicitor's charge for drawing a bill for regulating Hackney Carriages, and for preparing case for the opinion of Mr. Fisher relative to an encroachment in Goulburn-street—received by the Council on the 10th January.
5. To consider the report of the Special Committee on the subject of an encroachment by Mr. Brown, in Spring-street, as mentioned in the City Surveyor's letter of 5th November last—received by the Council on the 10th January.
6. To consider the report of the Brisbane Ward Assessment Committee on Mr. Day's complaint of extortion on the part of the collector of rates for Brisbane Ward—received by the Council on the 10th January.
7. To consider the report of the Brisbane Ward Assessment Committee on the unoccupied houses in Brisbane Ward for the six months ended 30th June last—received by the Council on 10th January.
8. To consider the report of the Water Committee of the City Council on the subject of tenders for the supply of coats, trowsers, and caps for the service of the Fire Brigade of the City Council—received by the Council on the 10th January.
9. To consider the letter of the City Surveyor, of date 6th January instant, reporting breaches of the Building Act by Mr. T. W. Smart, Mr. Samuels, and Mr. George Smith—read to the Council on the 10th January.
10. To consider the report of the Lighting Committee on the subject of lighting the City, for the year ending 31st December, 1848—received by the Council on the 13th January.
11. To consider a letter from the City Surveyor, reporting the repairs required at the Hay, Corn, and Cattle Market—read to the Council on the 12th January.
12. To consider a letter from Mr. Martin, solicitor, dated 18th instant, renewing his application, on the part of the trustees of the late George Segerson, for the restoration of the footpath to its original position, opposite their premises in George-street—read to the Council on the 13th January.

## GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1848.

### LAND SALE.

AT eleven o'clock of Thursday, the 10th February, the following Town Allotments will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Colonial Treasury in Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. Deposit 10 per cent.

TOWN LOTS.

1—8. SYDNEY, 5½ perches each, county of Cumberland, parish of Saint Philip, allotments Nos. 10–17, at the Soldiers' Point, in section No. 55. 9. 6¼ perches, same place, allotment 18, in section 55. Upset price £2 10s. per foot. 10, 11. 11¼ perches each, county of Cumberland, parish of Saint James, allotment 23 of section 107, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 22, and bounded on the east by the building line of Macquarie-street. Upset price £10 per foot.

PARRAMATTA.—12. 36 perches, allotment No. 5 of section 22. 13, 14. 36¼ perches, 5 and 6 of section 31. 15. 1 rood and 5¾ perches, No. 11 of section 31. 16. 37¾ perches, No. 20 of section 35. 17—22. 1 rood and 8 perches each, Nos. 1—6 of section 19. 23. 22 perches, No 1 of section 51. 24. 1 rood and 12 perches, No. 2 of section 51. 25. 1 rood and 13½ perches, No. 3 of section 51. 26. 1 rood and 16 perches, No. 4 of section 51. Upset price £25 per acre.

CAMPBELLTOWN.—27. 1 acre and 28½ perches, No. 89. Upset price £25 per acre.

NORTH GUNDAGAI.—28–30. 1 rood and 36 perches each, Nos. 13–15 of section 13. Upset price £8 per acre

GUNDAGAI.—31. 1 rood and 32 perches, No. 2 of section 16. Upset price £8 per acre.

RYLSTON.—32—42. Half an acre each, Nos. 13—15 of section 6; 13–20 of section 20. Upset price £8 per acre.

DUNGOG.—43–51. 2 roods each, Nos. 2, 3, 5—10, and 19, of section 6. Upset price £8 per acre.

MUDGEE.—52, 53. 2 roods and 38 perches each. Upset price £8 per acre.

### LAND SALE.

AT eleven o'clock of Wednesday, the 9th February, the following portions of land will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Colonial Treasury, in Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot, respectively. Deposit 10 per cent.

SUBURBAN LOTS.

COOK.—1, 2. 2 acres and 2 roods each, parish of Strathdon, near Emu, Nos. 26 and 31. Upset price £3 per acre.

CUMBERLAND.—3, 4. 4 acres, 3 roods, and 8 perches each, parish of Concord, at Longbottom, Nos. 1 and 2. 5. 3 acres and 38 perches, same place, No. 11. 6. 2 acres and 32 perches, same place, No. 15. 7. 2 acres and 2 roods, No. 16. Upset price £3 per acre. 10, 11. 50 acres each, parish of Willoughby. Upset price £2 per acre. 13, 14. 3 acres each, parish of Alexandria. 15. 4 acres, 3 roods, and 8 perches, parish of Alexandria, at Waverley. Upset price £5 per acre. 19. 3 acres, 2 roods, and 25 perches, parish of Hunter's Hill, No. 2 of the Tarban Point allotments. 20. 3 acres, 1 rood, and 5 perches, same place, No. 6. Upset price £3 per acre.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—8. 20 acres, parish of Gosford, at Brisbane Water. 16. 18 acres and 3 roods, No. 16 of the Bullock Island allotments. 17. 21 acres, same place, No. 8. Upset price £2 per acre.

BRISBANE.—9. 50 acres, at the head of Kingdon Ponds. Upset price £1 10s. per acre.

ST. VINCENT.—12. 100 acres, at "Bundong Joe's Old Place," near Mount Budawang. This portion includes a paddock in cultivation, by Patrick Burns, formerly cultivated by "Bundong Joe." Upset price £1 per acre.

BATHURST.—18. 9 acres, parish of Bathurst, No. 38. Upset rice £4 10s. per acre.

SPECIAL COUNTRY LOT.

COOK.—21. 46 acres. Upset price £1 10s. per acre.

COUNTRY LOT.

GLOUCESTER.—22. 640 acres, parish of Thornton. Upset price £1 per acre.

### IMPOUNDINGS.

O'CONNELL PLAINS.—On the 11th January, from W. Lawson, Esq., J.P.: Bay entire colt, unbranded, black points, star on forehead, two years old, fourteen hands high; damages, £2. If the above colt is not released on or before the 3rd February, he will be sold. J. ROBERTS. 9s.

HAMILTON.—On the 13th January, from D. Johnson, Esq.: Dark red bullock, white belly and tail, branded JG on the ribs and hip near side, O circle on hip off side; damages, 1s. Red bullock, little white on back and belly, branded LMA on ribs off side; damages, 1s. Red bullock, white on the belly, branded LMA off side; damages, 1s. Yellow cow, branded LMA on ribs off side; damages, 1s. If not released on or before the 11th February, they will be sold. J. SLAVEN. 10s. 6d.

GREAVSON, UPPER PATERSON.—On the 11th January, by Mr. Clark. Strawberry bull, branded CA off rump, RC on shoulder; there is £5 laid on this bull for being allowed to stray at large, and 9d. for killing a mare, the property of Mr R. Clark. From Torryburn Estate, for trespass:—Strawberry heifer, red ears and muzzle, unbranded, damages 1d. Red and white heifer, no brand legible, damages 1d. Dark brown cow, tip of horns black, 5 with 5 reversed underneath on off rump, damages 1d. Dark brown cow, white belly and part of tail white, H near ribs, damages 1d. Red and white steer, unbranded, damages 1d. Strawberry smallhorned steer, yellow neck, piece out of off ear, TJ on off ribs, illegible brand under 3M near rump, damages 1d. Red heifer, two slits in off ear, no brand legible, damages 1d. Red slided heifer, back, belly, hind legs, and part of tailwhite, JT near ribs, 99 near rump, damages 1d. If the above cattle are not released, they will be sold on February 8. B. BENEDICTSEN. 12s. 3d.

CONCORD, January 17: Bay horse, branded JE with O over near shoulder, like AP conjoined on neck. If the said beast is not released he will be sold on the 14th February. W. RYAN. 9s.

## MISCELLANEOUS EXTRACTS.

### THE CAUSE OF THE CRISIS.

*(From the Times, September 30.)*

IF there are any branches of trade which might be supposed free from the commercial pressure around them, the miners, coalowners, and shipowners seem to stand a fair chance of that delightful exemption. Iron, coal, and ships have been this year in more than usual request—nay, we should think at no former period have there been so many tons of iron and coal, or so large a tonnage of shipping demanded and supplied. The prices have been quite in proportion. Yet strange to say, these interests are now uttering the loudest complaints. The report of a meeting at Newcastle upon-Tyne, in our columns this morning, discloses a greater amount, or at least a keener sense of pecuniary suffering than has reached us even from Lancashire. The coalowners and shipowners find demand enough for their commodities, but are threatened with a suspension of their trade for want of credit. The "high rates" demanded for money bid fair to eat up their profits. Nay, some cannot get money on any terms. Of course these trades, like most other trades, are carried on with a large proportion of borrowed capital. They are bound to a great sleeping partner, the money-lender, whose ordinary per-centage they can meet well enough. He now doubles his demand, and they lie at his mercy. So they fly to the Chancellor of the Exchequer to ask him to multiply the cash, or buoy up the credit of the country. They seem to imagine that as their own neighbourhood is an inexhaustible mine of coals, so somewhere in the south, within reach of Parliamentary boring and shaft-sinking, there exists an equally inexhaustible vein of money. The proceedings of the Newcastle meeting read rather warm. A "confidential" letter from Mr. Bell to his friend Sir Charles Wood had elicited a familiar and apparently off hand reply, and the whole assembled trade of Newcastle seem to feel as if they had been collectively, deliberately, and ostentatiously snubbed by a flippant, pleasure-hunting, and ill-informed official—an impression altogether, in our humble opinion, the very reverse of the truth in all possible respects.

Sir Charles tells them a very grave truth when he says that their pressure arises from over speculation, and is beyond the reach of any merely financial relief. A country which has engaged itself so vastly beyond its resources has proportionably increased the demand upon them—that is, upon the floating capital, represented by money. There is an eager competition, we had almost said scramble, for that money, which cannot be stretched to the measure of the extraordinary demand, and consequently rises in value. Nobody, not even the all-potent Sir Charles Wood himself, can get it without paying a high price. The Newcastle gentlemen find their best customers, the railways, at the same time bidding against them for money. Thus matters are brought to a stand-still. There is not money enough for all, just as there was not food for all last year; and the coalowners and shipowners are asking the Government to make money cheap, exactly as Archbishop M'Hale was asking it to make food cheap last year.

These persons inform us, truly enough, that the pressure is felt by all classes. Our merchants want money. Of this every day gives us new and lamentable proof. Our bankers want money. The manufacturers of Lancashire are closing their mills and reducing their wages, all for want of money. Every trade wants money. The railway companies want money. Even though they have a license to come out on the Queen's highway and exact contributions from their miserable shareholders, yet, from compassion to their victims, they are borrowing money, if they can get it, at extravagant interest. The Newcastle memorialists fully appreciate this state of things. They call it a season of adversity. They say that the gold and the circulation of the country are unusually low. If we wanted any evidence to prove that the complaint is universal, their language would be enough for the purpose. Will they, then, permit us to ask how any financial arrangement, how a transformation of rags, how a fresh issue of signatures—a process beginning in the vat of a paper-mill and ending in the desk of a counting-house—can cure this universal disease? If there were wealth and credit in one place, or in one class, or in one trade, and not in another—if there were a sufficiency of capital somewhere in the country, but somehow accidentally trammelled and shut up, a Chancellor of the Exchequer or a Legislature might possibly be able to set the reserve at liberty, and irrigate the sterile regions around. But this is not pretended. It would be vain to pretend it for a moment. So the plain truth is spoken. There is not sufficient capital in the country to meet its engagements. Then how is a mortal man like Sir Charles Wood to create that which is not, and by an "Open Sesame" to convert thirty million poor people into thirty million rich? It would be just as reasonable to call on Sir Charles or Lord John to re-produce with a wave of his wand the whole crop of potatoes that rotted last year, or the crop that was not planted this, as to ask him to give all the inhabitants of these islands a command of capital far beyond what these islands actually possess. Capital may be gradually increased by industry, skill, and thrift; but it cannot be instantly doubled by a mere legerdemain of redistribution.

The memorialists seem to think it particularly unreasonable, and a manifest proof of vicious legislation, that money should be "plentiful in times of commercial prosperity, and scarce in a time of adversity." Unless we very much underrate the sagacity of the Premier, he will open his eyes wide enough when he comes to this "injurious effect," as it is called, of "the present banking and money laws." In the name of common sense, how can it be otherwise? In this respect there is no difference between an individual and a nation, between one man and a million. What should we say of a man, of Mr. A or Mr. B, if he hunted out the Chancellor of the Exchequer in the country, and thrust into his face as he was mounting his horse a memorial purporting that he, the said Mr. A or Mr. B, had been ruined by the present banking and money laws, through the injurious effect of which he had a great deal of money when he was prosperous, and very little when he was poor? We should set him down for a madman. In this instance, the adversity complained of consists chiefly in the fact that money is scarce. Money is scarce because capital is scarce—not absolutely scarcer than usual, perhaps, but utterly inadequate to the extraordinary amount of pecuniary engagements arising out of the excessive speculation of the last few years. Now, what hocus-pocus within the craft of a Chancellor of the Exchequer can extricate us in a trice from that state of affairs?

A larger circulation is wanted. Who is to make it? Mr. A and Mr. B both want money. Why, anybody can make money. Let Mr. A sit down at his desk, and with pen, ink, and paper manufacture I O U's to the amount of his debts, or the demands of his business. Oh! but his neighbours decline the commodity Well let Mr. A go to Mr. B, and let them try the effect of a joint manufacture. Let them issue a paper coinage, with Mr. A's subscription on the obverse, and Mr. B's on the reverse. The public are still so disloyal as not to receive Messrs. A and B's money into their pockets. Try again; let them go to their bank. There is nothing in "the present banking and money laws of the country" to prevent any bank whatever from lending Mr. A any amount of promissory notes it may please, so long as they are not bank notes, *i.e.* paper money. But people won't take promissory notes unless they are in the shape of money. Well, suppose the laws altered. In that case, when Mr. A wants money he comes to his bank, and in return for bills of exchange, to the amount of a few hundreds or thousands a piece, he receives an equivalent number of neatly engraved tens, fifties, and hundreds, or a credit on the books. Now, as for the credit, the proposed alteration of the laws can only enable country banks to give more credit by giving them more power of issuing notes. We come, then, to the project of increasing the circulation of the country by allowing an increase of notes. But the quantity of notes actually in circulation in this country is very little, if at all, affected by laws. Excepting that the special prohibition of notes for less than £5 does to a certain extent compel the substitution of gold, the use of notes is a matter which depends on personal habits and the conveniences of ordinary business. The circulation of the country is not the seat of the disease. It is the commercial credit of the country that labours. That credit has been burdened with a greater amount of pecuniary engagements than it will bear. It is credit, not money, that Mr. A and Mr. B want, and they cannot get credit because credit is overdone, and is shrinking from its gigantic mass of engagements.

### GERMAN EMIGRATION.

THE *Augsburgh Gazette* extracts from a letter, dated July last, from a German missionary (Pastor Rauschenbasch, from Altona), who had gone over to the German settlements in the United States, in his sacred calling, the following particulars, not uninteresting to emigrants:—

"The Germans (he says) increase here from year to year, so that their number may now be computed at four millions in the United States. The simple reason of that increase is the fact that vast tracts of good land lie still uncultivated in the western states, viz., Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa. The lands belong to the United States government, which sells 40 acres for 50 dollars. He who brings with him 100 dollars can consequently purchase 80 acres, which are, indeed, a tolerably large possession, and which he can form into meadows, fields, and wood. We must, however, not forget that the land, such as you buy it, is uncleared, wild, and waste, being either prairies or primitive forests. The prairies are not so difficult to clear and cultivate; but as they require much wood, the new emigrants prefer settling in the forests, and rather try to clear large tracts of the superabundant trees. They generally select a part that lies on an eminence, to guard against the fever of the climate. They still more prefer land where water is not far off. Having felled the trees, they first build a dwelling for themselves, usually of only one story, and consisting of one single large room, next a smoke-house, to smoke their meat, a granary, stable, &c. All these buildings lie so separated from each other, that at some distance one might suppose that they formed a small village, though the whole belongs, in fact, only to one farm. On the land destined for fields of agriculture, they cannot clear at once all the trees, but they carve, or notch them round below, by means of which the trees perish of themselves, and prove no hinderance, by their shadow, to the seed. It is a curious sight, these dry and leafless trees, to see them standing in the middle of a fine summer in those green fields, full of green corn. But they generally fall down of themselves, or are burnt down. The sort of corn that can safely be sown the first year is maize or Indian corn. In the following years also wheat and oats are sown, but very little rye and barley. People own here all sorts of cattle in abundance, because they require no care of feeding, they being allowed to rove about in the forests and seek their own food. A handful of salt given to them now and then easily accustoms them to return to the farm. It is only in winter that they receive food, but no stabling, so that if the season be severe, many of them, and more especially swine, perish in the cold, which is usually, however, of shorter duration than in Germany. Horses receive more readily stabling, to have them more ready at hand. They are so abundant that you will frequently see a man in rags mounted on his own horse. The great distance the people have frequently to pass, indeed, renders the possession of a horse indispensable. You see them thus both men and women come to church on horseback, and, during the service, the horses stand tied to the trees around the church. There are no villages, but merely settlements, about half a league distant from each other. Neither are there populous cities or towns to be found as in Germany, but very inconsiderable, little, and badly-built places (except Saint Louis), chiefly consisting of shops. There are but very few mechanics. The most indispensable works only are ordered by the regular artisans, such as tailors, shoemakers, smiths, and carpenters; everything else people try to prepare and manufacture for themselves, and the work is of course clumsy

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enough. Wheels for waggons, *ex. g.*, they make from the slices or cuts down of a thick trunk of a tree, while corn barrels are made from a hollow tree, and drinking vessels from pumpkins, of which there grows here a species with such a long stem as to serve exceedingly well for a handle. Trade is mostly carried on here by barter. The tradespeople in the smaller places estimate the production of agriculture and husbandry, such as maize, butter, eggs, &c., at a certain value, and give in exchange clothes, dresses, utensils, coffee, &c. He who wants cash or ready money must carry his productions or cattle to St. Louis. The land is naturally fertile, requires no manuring, and is left fallow for one year after a long series of years of cultivation. There are but few high roads, and these are in the worst condition. The high road from St. Louis to Jefferson (the capital of Missouri) is not so good as the worst byways in Prussia. Trees, which frequently fall across the road, are hardly ever removed, and the traveller must pass by them. There are but few bridges, a circumstance that renders foot travelling almost impracticable, as there are frequently rivers and fords to be crossed which can safely be done only on horseback."

## IRELAND.

### THE ANTI-RENT MOVEMENT.

Dublin, Sept. 17.

THE *King's County Chronicle* continues to report the progress of the movement against rents. If matters proceed at the pace, there will be scarcely any necessity for the legislation shadowed forth in the manifesto of Mr. James Lalor, or such demonstrations as the one which is to assemble, on that gentleman's summons, at Holy-cross, on Sunday next :—

"The tenantry, in many localities in this and the adjoining counties of Tipperary and Galway, continue to repudiate paying their rents; and there cannot be a doubt of the existence of a wide-spread conspiracy, the object of which is to prevent seizures being made. In several places, where there are the slightest grounds for supposing that such means may be resorted to, large bodies of the peasantry assemble by night, and carry off the grain crops and other property of the defaulting tenants. Amongst the many acts of this kind that have been lately committed, the following, which has just occured, will clearly show what are the dispositions of the people as to the payment of their rents, and the extent of the combination which has been entered into to avoid the payment. A landlord in the neighbourhood of Clara having intimated to a tenant in comfortable circumstances, after repeated applications for payment of his rent, that he would enforce it by distress of his property, on the night of the day on which this conversation took place nearly one thousand persons assembled, and cut down and carried away a large quantity of grain crops. While these unlawful acts are nightly increasing, and every fraudulent means is resorted to by the tenantry to defraud the landlords of their rights, the Government are about to enforce the repayment of the advance made to relieve the people during the late famine, notwithstanding the urgent and reasonable appeals that have been made to them by the landlords to postpone the repayment to a future period, as under the present exigencies of the country they are unable to meet the increased taxation. It is quite impossible that these excessive demands can be met. The boards of guardians generally are in a state of bankruptcy. With reference to those in our district, the greater portion of them are heavily in debt. In Nenagh there is not as much in the hands of the treasurer as would purchase a cwt. of oatmeal; large sums are due to the contractors, some of whom have expressed their inability to give further supplies unless their demands are paid. The unions of Tullamore, Roscrea, &c., are in a similar state; and as regards the Parsonstown union, the board is nearly £3000 in debt. A few days since the accounts were made up, and it was found that a sum of £1008 7s. 2d. was due to the bread contractors! The guardians have not a shilling to their credit, and the Provincial Bank refuses to make any advance. A new rate has been made, but no measures have yet been adopted to enforce it; indeed, we fear that the great majority of the ratepayers will be unable to pay it. If the rate is not paid the guardians will be obliged to close the workhouse, and, if such a course has to be adopted, what is to become of the large number of decrepit and infirm creatures who have now no other asylum to seek refuge in? In order that the difficulties may be met some active and vigorous steps must be immediately taken to obtain a loan."

## LETTER FROM A FRENCH GOVERNESS TO AN ENGLISH LADY.

THOUSAND thanks, my dear Miss, for all your goodnesses—I you assure that I feel myself quite obliged by your amiability, so touching and so attendering. How you were good for me procure the situation of instructrice, to the minds tenders of the youth! The childs of Miladi Bull, who are confided to my cares, are of a beauty dazzling, and of a nature extraordinarily drawing-towards. How I am rejoiced, that the cares of the tenderest of the mothers have rendered me capable of to instruct the littles strangers, in every branch of an education exalted; because I feel myself that I speak and write your tongue well as an Englishe.

Helas! my best friend: sometimes I am not capable to repress my anger, at cause of the stupidity of the childs. Yesterday, I could not arrive to make the little Bulls feel any difference for say *dessus* and *dessous*,—which are so unlike as possible. I say—"Ah, how you are beast;" forgetting you tell me that "*comme vous êtes bête*" mean "how you are stupid." Miladi Bull hear me; and flinging herself into an anger frightening. These little Bulls are engaging to marvels; but, as to Miladi, I must open the heart for you in this paper friendly. Miladi Bull is quite unpolished; ill-honest; starch, and not drawing-towards. She me stops from to sing, when she is present; she me defends from to wear some slippers, or some paper curls to the hair; and she me forces of be dressed in great toilette, at eight hours of the morning.

She say that read *cabbage* is in very bad taste; it must say *greens*—at cause of the colour. We had the week last some cabbage, some peas Prussian, and some cabbage flowers. She ask me, "will you some greens?" I look to the colour of the peas Prussian, and say "I should prefer some these *blues*," when she laugh of a manner horribly unpolished, but without me tell that which I say bad. Then I thought she had want of some cabbage flower; and, as I could not say *green blossoms*, I say, "will you some *yellow*, Miladi?" She laugh again to the clatters. I pray you, my dear Miss, to me tell that which I have ill-said.

Before yesterday, I was read the romance Redgauntlet of Walter, (that man of the genius) when Miladi Bull enters; and making the greats eyes, she says "you not read—you mind childs always. Bring me two quills, and the canary. You forget to water the plants." I regard the flowers; see their blossoms tenders quite past from the ardour of the sun, and their heads elegants leaning with the indisposition. I melted all into tears at my negligence. (That Walter is witch.) I pour some water in the souls thirsting and fainting of the flowers; then I look in dictionaries for *quill*. I find "plume"—and run to Sir John. "Have the complaisance, sir, for give me two quills; and say me where is *Canary?*" (Sir John is more honest in his manners, and always says to me "my dear.") He answer,—"My dear, Canary is large island." Helas! what for Miladi make me a ridicule, for me send to carry a large island!

Miladi goes to a large evening yesterday; and while she herself dress, she me send for ribbons for her waist. She not like that which bring; and say at me—"The ribbon shall be watered; and quill this lace on my dress." I take the dress, and think she have want to have it garnished with feathers, as I find quill mean "*plume*." I sew the lace, and add feathers very gentille, and I make ribbon wet with sponge; I think for make it fit close to the waist. Oh, la! she herself threw into an anger frightening; and say at me, that quill mean "*triseau*"—and ribbon watered mean *ribon moire*. The girls—dear make me to see a cat and her littles. I say—"Oh the cat superb, with her littles!—Oh the genteels small beasts!" They ask at me, "what will you say by *her littles?*"—"I wish to say '*ses petits*,' the little childs of the cat, my *loves*." The littles Bull laugh to the tears even; and then say that little cats not named *childs*, nor *gentcels*. Sir John say at me—"My dear, you say *gentille* in French; that is *nice* in English; and my naughty girls laugh, because you say 'genteel small beasts' instead of *nice little animals*."

To-day we expect some world to dinner; and I myself arranged to marvel in a gown rose, and capped in a cap of blue *tendre*, garnished with buttons of roses, and teeth of wolf, and ears of hare in satin. I pass my lady near; and she say at me in anger, "what a dash you cut! You are like a merry Andrew, or Jack Pudding." I pray you, Miss, for tell who are these gentlemen; MM. John Pudding and Andrew, whom she name Gay? also, what she mean by cutting a dash. At dinner she cut a large rosbif; and I say "Miladi, you are good dissecter!"—She laugh, (she always laugh, that woman there,) and say "not dissecter, but *carver*." I do not like her contradict, but I know well that carver will be in French *sculpteur*; so I say only, "thank you, Miladi, I ignoranted that;" and she laugh again.

It was there some of ladies at dinner, who ask of me if I love the music. I say, "Oh yes! I love that dear music to the folly. We had a music charming in the bosom of our family. My sister, oldest, can touch delightfully; my sister, young, pinches of a manner quite extraordinary; and I have a brother, who gives of a style astonishing." The lady clattered with laugh. (Ma foi! the English are all very unpolished.) Then she say, "what you mean by say one *touches*, another *pinches*, and a third *gives*, in speaking of music?" I answer, "we others French say always 'touch the piano, pinch the harp, and give of the horn.' My family are all very strongs." She say, "what for you say very strongs." I tell her, "we French say always very strong musicians, when one plays very well."

Oh, my dear, I you pray me procure an emplacement otherwise. Miladi Bull has put me to the door; and for such little of thing also! Know, dear Miss, that I am of a family very good; and that our house at Paris (like the houses of all the nobles) was called after our name "Hotel de la Roche." When the woman of chambers attached my robe before dinner, I say at her—"Oh! Mary what number infinite of domestics I have seen at the hotel of my Papa!" She laugh (everybody laugh at me, I think;) and she say—"your Papa keep an hotel! Miladi Papa keep an hotel also; very large." Eh! well! at dinner I say, "Miladi, where is the hotel that Mr. your Father keep? and how you call it?" She answer not, and make mien to not hear me; but her neck redded, and I suppose she some person low, and her family have no hotel! After the dinner, come the servant to my chamber and say—"Here is your money Miss! Go directly; as you got into a scrape with Miladi, about the hotel." When that she go, I look into the dictionary for get into a scrape; and all I find is *monter dans un grotier*. So if you find another emplacement for me, say at the same what is "get into a scrape." And believe me always, in the devotion entire and gratitude eternal, of

Your passionately attached
ANASTASIA DE LA ROCHE.

[The expression *laugh to clatters* is, we suppose, a literal rendering of *rire aux eclats;* a phrase commonly used to denote obstreperous laughter. The teeth of wolf, and ears of hare, we leave to the better knowledge of our fair readers. EDS.]

ALLIGATORS AND THEIR ROAR.—The large alligators and caymans are foremost among the inhabitants of the water which prey upon the fishes. There they lie like dry logs of wood at the foot of some cataract, their mouth half open, ready to snatch and swallow what the rapidity of the current should carry down the fall. How frequently have I seen them in that situation while ascending the upper river Berbice, which, beyond all others, seemed to swarm with these horrid monsters! I have already observed how often they tore the fish from our spring-hooks, and carried fish, hook, and line away; and we naturally did not owe them good-will for their stealing propensities, which served as an additional proof to what extent their depredations must be carried. And although abundance of fish during certain seasons prevails in the rivers of the interior, the cayman is, nevertheless, the most covetous of all animals, and envies every other successful fisher. This he gives to understand particularly by angry growls if the line with the captive fish is drawn in, and his attempts to intercept the captured fish before it be drawn on land should have proved successful. While we were encamped at the mouth of the river Rews, or Roiwa, during our last expedition, the afternoon of the 21st of October had passed under thunder and rain; but at the approach of night Nature lulled herself to rest, and only the droppings from the leaves told of the former storm. I was lying sleepless in my hammock, and I watched two Indians who had their lines out to entrap some hungry fish. A *kilbagre*, lured away by the tempting bait, had snapped at it; and the fisherman, acquainted by the stress on his line of his success, drew the unwilling fish towards his canoe, when the roar of a cayman awoke the echo of the woods; and, rushing towards the course with all his might, he recaptured the fish as the astonished Indians were on the point of drawing it in; and with it went the hook and a great portion of the line. At our second night's camp, after we had entered the river Rupunnai, the Indians were likewise fishing; and, whenever a fish was caught and drawn towards the canoe, the caymans commenced such a roar that it baffled description. We distinctly heard that there were three: first one commenced, when the fish that was drawn in began to struggle; and another answered him, until the noise was so great that the Indians, as if in self-defence, and to intimidate the approaching monsters, set up a shout themselves. Indeed, the roaring of the cayman is so strong, that in the still hour of night it may be heard a mile off; and there is something awful and indescribable in it. It is not the tiger's growl, the bull's bellowing, the lion's roar; it is different from all, and really terrific when that sound bursts suddenly upon the ear. I might compare it to the snorting of a frightened horse, if the strength of that snort could be increased ten-no, twentyfold, in effect.—*Schomburgh's Fishers of Guiana.*

A WILD BEAST FIGHT IN OUDE.—We were conducted to a gallery which commanded a view of a narrow court or area beneath, inclosed by walls and palisades. This was the arena in which the spectacle was to take place. Unfortunately, the space allotted to spectators was so narrowed by the great number of European ladies who were present, that we could only find indifferent standing room, where, in addition to this inconvenience, the glare of the sun was very oppressively felt; but the drama which began to be acted in our sight, in the deep space below, was such that every discomfort was forgotten in beholding it. We there beheld six mighty buffaloes, not of the tame species, but the sturdy offspring of the Arni-buffalo of the hill country, at least four feet and a half high from the ground to the withers, with enormous widely-spread horns, several feet long. There they stood on their short clumsy hoofs, and, snorting violently, blew out their angry breath from their protruded muzzles, as if they were already aware of the nearly approaching danger. What terrible powerful brutes—what vast strength in their broad and brawny necks. It would have been a noble sight had not their eyes the while expressed such entire stupidity. A rattling of sticks and the cries of several kinds of bestial voices were heard, to which the buffaloes replied with a deep bellowing. On a sudden, from an opened door, there darted forth a huge tiger, certainly from ten to eleven feet in length and four feet in height. Without much hesitation he sprang with a single long bound right amidst the buffaloes, one of which, winding his body out of the reach of the formidable horns, he seized by the neck with both claws and teeth at once. The weight of the tiger almost overthrew the buffalo. A hideous combat now takes place. Groaning and bellowing the buffalo dragged his powerful assailant up and down the arena; while the others, with their heavy, pointed horns, dealt the tiger fearful gashes to liberate their fellow-beast. A deep stillness reigned amongst the public; all the spectators awaited with eager suspense the issue of this contest between the tiger and the buffaloes; as well as the fate of some unfortunate asses; which latter, to increase the sport, being made perforce witnesses of the sanguinary action, at first looking down upon it from their poles with inexpressible horror, and afterwards, when their supports were shaken by the butting of the buffaloes, fell to the ground as if dead, and, with out-stretched limbs, lay expecting their fate with the greatest resignation, without making a single effort to save themselves. Two other tigers, of somewhat less stature, were now, with great difficulty, driven in, while the main struggle was still going forward. But no efforts could induce them to attempt an attack of any kind; they shrank down like cats, crouching as closely as possible to the walls of the enclosures, whenever the buffaloes, who still continued, however, to butt at their enemy with the utmost desperation, approached them. The great tiger had at last received a push in the ribs which lifted him from his seat. He came tumbling down, and crawled like a craven into a corner, whither he was pursued by the buffalo, maddened by the pain of his lacerated neck, and there had to endure many thrusts with the horns, at each of which he only drew up his mouth with a grimace of pain, without making the smallest motion to ward off the attack.—*Hoffmeister's Letters from the East Indies.*

A DECAYED TOWN IN NOVA SCOTIA.—As far as Shelburne, all was progressive or rapid improvement, but that unfortunate town was in ruins. It arose in the wilderness like a work of magic, but had hardly been erected before it was in a state of decay. Twelve or fourteen thousand emigrant loyalists from New York sought shelter in this remote place, at the close of the war of rebellion, in the year 1784, and built a large, commodious, and beautiful wooden town, at the head of the magnificent harbour of Roseway. In their haste or their necessity, they overlooked the fact that a town requires a country to support it, unless a trade that has grown with its growth supplies its want upon equal terms. Remote from the other settlements of the province, surrounded by a trackless forest that covers a poor and stony soil, situated too far from the entrance of the harbour to reap the advantages of the fishing-grounds, and filled with a population unaccustomed to the mode and unequal to the fatigues of settling in a wilderness, it was impossible that a town so constituted could long exist. Some returned penniless and destitute to their native land, others removed to various parts of Nova Scotia, and the grave-yard, from year to year, received great numbers of those who were left behind, to mourn, with broken hearts over their ruined fortunes, their hopeless and helpless condition, and their dreary exile. When I had last seen it, the houses were still standing, though untenanted. It had all the stillness and quiet of a moonlight scene. It was difficult to imagine it was deserted. The idea of repose more readily suggested itself than decay. All was new and recent. Seclusion, and not death or removal, appeared to be the cause of the absence of inhabitants. But now the houses, which had been originally built of wood, had severally disappeared. Some had been taken to pieces, and removed to Halifax or St. Johns, others had been converted into fuel, and the rest had fallen a prey to neglect and decomposition. The chimneys stood up erect, and marked the spot round which the social circle had assembled, and the blackened fire-places, ranged one above another, bespoke the size of the tenement and the means of its owner. In some places, they had sunk with the edifice, leaving a heap of ruins; while not a few were inclining to their fall, and awaiting the first storm to repose again in the dust that now covered those who had constructed them. Hundreds of cellars, with their stone walls and granite partitions, were everywhere to be seen, like uncovered monuments of the dead. Time and decay had done their work. All that was perishable had perished, and those numerous vaults spoke of a generation that had passed away for ever, and, without the aid of an inscription, told a tale of sorrow and a sadness that overpowered the heart. A few houses had recently been erected, and a very few of the old had been snatched from decay and repaired; but of the thousands of inhabitants this town once contained, four or five survivors alone remained, and the entire population did not exceed two thousand souls. They were all attached to the place, and spoke confidently of its revival, fondly of its noble harbour, and proudly of its former prosperity.—*Fraser's Magazine.*

## ODDS AND ENDS

*(From late European papers.)*

THE citizens of Bologna have just organised an immense factory for flax spinning, indignant at the so many thousand tons of raw commodity being exported and returned to them from Belgium and elsewhere in tissues of every sort.—At the annual synod of the bishops of the Episcopal Church in Scotland, the election of the Reverend Alexander Ewing, of Ferres, to the Bishopric of Argyll and the Isles, was confirmed by the right rev. prelates.—The extensive tract of wild heath, in Lancashire, known by the name of Tarleton Moss, is gradually being brought into a state of cultivation, and now exhibits a surface studded with rural dwellings, surrounded by heavy crops of corn and potatoes. In a very few years the heath and grouse will have entirely disappeared, and the land will be contributing its quota of food towards the human support.—A Cottager's Pig Assurance Society has been established at Hereford, for the purpose of protecting the industrious cottager from loss by disease or accident happening to his pig.—The *Harmaceutical Times* recommends a subscriber, who describes the torture to which he and his family have been subjected by a legion of fleas, to cover himself and family with coal tar.—The four Irish representative peers for the session 1847-8 are, the Archbishop of Armagh and Tuam, the Bishop of Kilaloe and Clonfert, the Bishop of Kilmore, Ardagh, and Elphin, and the Bishop of Clogher.—Alderman Thomas Wood has signified that it is not his intention to contest the return of Alderman Hooper, as the next in rotation to serve the office of Lord Mayor. The reason of this determination is the bad health of the wife of Alderman Wood.—A rag and bone dealer, at Shrewsbury, in a railway compensation case heard last week, declared that he did business to the amount of £1000 a week.—A letter from Vienna, of the 2nd instant, mentions a report that Baron S. de Rothschild had obtained permission from the government to found a *majorat* for his family. No such privilege had ever before been accorded to a member of the Jewish religion.—"A Ratepayer," in a letter to the *Manchester Guardian*, states, that in one hour last Saturday, thirty-one beggars called at his door—in the course of the day 134.—There is a Quaker gentleman residing at Clapham, who is so averse to capital punishment, that he cannot be persuaded to wear suspenders to his inexpressibles.—Tom Thumb is said to be building a splendid mansion in Connecticut, with the view of retiring from public life.—Colonel Sir Archibald Christie, governor of Stirling Castle, is just dead, after fifty-four years of service in the army.—The late Mrs. Meriva'e, of Rudge, Devonshire, has left £2000 to four religious socities connected with the Church of England.—Mr. Andrew Dalziel, one of the eight gentlemen who originated the Anti-Corn Law League, died lately in indigent circumstances.—The chief of the Scotch clan Macnab has lately emigrated to Canada, with a hundred clansmen. On arriving at Toronto, he called on his newly illustrious namesake, Sir Allan, and left his card as "*The* Macnab." Sir Allan returned his visit, leaving his card as "The *other* Macnab."—The late King of Denmark is said to have ordered horse flesh to be served at his own table, in the hope that his example might help to overcome the prejudice which is entertained against it as an article of human food.—An American paper states that several boats are now employed off the coast of Nantucket in fishing for sharks, which yield a considerable quantity of oil, and the carcases are afterwards used as manure.—At a late dinner of a provincial Law Society, the president called upon the senior solicitor present to give as a toast the person whom he considered the best friend of the profession. "Then," responded the aly old fox, "I'll give you *The man who makes his own will.*"—A person inquiring at one of the North Railway stations what time the 7·45 train would start, was sharply answered, at a quarter to eight. "God bless me," exclaimed the inquirer, "you are always changing the time on this line."

*Printed and Published by* CHARLES KEMP *and* JOHN FAIRFAX, *at the* Morning Herald Printing Office, *Lower George-street, Sydney, New South Wales, Saturday, January 22, 1848.*

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